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IMPORTANT TO THE PUBLIC.

THE TRUTH SPEAKS FOR ITSELF.

The following appeared in the New-York Express:

SCIENCE, SKILL AND GREAT EXPERIENCE CAN DO MUCH TO RESTORE A SHATTERED BODY.

Another very serious case has just come before our notice, to which we beg to draw public attention. Mr. Gardner, a gentleman well-known and highly esteemed, of Fulton, Fulton County, N. Y., has been wasting literally away for the last few years, from Catarrhal Consumption, which produced complete deafness. He himself, as well as his wife, stated that for the last ten years, he had not been able to keep a morsel of food on his stomach, nor to enjoy a single complete night's rest. Perspiration continually stood on his body, as if he were in a vapor bath, being feverish, alternating with a slight chill, characterized by pain in the right side, extending to the point of the shoulder; also a sharp pain of the collar-bone, pain on the right side, particularly causing an uneasy sensation when lying on it, as well as a difficulty in respirating, felt great thirst, his tongue was dry and covered with a white fur; great giddiness and swimming in his head—in fact he complained of general weakness and disliked movement or exercise, great headache, flatulence, belching, with acid taste in the mouth and throat; he complained of a constant oppression of fullness, and at last his mind showed symptoms of being affected. He also labored under almost complete deafness, and existence became to him a torture. He felt himself wasting away with weakness. As a matter of course, he consulted many physicians of repute, both general practitioners and those practicing specialties, and still he continued to sink; and, as his wife says, after reading the case of consumption in our columns, she and their friends concluded that they could do no better than to apply to the same eminent physician, Dr. Von Eisenberg, one of our practitioners, whose heart is devoted to the cause of suffering humanity. As all hopes of Mr. Gardner's recovery had been given up, there being but little risk, and as a last resource, the husband, wife and friends came to New-York, and called at the Doctor's office, No. 816 Broadway. So much was his nervous system affected, that when he was placed in the examination chair, his countenance seemed to change. A convulsive spasm passed over it, and in a minute or so he seemed to recover, and exclaimed, "Oh, Doctor, you hurt me very much!" although all this time the Doctor had not approached him. After a careful diagnosis with Dr. Von Eisenberg's usual skill and experience, and after an attentive and patient examination of the history and existing symptoms, the Doctor gave it as his opinion that Mr. Gardner had been suffering from laryngeal phthisis, complicated with dry catarrh; that his deafness arose from the disordered condition of the throat, and in the sympathetic condition between the nerves of the throat and those of the auditory organ. By a minute auscultatory examination of the lungs and larynx, he said that pulmonary phthisis may be present, with the usual exciting causes of inflammation and its consequences. Extending to the digestive organs by sympathy and continuity from the pulmonary and digestive mucous surface furnishes many indications, giving rise to heart-burn and acrid eructations, which produce profuse sweating, cough, purulent expectorations. This complication commenced with a dyspeptic character, assuming a severe form, and has been attended by nausea, pain, tenderness, a sense of heat, or burning pain. In fact the Doctor said that in such complicated cases, the commonest catarrh generally appears under a more febrile form, and when it unfortunately affects one of a consumptive tendency, it is the exciting cause of a galloping decay. A failure of health and strength has been gradually coming on with a loss of appetite.

After candidly giving his opinion of Mr. Gardner's case, Dr. Von Eisenberg immediately declined to undertake it, piqued perhaps that an individual in the very last stage of consumption should only then seek his aid, after all others had failed—besides really seeing himself that Mr. Gardner had but little chance of recovery. Mrs. Gardner entreated the Doctor to undertake the treatment of her husband, convinced as she said she was, that at least he might receive temporary relief at his hands; this being joined with the warm solicitations of the poor patient himself, Dr. Von Eisenberg yielded, and resolved to do all in his power to alleviate the sufferings of a fellow creature.

He thereupon gave his entire attention to the lamentable case. The first subject which suggested itself to the Doctor was the consideration of using the best means to restore the sense of hearing which he thought must naturally depress Mr. Gardner's spirits by the gloom which deafness always throws over the mind. Wonderful to relate, by a single application of the Doctor's Æsthetico-Neuralgicon, Mr. Gardner actually heard not only the Doctor's voice but the distant rumbling of the traffic in the streets. He seemed to feel a new joy, and for the first time for several years, his face became illumined with a grateful smile which seemed like a gleam of sunshine. From that time the Doctor used every energy to restore his patient to perfect health. The success now came which was so soon to reward his earnest efforts and establish the fact which it gives us the greatest pleasure and satisfaction to publish, that Dr. Von Eisenberg had thus with infinite skill combatted and conquered one of the most difficult and complicated cases that ever came under the treatment of any physician.

It is needless to dwell upon the treatment of this case. Suffice it to say, that in a month from the time of Dr. Von Eisenberg's undertaking the case, Mr. Gardner returned an entirely changed man, and enjoying great health and pleasant spirits. He came to thank the Doctor for his unremitting attention, and repeated over and over again how to his treatment he should ever be indebted for his *new life*, as he called it. But we will say no more, and can but observe in the words of another, "There is the subject let him speak for himself."

NEWS FROM MEXICO.

A Messenger from Napoleon to Maximilian

Proposal for an Arrangement to Withdraw the French Troops.

Maximilian is Willing They Should Go at Once.

Review of the French Troops by Marshal Bazaine.

The Confederate Settlements and How They are Progressing.

A New Finance Minister to be Appointed.

The Military Situation and Latest Army News.

The steamship *Manhattan*, Capt. Deaken from Vera Cruz March 9, and from Havana 15th, arrived here last night with merchandise and passengers to Chas. A. Whitney. 15th inst., 8 miles south of Havana, saw United States steamer *Paul Jones* going in. Have had stormy weather, with heavy seas and head winds all the passage. Made the run from Havana in 4 days and 13 hours.

Among the passengers from Havana was Baron Edward Saillard, (supposed) Commissioner from Napoleon to Maximilian, relative to French withdrawal from Mexico.

There is no news of importance.

Left at Havana steamer *Morning Star*, for New-York, 16th. Freights $1 50 per box per steamer; Tobacco, $1 12½ per bale.

A note dated Havana March 15, says that advices from Vera Cruz to the 6th inst., and from the City of Mexico to the 1st inst. have been received. The Belgian Minister, while riding in a diligence, was shot in the head and killed.

The *Manhattan* brings $62,000 in specie from Vera Cruz.

Return of Mexicans to the City of Mexico—Incidental Execution on the Road—Thieves or Guerrillas Find it Hot in the Terra Caliente—Death of M. Langlais, the Financial Agent of Napoleon—The Foreign Legion intended to Take the Place of the French Troops—Will Maximilian Have Napoleonic Pluck?

From Our Own Correspondent.

Mexico, Wednesday, Feb. 28, 1866.

Once more we are breathing the fresh, invigorating air of Mexico. Decidedly, the high attitude of the Imperial city agrees with us better than the suffocating, heated atmosphere of the Tierra Caliente. One incident—and that hardly worth mentioning, on account of the frequency of such occurrences—may be briefly alluded to. A few weeks before our trip down to Vera Cruz, the Potrero, a rich hacienda, situated a little below Cordova, had been invaded at night by a number of ruffians. They had taken everything that could be carried away, after outraging the inhabitants. The Turcos soon scented the track of the thieves, and several were caught. A summary court-martial, soon settles the worldly account of the convicted. Although tried at Vera Cruz, they are executed at La Soledad. On the same train with us, two gen d'armes, had charge of one of these fellows. It was four o'clock in the afterooon, and he was to die the next day. We tried in vain to read something of his fate, on the features of the rather handsome young man. He puffed his cigaretto with as much gusto and indifference as every other native around him. But we were to have the view of a real execution.

We stopped at the Potrero to allow our horses to breathe, and our friends to wash down a little of the dust parching their dry throats. A few days previous one of our company had been assaulted on the road, and his watch stolen from him. A sergeant, accompanied by a few soldiers leading a very young half-breed, made his way toward us. Addressing himself to the passenger who had been robbed he inquired if he could identify, in the young prisoner, one of his assailants. Upon his reply in the affirmative the party withdrew a few steps, the rifles were primed, and down went the completely indifferent thief. One of the legs kept nervously drawing up, but the muzzle of a reserved carbine was applied to the eye and both legs stretched, and that was all.

The thieves or guerrillas begin to have a hard life of it in the Turra Caliente. Not only the Imperialists, but the Liberals also hunt them up, and shoot them at sight. Garcia, a Liberal chief, who holds a small seaport of which I do not recall the name, has destroyed a great many within the last few weeks; I have heard, seventeen in one day. Indeed the thieves belong to no party.

The first news we heard, on our return to the city, was the death of Mr. Langlais. As I intimated a few weeks ago, Mr. Langlais was a distinguished and self-made man, who had been sent here by Napoleon to regulate the finances of the Empire. The work is a hard one, and Mr. Langlais was 60 years old, and it seems had never before breathed any other air than the healthful breezes of his beautiful France. Moreover, the ciphering of the financial missionary had been subjected to all sorts of vexatious quizzes at the hands of unwilling Mexican officials, and, it seems, the Emperor himself. The nervous constitution of the distinguished old Frenchman could not stand it, and he died in harness, and his remains are now on their way to France. Of course all sorts of rumors prevailed; old fogies whispered prison, but an autopsy has proved their falsity. Fate seems to be contrary to French financiers in Mexico. The first went away without accomplishing anything. The second left, some say carrying away some of the Imperial tin. The third was taken back crazy, and the last, Mr. Langlais, was carried away a corpse. The sudden demise of Mr. Langlais is very much regretted by all. It is a sad disappointment to those who had founded great hopes upon his energy, ability and integrity. We, of course, felt confidence in all these, but must confess that we did not expect much from Mr. Langlais' hard work. A man may be an able financier in France and prove a very unsuccessful one in Mexico. The fact is, the French do not seem to carry away from home their admirable power of organization which makes of France perhaps the best administered country in the world. The reason seems to be that they do not understand that what does well in France may, very probably, prove a failure in Mexico or any other country on this continent. Is it not strange, that not one of the talented men imported here from France seems to have the least idea that they have a model in the United States. True to their prejudices, they discuss and deny what is patent to all who have sojourned among us, viz.: the means that have made the United States of America the most prosperous country on the globe. Yet it does not seem to cross their minds, that what makes the United States prosperous may also awaken Mexico to life and prosperity.

The speech of Napoleon is not interpreted here as in the United States. Judging by the articles contained in the several newspapers that have fallen into our hands, (by the way, though, that much-abused and calumniated Mexican Express Company,) the people in the United States are rejoicing over the easy victory they have now over the ruler of France. They take the Imperial word for the deed. I am afraid we are exaggerating our triumph, as we have exaggerated the insult offered to us by the French intervention in Mexico. We here do not see that the French troops are going to leave. We do not see how they can leave, unless Brother Jonathan steps into the shoes of Johnny Crapaud. In a word, here in the City of Mexico, many people of all nations think that the shrewd Nephew of his Uncle has simply given a small bone to gnaw to the Opposition in France. Mark this, we do not intimate that Napoleon would not like to take his troops away. We firmly believe him just as anxious as any one of his subjects to have himself extricated from the American continent. Every French soldier here, with the exception of the Marshal, will bless the day that shall bring the order for their recall. The question is, simply, how to do it? Yes, how to do it with honor safe, is the great question at the Tuileries.

According to his speech, Napoleon is trying to make arrangements with Maximilian. But Maximilian does not care for any arrangement. A messenger from his cousin, of France, arrived here a few days ago. His dispatches, it is said, were delivered verbally. They consisted in these very few words: "The Emperor Napoleon, my master, wishes to come to some understanding for the withdrawal of his army." The answer was as short as unexpected. "Let the Emperor Napoleon withdraw his troops; the sooner the better." This was a poser, and Mr. Saillard is likely to go back with a flea that he will transmit to the ear of his master. Strange as it may seem in the United States, Maximilian considers himself same among the Mexican people. He is persuaded that the withdrawal of the French troops would not imply his return to Miramer. All this is not official, but it comes to us from people generally well posted.

More troops of the foreign legion are constantly arriving. The plan seems to be to bring enough to take the place of the French army. They are composed of Belgians, Austrians and French. We doubt whether they would be of much service, the regular French troops once gone. If Maximilian maintains himself on the throne without the French, it will be owing to the good pleasure of the Mexicans. Nobody considers the Austrians here of any material value, by themselves. Indeed, the Mexicans do not seem to mind them much.

Now, if Maximilian be a man of pluck, as he is a hard worker, and at least a theoretical lover of liberty, he will play head or tail, let the French go, and trust to the Mexicans. Indeed, we should not be at all surprised if the Mexicans kept well gathered around him. But we repeat it, such a step requires Napoleonic pluck, and we do not know that Maximilian has it.

MEXICANO.

A Review of the French Troops—Rich Placers Discovered—Departure for the Diggings—Landing of Confederate Immigrants—Prospects of the Colony—Maury Played Out—Mr. Saillard on His Way Back to France—Will Napoleon Ever Know the Truth?—Mexico Beginning to Progress.

From Our Own Correspondent.

Mexico, Saturday, March 3, 1866.

On Sunday last Marshal Bazaine reviewed about two thousand of his troops—a fine body of men—sleek and clean and alert. Indeed, no wonder that the Mexican Liberals fear the sight of the red trousers. These sharp and shining bayonets look as if every button-hole resulting from their use might let a dangerous sunshine through a fellow. The review took place on the track of the Arabeo Railroad. At the moment of the defile, a train loaded with hundreds of passengers came along. What does Bazaine care for hundreds of people being stopped in their journey, to satisfy a whim of his marshalship. The train was stopped.

The result was that the whole day all the service of that railroad was disordered, to the great discomfort of thousands of people. This is characteristic of the man who comes to civilize the Mexcans. No wonder that he is unpopular among the people and his own soldiers. How long will Napoleon allow himself to be humbugged by Marshal Bazaine? This is a question constantly asked here.

At last some placers have been discovered in the State of Michoncan. Considerable fuss is made about it. A company of adventurous fellows is being organized to go to the new diggings. The Government, it seems, has promised thirty dollars to every member of the association, to help to defray the expenses of the trip. Should the placers prove a reality, we look out for a large and useful immigration. A Californian, the leader of the expedition, promises to keep us well posted as to the success or failure of the trip.

Another arrival of five hundred emigrants, disgusted members of the late Confederacy, is announced at Vera Cruz. The leaders of this movement predict the arrival of at least twenty thousand more. That is, provided the members of the first batch are not disappointed.

During our last trip we visited some of the plantations, which united from what is called here the American Colony. The situation is magnificent, but the heat is very great, and every new-comer has to pay a tribute to the intermittent fever. Much land has been claimed and marked, but by a bogus settler. That is, the few on the spot have claimed the best land for themselves and their friends yet to arrive. Maury has actually given all the best land to his son. So there is a great deal of dissatisfaction all round. At last Maury has found his level. There is but one opinion about him here. The Emperor, his master, the Ministers, the Mexicans in general, the French authorities, and his brother Confederates, consider him a humbug of the first water. He seems at last to take the plain hints that have been thrown out at him, and he is going to leave for Europe.

Of all the plantations attempted so far, that only of Gen. Shelby, seems to be on a fair way to success. Of course, he had to invest considerably. In a year or two the income of the enterprising General will be a splendid one. There can be no doubt that for those who have energy and a small capital, the fertile lands about Codova, must of necessity prove a source of wealth.

The rapidity of the growth of cotton, sugar, corn, is something marvellous. Still, let those who come here to settle be well prepared for two or three years' hard work. The clearing of the prolific under-brush and keeping it from overrunning the crops, is of itself not to be accomplished without considerable activity.

While we are about it, we may as well tell how the Confederates came to captivate Imperial favor here. The Emperor was absent; there were two or three hundred of them in the City of Mexico, all clamorous for employ, and perhaps bread. The Empress, who represents here everything retrograde, and who had always sympathized with the Confederacy, was appealed to. She put her foot in, and actually believed all that the great generals promised. They were to bring the whole people of the late Confederacy here. The only thing they wanted was a little of the Impersal pap. A few of them, such as Maury and Magruder, got the pap and kept it for themselves. Maury has money now to go to Europe, and honor with his patronage the gambling tables of Baden-Baden. As to the Empress, she has been disappointed, and is sorry. As to the other Confederates, they consider themselves as having been swindled, not by Maximilian, but by Maury & Co. We should not, however, be surprised if a certain number of the Southern families were to settle, and that to great advantage, round Cordova. In fact, we feel certain that the plucky and working ones will soon realize handsome fortunes.

We have just learned that Mr. Saillard, who had brought verbal dispatches to Maximilian, is on his way back to France. Everybody wonders whether Mr. Saillard will tell something of the truth to Napoleon. Many have been sent here, all of whom have enjoyed official dinners, have traveled back and forth from this city of Mexico, to Vera Cruz, surrounded by a good guard, and then have returned with a voluminous and flourishing report to the Tuileries. These reports have every page, every time, and almost every word, been contrary to the plain truth. The shrewd Napoleon has allowed himself to be deceived so far. How long will it last? What will become of the heads of the fat fellows who have combined talents to humbug their over-confident master? *Quiem sate?*

Let me finish, however, by a consoling sentence. Mexico is at last awaking and beginning to step in the way of progress. True enough the wheels are old-fashioned, and their creaking and groaning indicate that they still need greasing. They begin to turn, however.

MEXICANO.

Movements of Steamers—Notice of the Late Minister of Finance—Change in the Cabinet—Conspicuous Confederates and What they are Doing—Emigration Schemes—Military Affairs—Marshal Bazaine Has a Son—Express Companies.

From Our Own Correspondent.

City of Mexico, Monday, Mach 5, 1866.

The English steamer *Elder*, due at Vera Cruz on the 27th ult., did not arrive there until the 3d inst. She was to have sailed for England on the 2d inst., carrying the English and French mails, also mail for the United States by way of Havana. Now the latter will be placed on board the American and Mexican mail steamer *Manhattan* among that which leaves here to-day by the extraordinary mail for the later steamer, and will leave Vera Cruz full as soon as the *Eder*, which has to visit Tampico, and return to Vera Cruz before sailing for Europe.

In my letter to the Times dated Feb. 28, and intended to reach you via Havana, five days in advance of the *Manhattan*, I gave you the particulars of the very sudden death of M. Langlais, who has been at the head of Maximilian's treasure bureau since December last. He died very suddenly Friday evening, 23d ult. M. Langlais was born in Mamers, in the Department of Sarthe, France, the 27th of February, 1810, consequently lacked only four days of being 55 years of age. The funeral took place on the 27th ult., the day he would have been 55. The ceremonies at the Great Cathedral were grand and imposing. After the funeral the body was sent en route to Vera Cruz, escorted by French and Mexican soldiers.

In the judgment of Napoleon III. the deceased was one of the ablest financiers in France. He had began the work which his Emperor had sent him to do, and by bold strokes at the outset demonstrated very clearly to the miserable native financiers of Mexico that their Government had been lost to themselves more by their egotism and bad systems of finance than by other means. He had abolished the silly and ruinous system of Interior Custom-houses, which were and always have been the centres of corruption, beneficial only to the thousands of employees necessary to keep the system at work. This stroke not only reduced the expenses of the Government but them upon the market several millions of desirable property. He also, as his budget will show, reduced the salary of every Government officer from Maximilian down to Government clerks. He thus went at the root of the work before him. By great personal effort and self-denial he concluded and dispatched his budget by the last French steamer. When made public we no doubt shall see of the causes of the chronic disorders that have raged in Mexico during the day of their independence.

Though he came directly from the Court of Napoleon, no man in Mexico, excepting the Emperor and Don Luis Robles, Minister of Interior, has displayed in a practical way their friendliness and respect to the United States, Americans and American enterprises. The American and Mexican Mail Steamship Company are indebted to him for concessions, and for subsidies which doubtless could not have been secured without the aid he gave. To him Capt. E. W. Turner, of the *Manhattan*, who has been here as agent for the Company, owes his speedy accomplishment of his commission, and the Captain readily grants the truth of the above. Reviewing the life of the deceased only as connected with Mexico, one must be contrary indeed who could not concede to him wonderful talent as a financier, and great physical and mental capacity. By one stroke alone he saved this Government an expenditure of $3,500,000, and placed property at its disposal valued at $15,000,000 and upwand. It was an institution of the aristocracy and one of their pet schemes.

The Emperor has inferred that on account of the vacancy in his Cabinet made by the death of M. Langlais, his Financial Minister, there will be some change shortly made. It is a current rumor that Don Luis Arroyo, now in New-York, will be returned as Consul-General at New-York, until the United States recognizes the Empires, when he will be made Minister Plenipotentiary to Washington, and that Castillo, now Minister of Foreign Affairs, will go to the Court of St. James.

M. F. Maury left for Vera Cruz last Monday morning to take the English steamer for England. Some of his friends here alleged that he has accepted a proposition made him by the Atlantic Cable Company to superintend the next effort to be made to lay the cable. Others say he has gone to secure the £80,000 said to have been raised among scientific people in Europe to present him.

Henry W. Allen, who has edited the Mexican *Times* since its *debut*, left last Thursday for Paris. He will visit Cordova and the new American settlement called Carlota, after the Empress, and then proceed to Paris by the new French steamer *Panama*, which leaves Vera Cruz for San Nazarine, *via* Havana and St. Thomas, on the 13th inst.

Gen. Jas. E. Slaughter and Capt. Price, son of Sterling Price, of Missouri, more lately Major-General in the Confederate States Army, are running a steam saw-mill between Orizava and Cordova.

Gens. Hindman, Hardeman, Watson, and Cols. Green, Whaley, Fox and Roberts, leave for Cordova in the morning.

Leadbetter is still at Saltillo.

Dr. E. F. Kavanaugh, of the Confederate States Army, died at the San Carlos Hotel on the 28th ult. Deceased was a Missourian and a graduate of the St. Louis Medical College. He was buried by his self-expatriated and exile comrades in the *Strangers Cemetery*, a lovely spot of ground not far from where Cortes once sat to view the beautiful Valley of Mexico. The Cemetery is under the control of our Consulate, and was purchased by contributions of American citizens living in Mexico.

Emigration is just at present a very popular excitement. Several companies, with grand ideal capitals, have lately been organized. Some are real, others are as superficial as many of the oil speculations of 1864. Among the latter are the American and Mexican Emigrant Company, the Asiatic Colonization Company, and Maury, Magruder & Co.'s Company. The first-named Company are endeavoring, on the *oil plan*, to make a good thing out of it. The land they have for sale is owned by a native. There are some 170 square leagues, portions of it cultivatable, and all generally unhealthy.

The Asiatic Colonization Company have no land, but propose to raise a capital of $2,000,000 by subscriptions. Maury, Magruder & Co. possess only that talent which is employed in writing and publishing invitations for people from everywhere to come to Mexico and find no land at their disposition after their arrival.

Shelby Price, Judge Perkins, Green, and others, have purchased land between Patrero and Cordova, and have gone to work to clear it. They, as all others who have capital, will do well. Two crops a year of cotton, sugar, coffee, tobacco, corn and vanilla can be raised in this region. Those who come and are rich will unquestionably multiply their wealth very fast. Those who come and are poor will see dark and misery and absolute hunger and suffering.

The Mexican Mining and Colonization Company is the only reliable organization that has yet started. We know that this Company not only has a large paid-in capital, but that they have millions of acres of some of the best tillable land on the Continent. After the organization obtains the implements for mining and for cultivating the land, and has them ready for emigrants when they arrive, they will issue their prospectus—when they do those who aint a visit to the lands of Montzuma can only rely upon being received as they agree to welcome them. Until this or some other reliable company are thoroughly prepared to supply lads with *bona fide* titles, implements, &c., those who are without means are many times better off in any land where bandits do not take your harvesting, and highway robbery is not of daily occurrence.

In Mexico, at present, the settler is subjected to all of the inconveniences that the early settlers on our Indian frontiers were. Each settlement must resolve itself into an organized body, possess arms, drill and fight. We are doubly anxious for Americans and English emigrants to come to Mexico. All of our financial interests are here, and every arrival from any but a Latin country, is an acquisition to Mexico. Mexicans are corrupted, ignorant, unfit in all respects to make or execute wholesome laws. The priesthood is a libel on religion; a body of instructors who belittle the natives, and educate them to place all reliance on their rites; so foolish that witchcraft seems a wise belief in comparison. The priests of Mexico have held full sway for 350 years, and many of the inhabitants have grown up as beasts, under the shadow of their crosses.

When the philanthropic societies of the United States take a portion of the interest that they now use to enlighten the nude wanderer among the wild cane-fields of the Upper Nile in Egypt, to do good to the uneducated, half-naked and half-famished people under the shadow of their very roofs, then Mexico will advance toward civilization. Now, with the exception of a few large towns, there are do Christian wants, no Christian tastes. Nor will there be, until one or two or more from the ship-loads of missionaries who are annually sent thousands of miles away, are directed on a mission to do good, and elevate our neighbor near at home. We believe that some way will open out of the present contention of civilized savages and Christian pagans in this land, that will place it on a high road to improvement and position among the nations of the earth. To hope that it will ever be done without the aid of the Anglo Saxon race, is hoping against hope.

So unreliable are all the rumors that it is with great difficulty that one can glean from the whole a consistent and unbiased view of the situation. We are too well acquainted with the Spanish-American character to believe *anything* that one of Maximilian's Imperial Mexican military commanders report, or that is proclaimed by any political prefect. If the former wrote his report on the retreat it would represent him pursuing the enemy, entirely routing his command, all his supplies captured, and his force entirely disorganized. It is of little difference to him how the battle is fought, or who wins, only give him an opportunity to blazon his name, and the result will invariably be a triumph as long as his carcass is safe.

We do not believe all these reports made by Republican warriors either. We know that even now unimportant questions are occupying the Liberal commands. Juarez has displayed a Spanish Americans true character, so also is Ortega. Instead of being united as a brave people should be there are now divisions in their camps, which, if demonstrating no other fact, clearly prove that Mexicans are unworthy the beautiful land called Mexico, that self-government is not a characteristic of their blood, but that civil war, feudalism and bandit strifes afford them their choicest

The Political Prefect of Oajaca sends a dispatch to the Minister of War, announcing the occupation of Jamiltepec in that department.

Don B. Beltran, Prefect of Flaxcala, reassures the Government of the continued peace and prosperity of the District of Flaxcala.

The people of the Department of Tulancingo, and especially San Martin, though never subdued, have sent a Commissioner to give in their adhesion to the Empire. The population of the department is 266,678. San Martin is the second town. Tulancingo is the capital. The department is a subdivision of the State of Mexico.

Another engagement has taken place in Michoacan. Gen. Mendez, in command of the Imperial forces, had routed the Liberal detachment sent out by Regules from his main force, and captured 400 prisoners, which he retreated with into Moulia.

Capt. Viazca and a small body of Liberals in San Luis Potosi were dispersed, after an engagement of an hour, by a portion of Gen. Donay's command on the 12th ult., near Parras.

The Political Prefect of Morelia, capital of the State of Michoncan, reports a disaster to the Imperial arms in that State. The Liberals, under command of Pedro Ruiz Dario Albati, took the town of Wimbo, with its garrison. It is not necessary to add that all the Imperial soldiers were shot, such being the truth, and it applies to all captures by either side.

Later 11:30 A. M., March 5, 1866.—Madam Marshall Bazaine, wife of the Commander-in-Chief of Napoleon's forces in Mexico, was delivered of a male child last night. The young Mexican wife of the Marshall has been very ill for several weeks. Hopes are now entertained that she will speedily recover after the Franco-Mejicana delivery. She is scarcely 22 years of age, and once was the belle of the Republican Capital.

After considerable delay Messrs. Lloyd and Keeling have succeeded in obtaining the same concession as that given to De Courcillon several months since. That is the grant to have a special Custom-house officer, whose sole business shall be to examine whatever goods are brought into the country through the express at the place of destination, without any examination or detention at seaport towns.

Messrs. Lloyd and Keeeing having abundant capital, and the right of way over the Vera Cruz and Mexico Railroad, shuts out De Courcillon's Company altogether.

HAVANA.

A Slaver Captured—Horrible Condition of the Negroes—A New Decree Respecting the Emancipados—Resignation of Gen. Dulce—A Movement Toward the Abolition of Slavery—Accident on the Matanzas Railroad.

Correspondence of the Associated Press.

Havana, Thursday, March 15.

I announced in my last letter the arrival here of the steamer *Neptune*, with the schooner *Matilde*, with 375 negroes captured from a slave expedition, and that it was reported that 1,572 in all had been captured. The facts are as follows:

His Excellency Don Francisco Marty since November last has received three successive lots of negroes, amounting to 1,200, who were landed near Cape San Antonio, most of whom were sold. Of those on the *Matilde*, only 275 are considered by the Government legal captures, for 100 were sold to a wealthy planter here, and were on their way to this port, with legal permits and papers, signed by Señor Mendnina, the Lieutenant-Governor of the Department of Pinar del Rio, the partner of Arguelles.

Much indignation is expressed here about these 100 negroes, who are considered as part and parcel of the illegal cargoes; but according to the Spanish laws they have been decided to be slaves, and delivered over to their owner, the said Marty. The son of the Admiral of the *Neptuno*, who saw these negroes at Cape San Antonio, says the living were in a horrible condition, and the dead were lying unburied on the shore. He counted more than eighty of the latter who were left as food for the crows.

The Colonial Minister at Madrid sent out in October last a royal decree, ordaining that all *emancipados*, or negroes captured from slave expeditions, now hired out by the Government to private individuals, should be returned to the Government and sent to the Island of Fernando Po. This decree was received at a time when hands were needed, and Gen. Dulce was prevailed upon to refrain from immediately putting it in force.

Señor Navascurz called the attention of the Spanish Government to the fact, in consequence of which a threatening dispatch was sent to Gen. Dulce, which caused the issue of the famous decree of March 2. But on the 10th inst. a counter-decree rendered that of the 2d null and void. The upshot of all this is that Gen. Dulce sends by the steamer to Cadiz, to-morrow, his formal resignation, and he has declared that whether it is accepted or not, he shall leave the island. I have this from the best authority.

Proceedings have been commenced in the Supreme Court against the Military Intendant, Señor Galvez, on account of an affair with a negress belonging to Señor Zuasuaba. Señor Acran, the District Attorney, is implicated in the affair, which creates no little curiosity on the part of the public.

The Commission which is to go to Madrid to give information as to proposed reforms here, is composed in part of the following members: Don Manuel de Armas and Don Manuel Calvo, a slave-dealer, of Havana; the Marquis Montero, of Matanzas; Don Morales Lernuz, of Sagua; Don Nicolas Ascarate, of Guinez. The other Commissioners have not yet been chosen.

There have lately been an unusual number of fires throughout the island. The *Diaro de la Marina*, the organ of Slavery, charges them to the negroes.

Strenuous exertions are being made to revive the slave trade here, which has been declining for some years past, while on the other hand there is a strong movement in favor of the total abolition of Slavery in Cuba and Porto Rico.

The steamer *Morning Star* arrived yesterday from New-Orleans, and leaves to-morrow for New-York. The *Cuba* sailed yesterday for New-Orleans.

A train on the Havana and Matanzas Railroad was thrown from the track on the 11th, and two persons were killed and eight were wounded.

On the next day another accident occurred on the same road, near San Felipe, by which five persons lost their lives and fifteen were wounded.

On the 10th, the warehouses of Messrs. Acevedo, Carrera & Co. and Pena, Rodriquez & Co., were destroyed by fire—supposed to be incendiary.

By an arrival from Santiago de Cuba, we learn the arrival of the French steamer *Carribee* from St. Thomas; also, that an American man-of-war flying the pennant of an Admiral, was there: probably the *Rhode Island*, with Commodore Palmer on board.

At Cape Hattien were the Haytien war-steamer *Galatea*, the British steamers *Aurora* and *Lily*, and the United States gunboat *De Soto*.

At this port sixty insurgents were under trial, and it was supposed that twenty of them would be convicted.

The French bark *Verena Collet* arrived here on the 11th, with 225 coolies from Macao. Several other cargoes are to follow.

The British corvette *Carmen* arrived here on the 12th.

It is reported that the slave dealers formed a plot to burn down the offices of the *Siglo* (newspaper) on last Monday night. Precautions were taken by Gov. Dulce by which the building was probably saved from destruction.

FROM THE STATE CAPITAL.

THE LEGISLATURE LAST EVENING.

The New Apportionment Bill Reported—New-York and Kings Gains Six Members of Assembly—The City Gas Companies to Show Their Hands—Progress of the Railroad-passes Bill.

Special Dispatch to the New-York Times.

Albany, Monday, March 19.

In the House this evening, Mr. Littlejohn, from Committee on Appointments, prepared a bill apportioning members of the Assembly to the respective counties under the census of 1865. New-York gains under this bill four members, Kings two, and Erie one. The following counties lose one member each, viz.: Alleghany, Chenango, Herkimer, Jefferson, Livingston, Steuben and Suffolk. Other counties remain unchanged.

Mr. Frear's resolution, offered on Thursday last requiring all gas companies of New-York and Brooklyn to report to the House a full account of their stock, business, profits, &c., was adopted with but two dissenting votes.

In the Senate a very humorous discussion occurred over the bill prohibiting railroad companies from issuing free passes, which Mr. Plantford denounced as an absurdity, but which was supported by Messrs. H. C. Murphy, Gibson and Campbell. The bill was finally amended so as to prohibit any individual in this State from receiving a free pass on any railroad in the State, and punishing violations by a fine of $50. In that shape the bill was ordered to a third reading.

PERSIMMON.

STATE LEGISLATURE.

SENATE.

Albany, Monday, March 19.

REPORTS.

By Mr. O'Donnell—Relative to town meetings in Richmond County. Also, for the better protection of opsters in Richmond County. Also, to amend the game laws.

By Mr. Barrett—To change the name of the Lutheran Church in Port Richmond; to amend the charter of the Society for the Care of Destitute Roman Catholic Children of Buffalo.

BILLS INTRODUCED.

By H. C. Murphy—To amend the act to alter the Commissioners' map of Brooklyn.

By Mr. Hoyt—To incorporate the village of Painted Post.

BILLS ADVANCED TO A THIRD READING.

To alter the map or plan of the City of New-York; to discontinue certain proposed streets between the Third and Fourth avenues; to incorporate the New-York and Brooklyn Passenger and Baggage Company; to authorize the Comptroller of New-York to borrow money for the benefit of the Metropolitan Fire Commissioners; relative to the Oswego and Rome Railroad; prohibiting the issue of free passes on the railroads of this State.

Adjourned.

ASSEMBLY.

REPORTS.

Mr. Littlejohn, from the Committee on Apportionment, reported the following for members of Assembly under the new census:

Albany	4	Montgomery	1
Alleghany	1	New-York	20
Broome	1	Niagara	2
Cattaraugus	2	Oneida	4
Cayuga	2	Onondaga	3
Chatauque	2	Ontario	2
Chemung	1	Oswego	3
Chenango	1	Orange	2
Clinton	1	Orleans	1
Columbia	2	Otsego	1
Cortland	1	Putnam	1
Delaware	2	Queens	2
Dutchess	2	Rensselaer	3
Erie	5	Richmond	1
Essex	1	Rockland	1
Franklin	1	St. Lawrence	3
Fulton and Hamilton	1	Saratoga	2
Genesee	1	Schenectady	1
Greene	1	Schoharie	1
Herkimer	1	Schuyler	1
Jefferson	2	Seneca	1
Kings	9	Steuben	2
Lewis	1	Suffolk	1
Tompkins	1	Sullivan	1
Ulster	3	Tioga	1
Warren	1	Wayne	2
Washington	2	Westchester	1
Livingston	1	Wyoming	1
Madison	2	Yates	1
Monroe	[illegible]		

By Mr. Congdon—Relative to the New-York Medical College for Women.

BILLS INTRODUCED.

By Mr. T. E. Stewart—To amend the charter of the New-York Accident Insurance Company.

By Mr. Ferguson—To charter the Northern New-York Life Insurance Company.

By Mr. Anderson—For a railroad in South, West and other streets in New-York.

By Mr. Stevenson—To amend the Registry Law.

By Mr. McVey—To facilitate the construction of the Buffalo and Washington Railroad.

By Mr. Tracy—Relative to bail in criminal cases; also relative to the New-York District Courts; also to amend the law relative to assignments.

MOTIONS AND RESOLUTIONS.

Mr. Frear called up the resolutions calling upon the gas companies of New-York and Brooklyn for information; which was adopted.

BILLS ADVANCED TO A THIRD READING.

To incorporate the American Exploring and Mining Company.

To amend the revised statutes relacive to the rates of brokerage.

Adjourned.

CALIFORNIA.

The Funeral of Hon. S. H. Parker—Ship News.

San Francisco, Monday, March 19.

The steamer *Golden Age* sailed to-day, taking $873,303 in treasure, of which $710,753 goes for New-York.

The steamer *Moses Taylor*, from Nicaragua, with passengers, from New-York 20th of February, has arrived.

The funeral of Hon. S. H. Parker was yesterday attended by several thousand citizens.

Arrived—ship *Electric Spark*, Eastman, Boston; bark *Zephyr*, Sparrow, Malaga.

From San Francisco.

San Francisco, Monday, March 19.

A dispatch from Portland to-day says George Badue, a noted guerrilla, was shot dead yesterday morning, it is supposed by Michael Gallagher, who is now under arrest.

The *Oregon Herald*, a new Democratic daily, has just appeared.

Gen. McDowell is on his way back here from Arizona.

A Vigilance Committee is organizing in Montana. It numbers 1,600 members, and is increasing. A perfect police system is maintained.

Mining Stocks are a little stronger. Ophir, 640, Belcher, 295; Alpna, 310, Yellow Jacket, 765; Empire, 700; Chollar Potosi, 385; Savage, 1,020; Hale and Nacross, 985.

Fenian Excitement at Halifax—Celebration of St. Patrick's Day.

Halifax, Monday, March 19.

There is great excitement here. Startling rumors are afloat. The royal and provincial artillery are manning all the forts. A proclamation has been issued calling out the militia. Arms and ammunition are to be distributed to them to-day.

The engineers have been very busy since Friday, day and night.

St. Patrick's day was celebrated with the usual ceremonies. No disturbance occurred.

From St. Louis.

St. Louis, Monday, March 9.

The Missouri Legislature adjourned *sine die* to-day.

Gens. Brisbin and Wade reached Cairo yesterday, en route to their commands in Arkansas.

Cotton, 35c. for Middling. Flour and Grain, dull, heavy and unchanged. Mess Pork easy at $26 50@$27; Prime Mess, $23 50. Bacon unchanged. Lard steady at 16¾c.@17¼c.

Gen. Conner arrived at Kansas City from the Plains to-day, *en route* for Washington.

Pennsylvania Politics.

Harrisburgh, Monday, March 19.

Hon. Frank Jordan, of Bedford County, has been appointed Chairman of the Republican State Central Committee. Mr. Jordan is at present State Agent at Washington.

A Steamboat Sunk.

Omaha, Monday, March 19.

The steamer *U. S. Grant*, from St. Louis for the Upper Missouri, sunk in an ice gorge at the mouth of the Platte yesterday. Loss estimated at $150,000. The passengers and crew were all saved.

BOARD OF ALDERMEN.

The Tax Levy—The State Woman's Hospital—The Patriot Orphan's Home—Increase of Salaries—A New Ferry—The Rights of the Gas Companies to Lay Mains, &c.

The Board met at 2 P. M. yesterday, Mr. Brice in the Chair.

The Tax Levy was returned from the Board of Councilmen, who refused to concur in adopting the item of $200,000, for Belgian pavement, which they reduced to $100,000.

The Board, on motion of Mr. Norton, adhered to its former action.

Mr. Ely offered a resolution instructing the Clerk to send to the Legislature a copy of the Tax Levy as adopted by the Board of Aldermen, with a request that the same be legalized and power given to the Board of Supervisors to raise the money.

The resolution was adopted.

Mr. Varnum moved to reconsider, and the motion being carried the resolution was laid on the table. It was subsequently called up and adopted.

A resolution directing the Street Commissioner to notify the Harlem Railroad Company to remove their tracks in White-street, between Centre and Elm, was referred to the Committee on Streets.

A preamble and resolution were offered by Mr. Loew, to the effect that, whereas the Board of Governors of the State Woman's Hospital have neglected to take possession of the ground on Fourth-avenue, conveyed to them by the Common Council for the purpose of erecting an hospital thereon, that the resolution granting said land be rescinded.

The resolution was adopted.

A resolution was adopted requesting the other Board to return the resolution granting a plot of ground to the trustees of the Patriot Orphans' Home.

Mr. McGinnis said, in explanation, that the Committee had reported in favor of making the grant of land, but that since then they had learned that another society or association, similar to this, was about being organized; and he was of opinion that, if the two organizations went into operation separately, they would impair each other's usefulness.

A resolution to increase the salary of the Assistant Engineer of the Croton Aqueduct Department from $1,450 to $3,000 per annum was referred to the Finance Committee.

A resolution was adopted increasing the pay of the Inspectors of Repairs to Sidewalks, Wells, Pumps, &c., to $3 per day.

The resolution from the other Board instructing the Corporation Counsel to appeal against the decision of the Supreme Court ordering the creation of stock for the erection of a public market, was concurred in.

A communication was received from the Corporation Counsel stating, in answer to a resolution of inquiry in regard to the rights of the various gas companies to lay mains through the streets of the City, that the New-York Gaslight Company have no authority whatever to lay mains; that the Manhattan Gas Company have the right to lay mains in certain districts up to the year 1868, and that the Metropolitan Gas Company have the right to lay mains throughout the City for thirty years.

The resolution from the other Board authorizing the Comptroller to sell the franchise of the ferry running from the foot of Spring-street to Hoboken, was laid over.

The Board then adjourned to Monday next at 2 o'clock P. M.

The following are the items of the tax levy as they now stand:

TAX LEVY FOR THE YEAR 1866.

Advertising	$30,000
Aqueduct repairs and improvements	200,000
Belgian pavements	200,000
Broadway improvement	175,000
Bridge at Broadway and Fulton-street	15,000
Board of Health	2,000
Central Park (care and maintenance of)	150,000
Charges on arrears of assessments	5,000
Charges on arrears of taxes	5,000
Cleaning streets under contract	498,500
Cleaning markets	25,000
City Chamberlain (fees of)	17,000
City contingencies	150,000
City dispensaries	8,000
Contingencies Mayor's office	13,000
Comptroller's office	15,000
Law Department	50,000
Street Department	15,000
City Inspector's Department	40,000
Croton Aqueduct Board	10,000
Donations	146,000
Defalcations	43,000
Deficiencies	20,021
Deficiencies, Croton Aqueduct Department	4,500
Dredging slips	200,000
Election expenses	40,000
Flagging sidewalks and fencing vacant lots	2,000
Fire machines and apparatus (arrears of)	48,614
Heating the City Hall	50,000
Iron railing, New Reservoir square	15,000
Judgments	128,000
Lamps and gas	763,745
Purchasing Morse's patent for telegraph	20,000
Lands and places	35,000
Lands purchased for taxes and assessments	50,000
Laying out the City north of 155th-street	12,000
Metropolitan Fire Department Fund	750,000
New District Court-house	80,000
Opening of new streets (expenses of)	10,000
Police station-houses	27,000
Police telegraph	7,300
Printing for the Common Council	75,000
Printing for departments	45,000
Public buildings (construction of and repairs)	80,000
Pier foot of 145th-street, North River	30,000
Public Charities and Correction	976,889
Public instruction	2,454,327
Pier and bulkhead foot of Forty-ninth-street, East River	50,000
Rents	50,000
Real estate expenses	50,000
Removing night soil, &c	33,000
Roads and avenues	80,000
Salaries, Legislative Department	128,000
Mayor's office	45,000
Finance Department	155,000
Street Department	142,180
Croton Aqueduct Department	91,780
Law Department	39,500
City Inspector's office	41,783
Commissioners of Health	2,000
Board of Assessors	7,200
Board of Revision and Correction of Assessments	3,000
City Courts	174,600
Stationery and blank-books	45,000
Sewers, repairing and cleaning	50,000
Street improvements	6,000
Streets, repairing, &c	100,000
Society for Reformation of Juvenile Delinquents	8,000
Supplies for and cleaning public offices	75,000
Water-pipes and laying	175,000
Pumps, repairs and cleaning	4,000
Wharves, piers and slips	300,000
Monument to soldiers	50,000
Salaries Commissioners of Health	3,000

Fatal Result of a Quarrel.

Mention was made in yesterday's Times of a stabbing affray in a drinking-saloon at No. 53 Park-street, the parties to which were Michael Manning and Anthony Long. It appears that Long, who is a Frenchman, quarreled with William Mulholland, *alias* Stone, *alias* "Billy Bottles," and a fight was the result. During the *melée*, Mulholland seized a bottle and struck Long on the forehead, when several other persons also attacked him. To defend himself Long drew a jack-knife and slashed right and left among his assailants. One of the random blows struck Manning on the left wrist, severing the artery. Long was arrested by Officer McGuire, of the Sixth Precinct. Manning was removed to Bellevue Hospital, where he died during Sunday night from hemorrhage.

Coroner Wildey will hold an inquest on the body to-day. Mulholland has been committed to the House of Detention as a witness.

Arrivals in the City.

Hon. S. Willeston, East Hampton; and Gen. D. W. Lindsley, Kentucky; are at the St. Nicholas Hotel.

Hon. A. Risley, Washington; Judge Striker, Rome; Hon. J. E. English, New-Haven; and Hon. S. Taylor, Massachusetts; are at the Astor House.

Gov. Isaac N. Goodwin, Arizona; and Mme. La Vert, Mobile; are at the Fifth-avenue Hotel.

Gen. J. E. Mulford, U. S. A.; Hon. J. Henderson, Baltimore; E. P. Blunt, Quartermaster, U. S. A.; Hon. C. B. Hubbel, St. Louis; Commander G. W. Graham, U. S. N.; Hon. M. H. Carpenter, Milwaukee and two Indian Chiefs of the Cherokee Nation, signing their names A. Wado and A. Wright, are at the Metropolitan Hotel.

A Portrait Gallery.—Included in the extremely curious and interesting museum of antiquarian matters, rare books, engravings, autographs, &c., &c. which Bangs, Merwin & Co., bring to the hammer to-morrow (Wednesday) evening, as will be seen by an advertisement elsewhere, is a mass of copper and steel engravings of celebrated persons, numbering some 5,000 different subjects, and embracing many very rare and some unique exemplars. Collectors usually gather portraits to illustrate some favorite author or volume. The collector in the present instance must have had the general Biographical Dictionary in view.

The Fatal Shooting Case in Spring-street.—An inquest was held yesterday by Coroner Gover on the body of Mrs. Eliza Hessels, who was accidentally shot through the head on Saturday by her son Frank, as reported in the Times of Sunday. Several witnesses were examined, whose testimony bore out the statements made in the Times, showing that the occurrence was a purely accidental one, and a verdict to that effect was rendered. The deceased was a native of Germany, and 54 years of age.

Personal.—Among the passengers from Charleston, per steamer *Quaker City*, are Hon. John Van Buren and J. P. Foster.

MONETARY AFFAIRS.

Sales at the Stock Exchange—March 19, 1866.

$2,000	U. S. 6s, '81. C.	104⅝	100	Hud. R. R......s30	106
6,000	U.S. 6s,5-20s.C.'62	103⅜	100	do	106⅛
1,000	U. S. 5s, 10-40s.C.	90⅞	500	Reading R.	99⅞
10,000	do	91	200	do..2d call.b15	99⅝
4,000	Tr. Notes, 7 3-10s.		300	Mich. S. & N.I.	80½
	First Series	99⅞	500	do	81
5,000	do...Sec. Ser.	99⅞	400	do	80⅝
1,000	do..Third Ser.	99⅞	1800	do	80⅞
20,000	do......2d call	99¾	1300	do......2d call	80¾
3,000	N. Y. St. 6s, '73.	93	50	do	81¼
3,000	Tenn. 6s, '90	89½	500	do......2d call	80¾
13,000	do	90	200	Ill. Cen. R.	117¼
5,000	Virginia 6s	67	200	Cleve. & Pitts.	79⅛
5,000	do	66½	600	do	79¾
5,000	do	66	1400	do	79⅞
3,000	N. Car. 6s.	82½	2900	do	80
5,000	do......2d call	83⅜	400	do......2d call	80
10,000	Missouri 6s	72	400	do	80
5,000	Cal. 7s	110	800	Chi. & N. W.	27⅞
20,000	O. & M. Cer.	25⅛	300	Chic. & N. W. P.	54¾
3,000	Chi. & N. W. 1st.	79	300	do	54¼
10,000	Amer. Gold	129	200	do......2d call	54⅛
25	Metropol. Bank	121	200	Cleve. & Tol.	108¼
5	Continental Bank	97	200	do......2d call	108
11	do	96½	200	Chi. & R. I.	108⅛
20	Fourth N. Bk	98	300	do	108⅜
12	do......2d call	98	100	do......s10	108½
11	St. Nicholas Bank	100¼	100	do......s10	108⅜
20	North River Bank	120	200	do	108⅞
100	Del. & Hud. C.	134	400	do......s60	108
100	Central Coal	46¾	100	do......s30	108½
100	do......b30	47	200	do......2d call	109
200	Cum. Coal Pr.	45	100	do......s10	108⅞
100	Wilkesbarre Coal	50	100	Tol., Wab. & W.	32½
150	West. U. Teleg'h	62	30	New-Jersey Cen.	107½
200	do	61⅜	200	Pitts., F.W. & C.	92¾
100	do......2d call	61½	400	do	92½
800	Schuylkill C.	15½	200	do	92¼
200	do	15⅝	300	do	92½
1000	do	15¾	100	do......2d call	91⅞
1100	N. Y. Central	92¾	100	T. H. & Alt.	32½
200	do	92⅝	150	Morris & Essex	90
500	do......s30	92¼	100	Chi. & Alt. Pr.	94
200	Erie R.	82	300	do......2d call	96
300	do	82½	100	Chic. & Alton	89

1 O'CLOCK BOARD.

$1,000	U.S.6s,5-20s.C.'62	103⅝	300	Erie Railroad	81¾
1,000	Tenn. St. 6s	91	100	Chi. & N. W.	2
700	N. Y. Central	92⅛	200	Reading R.	99⅝
300	M. So. & N. I.	81¼	500	do	99⅛
400	do	81⅜	500	Cleve. & Pitts	80⅜
1000	do	81½	1500	do	80⅞
500	do	81⅝	1500	do	81
1000	do	81¾			

2½ O'CLOCK BOARD.

$10,000	U. S. 6s, '81..C	104⅞	200	M.S.& N. I. R.	80¾
5,000	US.6s.5-20s.C '62.	103¾	1200	do	80⅝
1,000	U.S.6s,5-20s C.'64	103⅜	200	do	80⅞
3,000	Tr. Notes, 7 3-10s.		200	do......s15	80⅝
	First Series	99⅞	500	do	81
20,000	do....2d Ser.	99⅞	100	Chi. & N. W. P.	51⅞
20,000	do....3d Ser.	99⅜	1500	Cleve. & Pitts	80
10,000	Tenn. 6s, '90	90	1300	do	79⅞
10,000	do	90½	500	do......s10	80
10,000	do	91	200	do	80⅛
40,000	do	91⅛	200	do	80¼
20,000	Missouri 6s	72½	1000	do	80⅜
7,000	Ga. State 6s	99	400	Chi. & N. W.	26⅞
10,000	O. & M. Cer.	25⅜	400	Chi. & R. I.	109⅛
100	Cum. Coal Pr.	44⅞	100	do	109⅜
600	Mariposa Pref.	18⅜	500	do	110
100	West. U. Tel.	62⅛	400	do	109⅞
500	N. Y. Cen.	92⅛	300	P.F. W.& C.	91⅛
300	do......s10	92	100	do......s5	91⅜
500	do	92	200	do	91¼
100	Erie Railroad	82	100	do......s15	91
400	do	81⅝	100	Chic. & Alt.	88
200	Reading R.	99⅝	100	do	88½
1060	do	99½	5	do	89

OPEN BOARD—10 A. M.

500	Schuylkill Coal	15¼	1400	Mich.S. & N. I..s3	79½
1200	New-York Cen.	92⅜	100	do	79½
600	do......c	92⅞	700	do......b3	79⅝
200	do......b5	92⅞	1100	do	79⅝
900	do......b3	92⅞	3200	do......s3	79⅝
300	do......s5	92⅝	800	do	79⅝
200	do......s5	92¾	400	do......s3	79¾
600	Erie R......c	81⅞	5000	do......b3	80
900	do......s3	81⅞	100	Chic. & R. I.	108½
100	do	81⅞	100	do......s3	108⅜
200	do......b3	81⅞	200	Chic. & N. W.	27⅜
400	do......c	82	300	do......s3	27¼
400	Reading R......b3	99½	200	do......b3	27½
300	do......b5	99⅝	100	do......b3	27⅜
800	do	99⅝	100	C. & N. W. P......c	54⅛
1200	do	99¾	100	do......c	54⅜
1400	do......b3	99¾	200	do......b3	54⅜
600	do......s3	99⅝	200	do......b3	54½
200	do......s10	99½	200	do	54½
400	Clev. & Pitts......b3	79½	300	P., Ft. W.& C......s3	92¼
1000	do	79½	100	Mariposa Min.	12⅜

OPEN BOARD—1 P. M.

400	Spruce Hill Coal	3	500	Mich. S. & N. I......c	81⅝
800	do	3⅛	200	do	81⅝
1000	do	3¼	3000	do	81½
1800	do......s3	3⅛	600	do	81⅜
100	Cumb. Coal......c	44⅜	200	do......s3	81⅜
200	New-York Cen	92⅝	400	Cleve. & Pitts	80⅝
100	do......b3	92⅝	2700	do	80⅝
100	do......s10	92⅛	200	do......s3	80⅜
100	do......s30	92½	600	do......b3	80⅞
800	do......s3	92½	200	do......b10	80⅞
100	do......b10	92⅝	1000	do......s3	80⅞
1100	Erie Railway......s3	81¾	1200	do......b3	81
300	do......c	81¾	1700	do	81
100	do......b3	81⅞	200	Chic. & R. I.	109⅛
100	Hud. R. R......c	108¼	100	Chic. & N. W.	27
600	Reading R......s3	99⅝	100	do......b10	27⅛
600	do	99¾	100	Chi. & N.W.Pr......s3	54⅛
200	do......s3	99¾	200	do	54½
200	do......b5	99¾	500	P., Ft.W. & C.	91¾
100	Ill. Central R.	116¼			

OPEN BOARD—3½ P. M.

100	Canton Co.	46⅝	700	M. S. & N. I......s3	80½
100	Cum. Coal......b10	44½	700	do	80⅝
200	Spruce Hill Coal	3¼	800	do......s3	80⅝
200	do	3⅜	600	do	80¾
200	do	3½	1600	Clev. & Pitts	80⅛
100	do	3¾	1000	do......s3	80⅛
500	do	3⅞	800	do	80¼
1300	N. Y. Cen......s3	92	100	Chi. & R. I......s60	108
600	do	92	300	Chic. & N. W......s3	26⅞
1100	do......b3	92	300	do......b3	27
200	do......s3	91⅞	100	Chic. & N.W. P.s30	54¾
200	Ill. Cen. R.	116¼	100	do......b3	54
1400	Erie R......s3	81⅝	200	do......b3	53⅞
100	do	81⅝	100	P., F. W. & C.	91¼
800	Reading R......s3	99¼	100	do......b3	91¼
1000	do......b3	99⅜	1000	do......s3	91½
400	Clev. & Tol.	107⅞			

Monday, March 19—P. M.

The weekly averages of the associated Local and National Banks in the Clearing-house of this City, for the week ending Saturday last, March 17, compare as follows with the previous week, and with the corresponding week last year; to which we add the specie and currency balances in the New-York office of the United States Treasury at these dates, respectively:

Increase in Loans	$449,104
Decrease in Specie	1,547,995
Increase in Deposits	4,922,826
Increase in Legal-Tender	4,060,962
Increase in Circulation	269,814

	March 18, 1865.	March 17, 1866.	March 10, 1866.
Local Capital	$58,186,172	$8,878,500	$8,878,500
National	18,000,000	72,807,700	72,807,700
Total in C. H.	$76,186,172	$81,686,200	$81,686,200
Loans	211,486,651	233,517,378	233,068,274
Specie	22,256,596	15,015,242	16,563,237
Deposits	173,479,367	185,438,707	180,515,881
Legal-Tender	——	68,402,764	64,341,802
In Sub-Treas'y	31,012,925	93,111,916	89,478,610

The National Bank circulation reported through the Clearing-house, is as follows:

Merchants'	$511,705	Seventh Ward	$104,563
Mer. Exchange	415,275	Broadway	855,000
Commerce	2,690,485	Mercantile	298,950
Ocean	721,266	Republic	549,950
Market	443,333	St. Nicholas	713,960
Park	1,600,000	Marine	221,900
Fourth	2,447,255	East River	212,250
Central	1,541,423	Second	209,500
Mechanics'	400,639	Continental	478,362
New-York	939,024	Importers'	515,217
M. Association	304,042	Ninth	851,390
Metropolitan	873,467	First	448,600
Commonwealth	216,427	Am. Exchange	321,459
Leather	130,000	Gallatin	475,225
N. America	296,843	Citizens'	111,352
Irving	189,900	Union	400,639
Tradesmen's	430,417	Chatham	132,500
Phenix	219,450	Shoe & Leather	693,000
Third	798,305	Hanover	242,405
Butchers & D.	100,585		

Total 39 National Banks	$22,567,063
Total 20 other National and Local Banks	743,988
Total on Clearing-house report, March 17	$23,303,051
On previous report, March 10	23,033,237
Increase in circulation	269,814

The following figures show the relative strength of the foregoing National Banks in Gold and Legal Tender to their liabilities for Circulation and Deposits:

	Gold and Legal Tender.	Deposits and Circulation.
Merchants	$3,445,590	$3,872,190
Merchants' Exchange	692,518	2,882,717
Commerce	4,505,537	9,767,995
Ocean	1,014,584	3,286,555
Market	1,019,139	2,459,020
Park	4,407,921	15,663,414
Fourth	3,712,165	14,646,769
Central	3,771,321	13,779,077
Mechanics'	1,880,508	4,451,797
New-York	5,811,447	9,237,687
Mechanics' Association	612,168	1,795,254
Metropolitan	2,025,470	6,574,657
Commonwealth	801,978	2,943,267
Leather	1,291,971	2,535,082
North America	990,602	2,591,866
Irving	451,000	1,789,900
Tradesmen's	625,617	2,211,605
Phoenix	1,151,699	3,074,443
Third	1,020,835	3,832,142
Butchers' and Drovers'	502,717	1,860,447
Seventh Ward	419,416	757,772
Broadway	2,256,988	5,891,232
Mercantile	1,325,279	3,081,714
Republic	1,596,009	4,354,766
St. Nicholas	578,530	1,965,745
Marine	1,031,566	1,825,580
East River	203,694	897,568
Second	286,358	1,207,037
Continental	1,082,992	2,483,712
Importers'	954,644	4,044,762
Ninth	2,035,782	7,071,613
First	1,467,784	3,522,142
American Exchange	3,858,533	6,342,389
Gallatin	675,215	1,473,327
Citizens'	472,231	1,286,669
Union	2,316,542	3,610,232
Chatham	590,460	2,044,924
Shoe and Leather	907,182	2,622,000
Hanover	716,347	1,961,340

The average percentage required by the Banking Law of Gold and other Legal Tender to Deposits and Circulation, is 25 ℘ cent., or *one-fourth* of these liabilities. Most of the above Banks hold considerably over the legal percentage. A few of them, it will be noticed, are slightly under the average on this week's statement. The list does not include the National organizations which have not yet taken out their Circulation.

The Bank return shows continued large gains in the items of Deposit and Legal-tender. The Gold falls off at Bank about $1,500,000, and goes up in the Treasury office $2,500,000, including half a million of California Customs transferred to New-York by the last steamer. The Loans at Bank are comparatively steady. The demand for Money from the Brokers at call at 5@6 ℘ cent. is not sufficient to employ the accumulation of Deposits, while most of the Banks are indisposed to run up their Mercantile Discounts at even the full rate of 7 ℘ cent. The increase of Currency Deposits since last Monday is really $6,470,821; the decrease in Gold Deposits $1,547,995; aggregate increase, $4,922,826. The market for Money is dull to-day at 5@6 ℘ cent. There is less doing in Government Securities, owing to the feeling of suspense in regard to the Funding Bill, and there were some offers to sell in the afternoon at a concession of ¼@½ ℘ cent. from the best figures of Saturday.

The price of Gold fell 1 to 1½ per cent. on the European news, and the continued superabundance of Exchange drawn here and from the South against Cotton. The advices of last night by the *Germania* are the strongest for Cotton we have had for several weeks. The trade at Manchester was extremely active, the orders for yarns and clothes for the Continent and the East being ahead of production, while in Liverpool, Cotton buyers were making engagements into April and May at 19d. for American middlings to arrive. The Gold-Room broke down to 127⅞@128 ℘ cent. in the afternoon, after ranging 128½@⅝ through regular 'Change hours.

On the Stock Exchange the speculative fever on the Railway list was higher than on Saturday on the Western roads—Michigan Southern, Rock Island and Pittsburg taking the lead. Erie was steady at 82, and New York Central, after falling ¾@1 ℘ cent. on the Buffalo fire of Saturday, also left off in steady demand. The extreme additional rise on Michigan Southern was to 81⅝@¾, as against 78½@79 on Saturday, and Chicago and Rock Island made as much as 110 ℘ cent. at the Second Boards. Both apparently have a very strong support on the street and at the Exchange, and Cleveland and Pittsburg, for the first time in many weeks, also shows a formidable *Bull* movement.

The Washington telegrams in the afternoon in reference to the Funding Bill were variously construed in Stock circles, and at one moment the Railways partially fell off on the rumor that the Bill had passed in its original form after the reconsideration of the adverse vote of Friday night. But even if such had been the fact, the prospective interest and purpose of the measure (whatever particular shape it may ultimately take) have come to be too well understood as conservative, and not precipitate, for any sudden or immediate adverse effect on either the Stock or Money market. In regard to the former, we may add that the temper of speculation in Michigan Southern and other Railways is so very decided, and the movements are directed with so much vigor and wealth, that it would take several Funding Bills just now to transfer the control of the market to the bearish interest, as through January and February.

At the close of business most of the active speculatives were up to the advance in the morning, and the market was quoted at 5:30 P. M. as follows compared with Saturday night. Bills on London were 107⅜@½ ℘ cent.

	Sat.	Mon.		Sat.	Mon.
U. S. 10-40s	91	90⅞	Missouri 6s	72½	72½
U. S. 5-20s	103⅞	102⅞	Northwest	27⅜	27
U. S. 7.30s	100	99⅞	N. West Pref	54½	54
N. Y. Central	93⅛	92⅛	Rock Island	108⅛	111
Erie	82⅜	82¼	Fort Wayne	92¾	91¼
Hudson	106	106	Cumb'land Coal	45	44⅜
Reading	100⅛	99⅝	Quicksilver	40⅜	40½
Mich. Southern	79½	81⅜	Mariposa	12¼	12⅜
Illinois Central	117⅜	117	Canton	47	46⅝
Pittsburgh	79¼	80⅛	Ohio Certificates	25⅜	25⅜
Prairie du Chien	96	96	American Gold	129⅝	128¼
Tennessee 6s	88⅜	90¼	Bills on London	107⅜	107⅜

Subsequent to the final meetings of the Boards, sales were made of 5,000 shares Michigan Southern at 81⅝.

The following bids were made for the City Bank Shares:

New-York	112	Chatham	133
Merchants'	111	Bank of Republic	109
Mechanics'	113	Bank of N. America	106
America	137	Hanover	108
North River	120	Irving	110
Tradesmen's	133	Metropolitan	120
Merchants' Exch'ge	105	People's	115
Seventh Ward	105	Corn Exchange	112
State of New York	105	Continental	96
Commerce	105	St. Nicholas	100
Mechanics' Bkg Ass	107	Atlantic	100
Ocean	95	Importers' & Traders'	102
American Exchange	111	Oriental Bank	125
Pacific	165	Fourth National	97⅞

And the following for the Railway mortgages:

N. Y. Cen. 6s, 1883	90	Del. L. & W. 1st M.	102
N. Y. Cen. 7s, 1876	100	Tol. & Wab. 1st M.	84
Erie 1st M., '68	99¾	Tol. & Wab. 1st M. Ex	85
Erie 7s, 3d mort., '83	94	N. J. Central 2d M.	102
Erie 7s, 4th mort., 1880	94	Pitts.,Ft.W. & Ch., 2d	92
Hud. R. 7s, conv., '67	96	Pitts.,Ft.W.& Ch., 3d	79
N. Ind. Gosh. Line '68	90	Chic. & Al. 1st M.	94
Mich.S.& N.I.S.F.7 ℘c.	94	Ohio & Miss. 1st M.	94
Alton & T.H. 2d M. pf.	79	Joliet & Chic. 1st mort.	97
Chi. & N. W. 1sts	78		

The day's business at the office of the Assistant Treasurer of the United States was as follows: Receipts, $701,120 50; for Customs, $284,000; Coin Certificates, $95,560; on account of Loan, $50,000; Payments, $7,744,902 65; Balance, $86,068,134 71.

The earnings of the Erie Railway for the month of February, 1866, including Buffalo Division, were $983,855 44; the earnings for the month of February, 1865, including Buffalo Division, were $1,011,735 25. Decrease, $27,879 81.

GENERAL MARKETS.

New-York, Monday, March 19, 1866.

The receipts of the principal kinds of Produce since our last have been: 7 bbls. Ashes, 8,867 bbls. Flour, 1,723 bags Corn Meal, 900 bushels Wheat, 2,555 bushels Corn, 1,590 bushels Oats, 1,253 bbls. Pork, 649 pkgs. Cut Meats, 39 pkgs. Lard, 925 pkgs. Beef, and 94 bbls. Whisky.

ASHES—Continue inactive. Pots, $7 50@$7 75; Pearls nominal.

COFFEE—Is quiet and depressed. Java at 27½c.@28½c.; Maracaibo at 20c.@23½c.; Laguayra at 21c.@22½c.; Rio at 16½c.@20c.; and St. Domingo at 17¼c.@17½c., cash, in gold, ℘ lb.

COTTON—Has been in limited demand, at drooping rates. Middlings 40c.@41c. ℘ lb. Sales and resales since our last, 1,400 bales. The receipts at this port since March 1 have been 34,119 bales, making 203,111 bales since Jan. 1, 1866, and 644,985 bales since the commencement of the current cotton year, Sept. 1, 1865.

DRY GOODS—The Dry Goods Exchange report to-day is as follows: *Jobbers' Prices:* Brown Sheetings—Atlantic A, 25½c.; Atlantic D, 23c.; Bedford, 16c.; Lanark, 20c. Bleached Shirtings—Amoskeag, 45-inch, 40c.; Amoskeag, 36-inch, 36c.; Ballou & Son, 36-inch, 27c.; Ballou & Son, 33-inch, 22c. Prints—Merrimac W, 21c.; Merrimac D, 20c.; American, 18c.; Allen, 17c.; Arnold, 16c. Delaines—Hamilton, 22½c.; Pacific, 22½c. Ginghams—Lancaster, 26c.; Hartford, 21½c. Cambrics—Mandville, 18c.; Portland, 15c. Silecias—Indian Orchard, 26c. Canton Flannels—Pemberton A, 52c.; Pemberton C, 30c. Ticks—Conestoga C C A, 50c.; Conestoga A A, 55c. Stripes—American, 25c.; Albany, 19c. Hoop Skirts—Bradley's Duplex Elliptic, 20 to 50 hoops, 87½c.@$1 65; Empress Trail, $1 25; S. T. & A. T. Meyers' I X L, prices unchanged. The following dispatches were received at the Dry Goods Exchange to-day: Baltimore—Market quiet and unsettled. Philadelphia—The storm has stopped all trade. St. Louis—Trade opens quiet this week. Cincinnati—Market unsettled and inactive.

FLOUR AND MEAL—State and Western has been quite dull to-day at a reduction of 5c.@10c. ℘ bbl., the market closing in favor of purchasers. Sales since our last 5,600 bbls., including common to choice Superfine State and Western at $6 80@$7 20; common to choice Extra State at $7 25@$8 25, chiefly at $7 30@$7 70; round-hoop Extra Ohio, poor to good shipping brands, at $8 25@$8 75 ℘ bbl. We now quote:

Superfine State and Western	$6 80	@$7 20
Extra State	7 25	@ 8 25
Extra Illinois, Indiana, Michigan, &c.	7 40	@11 50
Extra Ohio, round-hoop, ship'g brands	8 25	@ 8 75
Extra Ohio, trade and family brands	8 80	@12 00
Extra Genesee	8 30	@12 75
Poor to very choice extra Missouri	9 70	@15 50

Southern Flour continues inactive. Sales since our last 500 bbls., in lots, at $8 65@$10 10 for poor to good, and $10 15@$15 50 for good to very choice extra brands, ℘ bbl. Canadian Flour is declining. Sales 400 bbls. Extra at $7 30@$11 50 ℘ bbl. Rye Flour is very quiet, including Superfine at $4 50@$5 50 ℘ bbl. Corn Meal continues plenty and heavy at $3 50@$3 65 for Western, $3 00@$3 65 for Jersey, and $4 10@$4 15 for Brandywine, ℘ bbl. Sales 1,100 bbls.

GRAIN—Wheat has been dull, at a reduction of 2c.@3c. ℘ bushel. Sales since our last 14,000 bushels, including choice No. 1 Milwaukee Club at $1 70, delivered, and good Chicago Spring at $1 66 ℘ bushel. Corn is lower and declining. Sales since our last 41,000 bushels, at 69c.@73c. for unsound, and 73c.@76c., in store and delivered, for sound mixed Western, ℘ bushel. Oats are quiet and heavy, including State at 59c.@51c.; Jersey and Pennsylvania at 48c.@50c.; old Western at 51c.@53c.; new Western at 35c.@41c.; Canada at 53c. ℘ bushel.

HAY—North River Bale is in less demand at 80c.@$1 ℘ 100 lbs.

HOPS—Continue dull and heavy to-day, including last year's crop at 25c.@65c., and two years' old at 12c.@45c. ℘ lb.

LATHS—Are held above the views of buyers, and are less active.

MOLASSES—Continues dull and heavy, including New-Orleans at 90c.@$1 16; Porto Rico at 60c.@80c.; Cuba at 35c.@48c. ℘ gallon.

NAVAL STORES—Have been lightly dealt in, including Spirits of Turpentine at 90c.@92½c. ℘ gallon; Crude do. at $6 50@$6 75; Resin at $3 75@$16 ℘ 280 lbs.; Tar at $2 50@$3 75 ℘ bbl.

OILS—Continue inactive and depressed, including Crude Whale at $1 25@$1 30; Bleached Whale at $1 38@$1 40; Crude Sperm at $2 35@$2 40; Unbleached do. at $2 50@$2 55; Lard Oil at $1 70@$1 85; Red Oil at 80c.@95c.; Linseed Oil at $1 33@$1 35 ℘ gallon.

PETROLEUM—Has been in very limited demand and much depressed, closing at 25c.@26c. for Crude; 38c.@40c. for Refined in bond, and 58c.@60c. for do. free, ℘ gallon.

PROVISIONS—Pork has been unsettled to-day, opening very heavily, but closing with more firmness. Sales since our last 5,400 bbls., in lots, at $25 75@$26 12½ for new Mess, closing at $26, cash; $26 for small lots one year old Mess; $26 75 for new do. and $21 25 for new Prime, ℘ bbl. Sales were also made of 4,500 bbls. new Mess, April and May delivery, sellers' and buyers' option, at $26@$26 50 ℘ bbl. Cut Meats are in moderate demand at 11½c.@12½c. for Shoulders, and 16½c.@18½c. for Hams; sales 250 pkgs. Bacon is in less request, including Cumberland Cut at 14½c.@15c.; Short Rib at 15½c.@16c.; Long Ribbed, 15½c.@15½c.; Long Clear at 15½c.; Short Clear at 16c.@17c.; Long Cut Hams at 17c.@18c. ℘ lb.; sales 150 boxes. Dressed Hogs are in more demand at 12½c.@13½c. ℘ lb. Lard is in less request and heavy; sales 1,100 tcs. and bbls. at 17c.@19c. ℘ lb. Beef continues in demand and steady at $16@$20 for new Plain Mess, and $20@$24 for new Extra do.; sales have been reported of 560 bbls. Tierce Beef is quiet. Beef Hams are heavy at $37@$38 50 ℘ bbl.; sales, 180 bbls. Butter is in less demand at 40c.@55c. for poor to prime, 55c.@60c. for fancy State, and 25c.@42c. for Western, ℘ lb. Cheese rules dull at 16c.@22c. ℘ lb.

SUGARS—Have been more freely offered and purchased at drooping prices. Sales since our last 850 hhds., including Cuba, &c., at from 10½c.@12½c., and 1,750 boxes Havana, part 11c.@12½c. ℘ lb. We quote Fair to Good Grocer's at 10½c.@11½c.; Refining at 10½c.@10½c. ℘ lb. Refining Sugars are quiet and heavy at 13c.@16½c. ℘ lb.

STEARINE—Sales since our last, 42,000 lbs. at 16c.@18c. ℘ lb.

TALLOW—Sales to-day, 63,000 lbs. at 11½c.@12c., and 25,000 lbs. Grease at 11c.@12½c. ℘ lb.

WHISKY—Has been very dull at $2 28 ℘ gallon. Sales 85 bbls.

FREIGHTS.—For Liverpool, the engagements included 600 bales Cotton at 5-16d.@⅜d. ℘ lb.; 7,000 bushels Corn at 5½d. ℘ bushel; 1,000 bbls. Pork at 2s.6d. ℘ bbl; 700 tierces Lard at 16s.3d. ℘ ton; and, by steamer, 300 tierces Beef at 4s. ℘ tierce. For Bristol, 150 tons measurement goods on private terms.

Markets by Telegraph.

Philadelphia, Monday, March 19.

Petroleum dull and unsettled. Cotton very quiet. Coffee quiet. Flour and Wheat quiet. Corn in fair request. Sales at 70c. Oats steady. Whisky dull.

Philadelphia Stocks.

Philadelphia, Monday, March 19.

Stocks are inactive. Pennsylvania Fives, 86¼; ... 's Canal, 77¼; Reading Railroad, 50; Pennsylvania Railroad, 55½; American Gold, 129. Sight Exchange on New-York at par.

LAW REPORTS.

UNITED STATES SUPREME COURT.

Opinion in the Case of City of Cincinnati against Senator Morgan and Others—Affairs of the Ohio and Mississippi Railroad Company—Statutory Liens—They Should be Created by Express Language When of an Extraordinary Nature—Stock Hypothecated as Security the Only Protection Therefor.

The City of Cincinnati *vs.* Edwin D. Morgan et al.—The facts in this case have been stated in the Times. The defendants are mortgagees of the Ohio and Mississippi Railroad Company, and plaintiff seeks to enforce a prior lien on the property of the Company, claimed to have attached in consequence of a loan made to the Company by the City of Cincinnati to aid in the construction of the road, in pursuance of an act of the Legislature of Ohio. The point made by the city was that the act in question required that the loan should be made upon such terms as should secure the city against loss, under any circumstances, and that, therefore, notwithstanding the fact that the city accepted a pledge of the stock of the Company as such security, there was still a lien in her favor on all the property of the Company, prior and superior to the mortgage lien of defendants. The following is the opinion of the Court, delivered by Justice Nelson:

This is an appeal from a decree of the Circuit Court of the United States for the Southern District of Ohio. The plaintiffs below, and appellees here, filed their bill against the Ohio and Mississippi Railroad Company, to foreclose a mortgage upon the road and fixtures, which was made on the 1st December, 1853, to secure the principal and interest of bonds issued by said company, to the amount of $1,500,000, and in respect to which default had been made in the payment of interest. This was a second mortgage on the road, and the bill prayed a decree of foreclosure, subject to the lien of the first mortgage.

The City of Cincinnati, the present appellant, was made a party defendant, appeared, and put in an answer, and, among other things alleged that the city had loaned to this railroad company its bonds to the amount of $600,000; and claimed that it was entitled to a lien on the road, as security for this loan, paramount to both the first and second mortgages. This was denied by the holders of the bonds under the second mortgage, and which presents the only question in the case.

By an act passed by the Legislature of Ohio, March 20, 1850, the City of Cincinnati was authorized to issue its bonds to the amount of $1,000,000, to be lent to the building of railroads terminating in the city, or to be subscribed to their capital stock, on a vote of the qualified voters of the city, and of the City Council. This vote was obtained in favor of this railroad company, agreeing to the issue of bonds to the amount of $600,000, of the city, to be secured by a mortgage upon such property of the company as the City Council should require.

The 7th section of this act of 1850 provided, in substance, as follows: That it shall be the duty of the said City Council, and it is hereby authorized, to contract with the said companies, (of which this Ohio and Mississippi was one,) to secure, by mortgages, transfers, or hypothecations of stock of said company, or by such other liens or securities, real or personal, as may be mutually agreed on, the payment of the amount of the principal of such bonds as may become due, and for the reimbursement of the interest upon the same, which shall have been paid by the City; and for the further purpose of the securing the City against all loss or losses which the same may suffer, whether by the payment of the said principle or interest, or any damages arising therefrom, that the above described liens, mortgages, or other securities shall have priority or precedence of all claims or obligations subsequently contracted by such company, and over other liens, securities, or other mortgages which were not duly entered into between the company and other persons, before the respective issues and loans aforesaid.

The ordinance of the City in respect to the security for its loan, as above authorized, is as follows: That before the bonds, or any part thereof, shall be delivered over to the said Company, it shall mortgage, hypothecate, pledge and deliver to the City $1,000,000 of the capital stock of said Company, under seal, and shall authorize the City Council to sell and dispose of so much of the stock as will realize the aforesaid sum of $600,000—said stock to be sold at such times, in such sums and upon such terms as the City Council may determine, and appropriate the proceeds in such manner as the same may direct.

These terms were assented to by the Company, and a certificate was duly issued, stating that the City of Cincinnati is the owner of 20,000 shares of the capital stock of the Ohio and Mississippi Railroad Company, transferable on the books of the Company at the Cincinnati office, upon surrender of this certificate;" and on the back of the certificate was indorsed, "This stock is issued, mortgaged, hypothecated and pledged to the City of Cincinnati as security for the loan of the bonds of the city for $600,000," &c. This certificate of stock was accepted by the City Council and deposited with the City Treasurer, and bonds of the city were soon after issued to the Company to the amount of the $600,000.

There is no doubt but that every part of this transaction was within the competency of the City Council on the one side and the railroad company on the other, as derived from the act of the Legislature of Ohio, already referred to, of the 20th March, 1850, and was valid and binding upon both the parties. The seventh section of this act confers the authority in express terms. The City Council is authorized to contract with the railroad company, to secure, by mortgages, transfers or hypothecations of their stock, or by such other liens or securities, real or personal, as may be mutually agreed upon, for the payment of the amount of the principal of the bonds as they become due, and for the reimbursement of any interest that might be paid by the city. The question in the case is, What are the rights acquired by the city, on the one hand, and obligations assumed by the railroad company on the other, by this arrangement? If we look simply to the contract between the parties, it is impossible to entertain any doubt about them. The city holds $1,000,000 in the stock of the company, as a security for the loan of $600,000 in city bonds, with a power of sale of the stock upon the terms mentioned. The whole transaction consists in a loan of bonds and a pledge of stock.

It is argued, however, that this seventh section of the act of 1850, impresses upon the transaction an effect and operation over and beyond the mere rights and obligations arising out of the contract. That the section transmutes the pledge of stock into a lien or mortgage upon the road and fixtures of the company, and makes it not only a charge upon them, but a charge prior in date to the second, and even the first mortgage; that, in effect, the pledge overrides all liens or incumbrances upon the road and fixtures, whether prior or subsequent in time, and postpones them to this alleged statute security of the loan of the City bonds. Certainly a statute that can have such a peculiar and strikingly inequitable effect and operation, should be very explicit and positive, in order to obtain the assent of a court of law or equity.

The lien is supposed to be given by the latter clause of the section, which is, in substance, as follows: And for the further purpose of securing said city against all loss or losses which the same may suffer, whether by payment of the principal or interest, or any damages arising therefrom; that the above liens, mortgages or other securities shall have priority or precedence of all claims or obligations subsequently contracted by such company, and over other liens, securities or mortgages which were not duly entered into between said company and other persons, before the respective issues and loans.

It will be remembered that the first clause in the section gave to the City Council an option as to the security they might take for the advance of the bonds. They might take mortgages, or hypothecations of stock of the Company, or such other lien or security, real or personal, as the parties should mutually agree to between themselves. The liens and securities, therefore, real or personal, that the City Council might require, depended upon their own views of what would be best for all the parties interstede in the enterprise of building the road. They could have exacted a mortgage upon the road or fixtures, or both, or be satisfied with personal security, such as the hypothecation of stock. They did, at first, decide in favor of a mortgage on the road, but soon afterward changed their opinion in favor of the hypothecation of stock—exacting a $1,000,000 of a stock for the $600,000 in their bonds. Now, "the above described liens, mortgages and securities," referred to in the subsequent clause of the section, and to which priority and precedence are given over claims and obligations subsequently entered into, is to be taken distributively; that is, if the City Council should stipulate for a lien by way of mortgage, upon the road, or upon personal property belonging to the company, or which might be acquired in the future, such liens or mortgages should have priority and precedence over claims and obligations subsequently contracted by the company.

The only answer to this view is, that it makes the clause a work of supererogation, as this would be the legal effect of the lien itself. That is true. The clause would be but declaratory of the law as it stood. This, however, is not a strange circumstance in legislation. A large portion of the modern codes is but declaratory of the common law as expounded by the Courts. We prefer this interpretation to the one that gives a lien against the stipulations of the parties, and where both were free to enter into them as authorized by a previous clause of the same section. Under this liberty, given to the City Council and the Company, the former rejected the lien upon the road by mortgage, preferring the personal security by a pledge or hypothecation of the stock.

The first clause of this section would be quite as idle and absurd a piece of legislation, which conferred upon the parties the authority of agreeing upon their own terms as to the nature and character of the security for the loans, as the latter, if, by the latter clause, whatever might be the security agreed upon, it must operate as a mortgage on the road, and have precedence over all others. Why give this choice of securities, if this would be the result? There was no necessity to stipulate for a mortgage on the road, if the statute gave the lien without it; nor propriety or sense in the choice between a mortgage and the pledge of stock, if a lien on the road followed either security.

The eighteenth section of the general law incorporating railroads, referred to as helping out this lien, we think, received its proper answer in the Court below, as not applicable to this Company: and the same in respect to a clause in the act of Feb. 10, 1851, incorporating the Cincinnati Western Railroad Company.

We think the decree of the Court below, against the claim of the City, was right, and should be affirmed.

Henry Stanbery for City of Cincinnati; C. D. Coffin and G. G. Mitchell for the Company; Wm. M. Evarts for defendants, Morgan and others.

United States Commissioner's Office.

Before Commissioner Osborn.

Police Officer No. 1,900, of the Seventh Precinct, was, yesterday, arrested and taken before the Commissioner, charged with knowingly and wilfully obstructing and retarding the passage of the United States Mail and the wagon which contained the mail, on Saturday, the 17th inst. He was held for examination, and permitted to go on his own recognizance, on the promise of Superintendent Kennedy that he would appear at any time the Commissioner might appoint.

Charles Zimmerman, a boy sixteen years of age, who was arrested on a charge of fraudulently obtaining from the Post-office letters containing money, checks, &c., was taken before Commissioner Osborn and held for examination.

Decisions.

SUPERIOR COURT—SPECIAL TERM—MARCH 19.

By Justice Barbour.

Adolphus Schwerin, et al. *vs.* Wm. A. McKie, et al.; motion granted. Jane Bryant *vs.* Mary Helen Bryant; motion granted, reviving action. James Collin, Jr., et al. *vs.* David N. Smith, et al.; motion granted. Michael Simon, et al. *vs.* Moses H. Moses; interrogatories, &c., settled. Max Eckert *vs.* Julius Korn; judgment for plaintiff on demurrer, with liberty to defendant to answer within twenty days on payment of costs of demurrer.

By Justice Jones.

Catharine N. Jenkins, Executrix, &c., et. al., *vs.* David E. Wheeler; case settled; the objections on pages 54, 55, 56, 57, 66, 67 and 70 of the printed book must be stricken out. The Rector, &c., of the Church of the Redeemer *vs.* James S. Crawford; case settled. Isabella Leyere *vs.* Johanna Hynes, et. al.; motion to dissolve injunction denied, with $10 costs.

SUPREME COURT—CHAMBERS—MARCH 19.

By Justice Ingraham.

Benjamin F. Bucklin *vs.* John Morrisey; motion to strike out third cause of action granted, unless plaintiff within ten days amends the same and pays $10 costs of motion.

By Justice Leonard.

Rosanna Montagu *vs.* Patrick Conway; case settled.

By Justice Sutherland.

Wm. H. Aspinwall *vs.* Simeon Draper; motion to vacate judgment, vacated with $10 costs.

COMMON PLEAS—SPECIAL TERM—MARCH 19.

By Judge Cardozo.

Harvey Howard *vs.* Simon W. France; if the defendant were not on bail I should probably grant this application, but as he has given bail, frequent applications of this character should not be encouraged; see Moer *vs.* Morri, 8 Abbott's, 257.

Court Calendar—This Day.

Supreme Court—Circuit—*Part I.*—Held by Justice James.—Nos. 1065, 1207, 1217, 1219, 1241, 1243, 1245, 1247, 1249, 1253, 1257, 1259, 1265, 1269, 1271, 1273, 1275, 1277, 1279, 1281. *Part II.*—Held by Justice Sutherland.—Nos. 920, 916, 728, 666, 1118, 402, 750, 1068, 960, 972, 136, 1428, 1430, 1432, 1436, 1438, 1440, 1442, 1444, 1446. *Part III.*—Nos. 890, 472, 1103, 931, 600, 645, 981, 1140, 1358, 905, 334, 1085, 988, 1186, 1205, 995, 872, 1002, 461, 661.

Supreme Court Chambers.—Held by Justice Barnard.—Nos. 82, 93. Call begins at No. 98.

Supreme Court—Special Term.—Held by Justice Ingraham, on the third floor of No. 73 Duane-street. Court opens at 10½ A. M.—Nos. 158, 243, 244, 284, 248, 270, 269, 281, 250, 251, 252, 78, 79, 194, 254, 271, 255, 256, 257, 258.

Superior Court—Part I.—Held by Justice Garvin. Court opens at 11 A. M. Nos. 1779, 1475, 1791, 2517, 2017, 2019, 2021, 2023, 2025, 2027, 2029, 2031, 2033, 2039, 2043. *Part II.*—Held by Justice Monell. Nos. 2182, 2566, 2500, 2490, 2640, 2540, 2570, 2076, 2598, 1452, 2656, 2658, 2672, 2674, 2676.

Common Pleas, Trial Term—*Part I.*—Adjourned to Monday, 26th inst. *Part II.*—Held by Judge Brady. Court opens at 11 A. M. Nos. 843, 1468, 891, 1503, 1506, 1421, 1532, 1533, 950, 1340, 1440, 1420, 1432, 1046, 1275.

Court of General Sessions.

No business was done in the Court of General Sessions yesterday, in consequence of a death in the family of Judge Russel.

The case of Bainbridge Smith, indicted for libel on Judge Cardozo, was first on the calendar, but a certificate from Mr. Smith's physician set forth his utter inability to attend. This case will, therefore, go over to the next term.

The Court adjourned till Wednesday.

THE CITY GOVERNMENT.

[OFFICIAL.]

BOARD OF ALDERMEN.

STATED SESSION—Monday, March 19, 1866, 2 o'clock, P. M.

Present—John Brice, Esq., President; Aldermen Moore, Coman, Norton, McBrien, Flynn, Gedney, Ely, Ryers, Reilly, Brice, Loew, Masterson, Varnum, O'Brien, McGinnis, Van Voorhis.

The minutes of the last meeting were read and approved.

PETITIONS.

By Alderman Masterson—

Petition of property owners in Forty-seventh-street, between Broadway and Eighth-avenue, for a sewer.

Which was referred to the Committee on Sewers.

RESOLUTIONS.

By Alderman Norton—

Resolved, That the curb and gutter stones be set and sidewalk flagged in Thomas-street, between West Broadway and Hudson-street, under the direction of the Street Commissioner.

Which was referred to the Committee on Streets.

By Alderman McGinnis—

Resolved, That Fifty-ninth-street, between the Second and Third avenues, be paved with Belgian pavement, under the direction of the Croton Board, the property owners to pay the entire cost.

Which was referred to the Committee on Roads.

By Alderman Norton—

Resolved, That the Street Commissioner be and he hereby is directed to procure a suitable stand of colors for presentation to the Fourth Regiment National Guard State of New-York, (late Duryee's Zouaves,) and the sum of eight hundred dollars be and the same is hereby appropriated for the payment thereof.

Which was referred to the Committee on Arts and Sciences.

By Alderman Norton—

Resolved, That the curb and gutter-stones be set and the sidewalk flagged in Hudson-street, from Worth to Thomas streets, under the direction of the Street Commissioner.

Which was referred to the Committee on Streets.

By Alderman Shannon—

Resolved, That the curb and gutter stones be set in Ninety-first-street, between the Third and Fourth avenues, under the direction of the Street Commissioner.

Which was referred to the Committee on Roads.

By Alderman Van Voorhis—

Resolved, That the salary of the Assistant Engineer in the Croton Aqueduct Department, Benjamin S. Church, be increased from fourteen hundred and fifty ($1,450) dollars to three thousand ($3,000) dollars, to take effect from the passage of this resolution.

Which was referred to the Committee on Finance.

By Alderman McBrien—

Resolved, That the Street Commissioner be and he is hereby directed to notify the New-York and Harlem Railroad Company to remove the rail track in White-street, between Centre and Elm streets, immediately, and in the event of a neglect or refusal on the part of said Company to comply with said direction, then the said Street Commissioner is hereby authorized, directed and required to remove said rails, and to sue for and recover from the said Railroad Company the expense incurred in such removal.

Which was referred to the Committee on Streets.

By Alderman Masterson—

Resolved, That the sidewalk on Fifty-seventh-street, about twenty feet west of Eighth-avenue, be repaired and the flagging reset immediately, under the direction of the Street Commissioner.

Which was adopted.

By Alderman Masterson—

Resolved, That gas mains be laid in Eighty-sixth-street, between Broadway and Hudson River, and that said street be lighted immediately, under the direction of the Street Commissioner.

Which was adopted.

By Alderman McGinnis—

Resolved, That the low and sunken lots on the south side of Seventy-ninth-street, between First and Second avenues, be filled in, under the direction of the Street Commissioner, and the annexed ordinance be adopted.

Which was laid over.

By Alderman Varnum—

Resolved, That the Board of Councilmen be respectfully requested to return to this Board the resolution making a donation to the managers of the Patriot Orphans' Home.

Which was adopted by the following vote:

Affirmative—Aldermen Moore, Coman, Norton, McBrien, Gedney, Ely, Ryers, Reilly, The President, Loew, Masterson, Varnum, McGinnis, Van Voorhis—14.

Negative—Alderman O'Brien—1.

By Alderman Ely—

Resolved, That hereafter in the proceedings of this Board, immediately after motions and resolutions, each member be allowed to call up one General Order, commencing each alternate meeting with the member from the First and the member from the Seventeenth Districts, and such regulation shall hereafter constitute one of the rules of this Board.

Which was adopted.

By Alderman Loew—

Whereas, The Mayor, Aldermen and Commonalty of the City of New-York did, on the fourth day of January, one thousand eight hundred and fifty-nine, grant and convey to the Board of Governors of the New-York State Woman's Hospital, the block of ground in the City of New-York, bounded by the Fourth-avenue and Forty-ninth-street, Lexington-avenue and Fiftieth-street, for the consideration of the sum of one dollar, and for the further consideration that the Governors of said New-York State Woman's Hospital should provide and maintain twenty-four free beds for poor persons residing in the City of New-York; to have and to hold the premises hereby granted, so long as the ground herein specified should be used for the purpose of the State Woman's Hospital, and no longer; and

Whereas, The Board of Governors of the New-York State Woman's Hospital having hitherto entirely neglected, and entirely failed to comply with any of the provisions and obligations in such grant contained, and having never entered upon or in any wise taken possession of the premises thereby intended to be conveyed, and no longer use such premises for the purpose of the State Woman's Hospital; therefore, be it

Resolved, By the Mayor, Aldermen and Comonalty of the City of New-York in Common Council convened, that the grant of land heretofore made to the Board of Governors of the New-York State Woman's Hospital of the premises in the Nineteenth Ward of the City of New-York, bounded by Forty-ninth and Fiftieth streets and the Fourth and Lexington avenues, be and the same is hereby cancelled and revoked, and that all the rights and appurtenances thereto conveyed to the said Board of Governors of the New-York State Woman's Hospital by the instrument dated January fourth, one thousand eight hundred and fifty-nine, are hereby rescinded, abrogated and annulled, such institution never having entered upon said premises or in any way complied with the terms of the grant so intended to be made to them.

Which was laid over.

INVITATIONS.

An invitation was received from the Blinktown Guard to attend their ball, to take place on the twenty-second instant.

Which was accepted.

COMMUNICATIONS.

A communication was received from the Counsel to the Corporation, transmitting the draft of an act to be presented to the Legislature of the State of New-York to authorize the Mayor, Aldermen and Commonalty of the City to alter or change the grades of all streets west of Eleventh-avenue and north of Thirty-first-street.

Which was received and referred to the Committee on Streets.

REPORTS.

The Committee on Finance presented a report making a donation to the Calvary Church to pay an assessment.

Which was laid over.

The Committee on Finance presented a report to make a donation to the Magdalen Asylum, to enable them to pay an assessment.

Which was laid over.

The Committee on Finance presented a report to make a donation to the German Lutheran Church in Fiftieth-street, between Third and Fourth avenues.

Which was laid over.

The Committee on Finance presented a report making a donation to the New-York Infirmary for Women and Children.

Which was laid over.

The Committee on Streets presented a report to regulate, grade, &c., Thirty-fourth-street, between Tenth and Twelfth avenues.

Which was recommitted to the Committee.

The Committee on Streets presented a report granting permission to the Corporation of Trinity Church to flag, &c., Vestry-street, between Hudson and Greenwich streets.

Which was adopted.

The Committee on Sewers presented a report to build a sewer in Forty-eighth-street, between Fourth and Fifth avenues.

Which was laid over.

The Committee on Streets presented a report to lay a crosswalk in Laurens and Grand streets.

Which was laid over.

The Committee on Streets presented a report to flag Thirty-eighth-street, between First and Second avenues, full width.

Which was laid over.

The Committee on Streets presented a report to flag Thirteenth-street, in front of premises number one hundred and ten, full width.

Which was laid over.

The Committee on Sewers presented a report in favor of building a sewer in Fifty-seventh-street, between Sixth and Seventh avenues.

Which was laid over.

GENERAL ORDERS.

Report of Committee on Finance, in favor of adopting resolution as follows:

Resolved, That the Comptroller be and he is hereby authorized and directed to draw a warrant in favor of the Trustees of the Lexington-avenue Presbyterian Church, corner of Forty-sixth-street and Lexington-avenue, for the sum of four hundred and sixteen dollars and eighty-three cents, with interest, as a donation, and to enable said Trustees to pay the taxes, assessments, &c., now due on the property of said church, the amount to be charged by the Comptroller to the account of Donations.

Which was adopted by the following vote:

Affirmative—Aldermen Moore, Coman, Norton, McBrien, Flynn, Ely, Ryers, Reilly, The President, Loew, Masterson, Varnum, O'Brien, McGinnis, Van Voorhis—15.

Negative—Alderman Gedney—1.

Report of Committee on Finance in favor of adopting resolution as follows:

Resolved, That the Comptroller be and he is hereby authorized and directed to draw his warrant in favor of Leander Buck for the sum of three hundred and fifty dollars and eighty cents in full, for bill hereto annexed, for expenses incurred conveying remains of Capt. E. K. Butler to Calvary Cemetery, the amount to be taken from the appropriation for City Contingencies.

Which was adopted by the following vote:

Affirmative—Aldermen Moore, Coman, Norton, McBrien, Flynn, Gedney, Ely, Reilly, The President, Loew, O'Brien, McGinnis, Van Voorhis—13.

Negative—Aldermen Ryers, Martin, Varnum—3.

Resolved, That permission be and is hereby given to Arthur Gentil, of number seven hundred and thirty-three Broadway, to place a showcase on each side of the door in front of his said premises until otherwise ordered by the Common Council.

Which was referred to the Alderman of the District.

Resolved, That the pay of Inspectors appointed by the Croton Aqueduct Board to supervise the construction of or the repairs to any street, pavement, or cross-walk, or well and pumps, be and the same is hereby fixed at the rate of three dollars per day for each and every day they may be so employed, and that the pay of such Inspectors who may be employed on works for which contracts are now made be continued at the present rate of two dollars per day.

(By Board of Aldermen, January twenty-nine, one thousand eight hundred and sixty-six, amended by adding after the words "Croton Aqueduct Board" the words "and Street Department," and after the word "pumps" the words "or street improvements.")

(By Board of Aldermen, February five, one thousand eight hundred and sixty-six, further amended by striking out the words "of two dollars per day.")

Which was adopted, as amended, by the following vote:

Affirmative—Aldermen Moore, Coman, Flynn, Gedney, Ely, Reilly, The President, Loew, Masterson, Varnum, O'Brien, McGinnis, Van Voorhis—13.

Negative—Aldermen Norton, McBrien, Ryers—3.

Report of Committee on Finance, in favor of adopting resolution as follows:

Resolved, That the Comptroller be and he is hereby authorized and directed to draw a warrant in favor of Isaac S. Hartley, Pastor of the Union Reformed Protestant Dutch Church in Sixth-avenue, for the sum of two hundred and sixty-nine dollars and ten cents, as a donation, to enable said church to pay the taxes for the year one thousand eight hundred and sixty-five, the amount to be credited to the account of Donations.

Which was adopted by the following vote:

Affirmative—Aldermen Moore, Coman, Norton, McBrien, Flynn, Ely, Ryers, Reilly, The President, Loew, Masterson, Varnum, O'Brien, McGinnis, Van Voorhis—15.

Negative—Alderman Gedney—1.

Report of Committee on Finance in favor of adopting resolution as follows:

Resolved, That the Comptroller be and he is hereby authorized and directed to draw a warrant in favor of Charles Misch, President of the Board of the "Adaret El," for the sum of sixty-four dollars and eighty cents, as a donation, to be applied in payment of the taxes for the year one thousand eight hundred and sixty-four, imposed upon the church property of the said congregation, the amount to be charged by the Commissioners to the account of Donations.

Which was adopted by the following vote:

Affirmative—Aldermen Moore, Coman, Norton, McBrien, Flynn, Ely, Ryers, Reilly, The President, Loew, Masterson, Varnum, O'Brien, McGinnis, Van Voorhis—15.

Negative—Alderman Gedney—1.

Report of Committee on Streets in favor of adopting resolution as follows:

Resolved, That Walker-street be paved with Belgian pavement, from Broadway to West-street, under the direction of the Croton Aqueduct Board, and that the accompanying ordinance therefor be adopted.

Which was adopted by the following vote:

Affirmative—Aldermen Moore, Coman, Norton, McBrien, Flynn, Gedney, Ely, Ryers, Reilly, The President, Loew, Masterson, Varnum, O'Brien, McGinnis, Van Voorhis—16.

Report of Committee on Public Health in favor of adopting resolution as follows:

Resolved, That the Committee on Public Health be and is hereby discharged from further consideration of the communication from the Croton Aqueduct Board of January eleventh, one thousand eight hundred and sixty-six, and that the same be placed on file.

Indefinitely postponed.

Report of Committee on Streets, in favor of adopting resolution as follows:

Resolved, That Thirty-third-street, between the First and Lexington avenues, be paved with Belgian pavement, under the direction of the Croton Aqueduct Board, and that the accompanying ordinance therefore be adopted.

Which was laid over.

Resolved, That Twenty-second-street, between Broadway and Fourth-avenue, be paved with Belgian pavement, said work to be done under the direction of the Croton Aqueduct Department, and that the accompanying ordinance therefor be adopted.

Which was adopted by the following vote:

Affirmative—Aldermen Moore, Coman, Norton, McBrien, Flynn, Ely, Ryers, Reilly, The President, Loew, Masterson, Varnum, O'Brien, McGinnis, Van Voorhis—15.

Report of Committee on Roads in favor of adopting resolution as follows:

Resolved, That the sidewalks of Eighty-seventh-street, between Third and Fourth-avenues, be flagged, where necessary, under the direction of the Street Commissioner, and that the accompanying ordinance therefor be adopted.

Which was adopted by the following vote:

Affirmative—Aldermen Moore, Coman, Norton, McBrien, Flynn, Gedney, Ely, Ryers, Reilly, The President, Loew, Masterson, Varnum, O'Brien, McGinnis, Van Voorhis—16.

Alderman Ryers moved to suspend the present order of business for the purpose of taking up paper from the Board of Councilmen.

Which was carried.

PAPER FROM BOARD OF COUNCILMEN.

Report of Committee on Finance, making appropriation for the support of the City Government, &c., for the year one thousand eight hundred and sixty-six.

Board of Councilmen, March nineteen, one thousand eight hundred and sixty-six, amended by striking out the sum of two hundred thousand dollars for Belgian Pavement and inserting the sum of one hundred thousand dollars in lieu thereof.

Alderman Norton moved that this Board do adhere to its former action.

Which was carried.

Whereupon Alderman Ely presented the following resolution:

Whereas, It is evident, from the diverse action of both branches of the Common Council, on the ordinance making appropriations for the support of the City Government for the present year, that concurrent action thereon is a matter of impossibility, and as the proper and efficient working of the municipal government imperatively demands that the funds necessary should be realized by the action of the State Legislature at as early a day as possible; be it therefore

Resolved, That the Clerk of the Common Council be and he is hereby directed to transmit to the President of the Senate and the Speaker of the Assembly, a duly certified copy of the ordinance making appropriations for the present year, as passed by the Board of Aldermen, on the fourteenth instant, with a request that the Legislature pass the usual enabling act authorizing the Board of Supervisors to levy the tax required to be levied in order to raise the amount of money necessary for the support of the City Government for the year one thousand eight hundred and sixty-six.

Which was adopted.

Alderman Varnum moved to reconsider the above action.

Which was carried.

He then moved that the resolution be laid on the table.

Which was lost.

Alderman Ely asked leave to withdraw the resolution for the present.

Which was granted.

The ordinance making the appropriations for the support of the City Government for the present year was then returned to the Board of Councilmen, with the action of this Board indorsed thereon.

GENERAL ORDERS RESUMED.

Report of Committee on Roads, in favor of adopting resolution as follows:

Resolved, That cross-walks be laid out at each of the intersections of Lawrence-street with One Hundred and Twenty-seventh-street, Tenth-avenue, one Hundred and Twenty-eighth-street, and Broadway, under the direction of the Croton Aqueduct Board, and that the accompanying ordinance therefor be adopted.

Which was adopted by the following vote:

Affirmative—Aldermen Moore, Coman, Norton, McBrien, Flynn, Gedney, Ely, Ryers, Reilly, The President, Loew, Masterson, Varnum, O'Brien, McGinnis, Van Voorhis—16.

Report of Committee on Roads in favor of adopting resolution as follows:

Resolved, That the sidewalks on both sides of One Hundred and Twenty-ninth-street, between Fifth and Eighth avenues, be flagged a space four feet wide through the middle of the same, where not already paved, under the direction of the Street Commissioner, and that the accompanying ordinance therefor be adopted.

Which was adopted by the following vote:

Affirmative—Aldermen Moore, Coman, Norton, Flynn, Gedney, Ely, Ryers, Reilly, The President, Loew, Masterson, Varnum, O'Brien, McGinnis, Van Voorhis—15.

Report of Committee on Roads in favor of adopting resolution as follows:

Resolved, That One Hundred and Fourteenth-street, from Third to Fourth-avenue, be regulated and graded, the curb and gutter stones be set, and the sidewalk flagged a space four feet wide through the middle thereof, under the direction of the Street Commissioner, and that the accompanying ordinance therefor be adopted.

Which was adopted by the following vote:

Affirmative—Aldermen Moore, Coman, Norton, Flynn, Gedney, Ely, Ryers, Reilly, The President, Loew, Masterson, Varnum, O'Brien, McGinnis, Van Voorhis—15.

Report of Committee on Roads, in favor of adopting resolution as follows:

Resolved, That crosswalks be laid at each of the intersections of One Hundred and Twenty-ninth-street with the Tenth-avenue, Broadway and the Eleventh and Twelfth avenues, under the direction of the Croton Aqueduct Board, and that the accompanying ordinance therefor be adopted.

Which was adopted by the following vote:

Affirmative—Aldermen Moore, Coman, Norton, Flynn, Gedney, Ely, Ryers, Reilly, The President, Loew, Masterson, Varnum, O'Brien, McGinnis, Van Voorhis—15.

Report of Committee on Roads in favor of adopting resolution as follows:

Resolved, That the sidewalks on both sides of Eighth-avenue, from One Hundred and Twenty-fifth to One Hundred and Twenty-ninth streets, be flagged a space four feet wide through the middle of the same, where not already done, under the direction of the Street Commissioner, and that the accompanying ordinance therefor be adopted.

Which was adopted by the following vote:

Affirmative—Aldermen Moore, Coman, Norton, Flynn, Gedney, Ely, Reilly, The President, Loew, Masterson, Varnum, O'Brien, McGinnis, Van Voorhis—14.

Report of Committee on Roads in favor of adopting resolution as follows:

Resolved, That Ninety-first-street, from Third to Fourth avenues, be curbed, guttered and the sidewalks flagged a space four feet wide through the centre thereof, under the direction of the Street Commissioner, and that the accompanying ordinance therefor be adopted.

Which was adopted by the following vote:

Affirmative—Aldermen Moore, Coman, Norton, Flynn, Gedney, Ely, Reilly, The President, Loew, Masterson, Varnum, O'Brien, McGinnis, Van Voorhis—14.

Report of Committee on Roads in favor of adopting resolution as follows:

Resolved, That the sidewalks on the south side of Fifty-seventh-street, between First and Second avenues, be flagged eight feet wide where not already done, under the direction of the Street Commissioner, and that the accompanying ordinance therefor be adopted.

Which was adopted by the following vote:

Affirmative—Aldermen Moore, Coman, Norton, Flynn, Gedney, Ely, Reilly, The President, Loew, Masterson, Varnum, O'Brien, McGinnis, Van Voorhis—14.

Report of Committee on Roads in favor of adopting resolution as follows:

Resolved, That Fifty-seventh-street, between First and Second avenues, be paved with the stone-block pavement, under the direction of the Croton Aqueduct Department, the whole expense to be borne by the owners of property benefited, under the direction of the Croton Board, and that the accompanying ordinance therefor be adopted.

Which was adopted by the following vote:

Affirmative—Aldermen Moore, Coman, Norton, Flynn, Gedney, Ely, Reilly, The President, Loew, Masterson, Varnum, O'Brien, McGinnis, Van Voorhis—14.

Report of Committee on Wharves, Piers and Slips in favor of adopting resolution as follows:

Resolved, That the Street Commissioner be and he is hereby authorized and directed to rebuild the bulkhead on the proper line at the foot of East Forty-ninth-street.

Alderman Ely moved to amend the resolution by adding the words, "that the same be done by contract."

Which was carried.

The resolution as amended was adopted by the following vote:

Affirmative—Aldermen Moore, Coman, Norton, Flynn, Gedney, Ely, Ryers, Reilly, The President, Loew, Masterson, Varnum, O'Brien, McGinnis, Van Voorhis—15.

Report of Committee on Streets in favor of adopting resolution as follows:

Resolved, That Irving-place, from Fourteenth-street to Gramercy Park, be paved with Belgian pavement, one-half the expense to be paid by the property-owners and the remainder by the City, under the direction of the Croton Aqueduct Board, and that the accompanying ordinance therefor be adopted.

Alderman O'Brien moved to amend by striking out Fourteenth-street and inserting Nineteenth-street.

Which was carried, and as amended the same was laid over.

Report of Committee on Streets in favor of adopting resolution as follows:

Resolved, That Sixteenth-street, from Third to Fourth avenues, be paved with Belgian pavement, one-half the expense to be borne by the property owners and the remainder by the City, under the direction of the Croton Aqueduct Board, and that the accompanying ordinance therefor be adopted.

Alderman Varnum moved to amend by striking out the words Fourth-avenue and inserting the words Rutherford-place.

Which was carried, and as amended the same was laid over.

Report of Committee on Streets, in favor of adopting resolution as follows:

Resolved, That Second and Third-avenues be paved from Twenty-sixth to Forty-second-street with Belgian pavement, one-half the expense to be borne by the property owners, and the balance by the City, under the direction of the Croton Aqueduct Board, and that the accompanying ordinance therefor be adopted.

Which was adopted by the following vote:

Affirmative—Aldermen Moore, Coman, Norton, Flynn, Gedney, Ely, Ryers, Reilly, The President, Loew, Masterson, Varnum, O'Brien, McGinnis, Van Voorhis—15.

MOTIONS RESUMED.

Alderman Masterson moved to suspend the present order of business for the purpose of taking up paper from the Board of Councilmen.

Which was carried.

PAPER FROM THE BOARD OF COUNCILMEN.

Report of Committee on Finance making the appropriations for the year one thousand eighteen hundred and sixty-six.

Board of Councilmen, March nineteen, one thousand eighteen hundred and sixty-six, the former action of this Board, has been this day adhered to.

Alderman Varnum moved for the appointment of a Conference Committee.

The motion together with the paper was laid over for the present.

Resolution directing the Croton Board to defer the work of paving Fifty-seventh-street, between Sixth and Seventh avenues, until the gas and water pipes and sewer are laid in said street.

Which was concurred in.

Resolved, That the Counsel to the Corporation be and he is hereby authorized and directed to appeal from the judgment of the General Term of the Supreme Court to the Court of Appeals, in the matter of the mandamus against the Common Council for the creation of certain market stock, for the purpose of erecting a market in the Eighteenth Ward.

Which was concurred in by the following vote:

Affirmative—Aldermen Moore, Coman, Norton, Flynn, Ely, Ryers, Reilly, The President, Masterson, Varnum, McGinnis, Van Voorhis—12.

Negative—Aldermen Gedney, Loew—2.

MOTIONS RESUMED.

Alderman Ely here moved to take up the resolution offered by him at the present session of this Board, which was adopted, subsequently reconsidered and laid over, which directs the Clerk of the Common Council to forward a copy of the ordinance adopted by this Board on the furteenth instant, making the annual appropriations for the support of the City Government for the present year, to the presiding officers of the Senate and Assembly of the Legislature of this State.

Which was carried and the resolution adopted.

COMMUNICATIONS RESUMED.

A communication was received from the Counsel to the Corporation in answer to a resolution of inquiry in relations to laying gas pipes in the City by gas companies who have no existing contracts.

Which was received and directed to be printed on the minutes, and referred to the Committee on Lamps and Gas.

PAPERS FROM THE BOARD OF COUNCILMEN RESUMED.

AN ORDINANCE

FOR THE BETTER PROTECTION OF PASSENGERS ON FERRIES IN THE CITY AND COUNTY OF NEW-YORK.

The Mayor, Aldermen and Commonalty in the City of New-York, in Common Council convened, do ordain as follows:

Section 1. All landings of steam ferry-boats to and from the City and County of New-York, and within the jurisdiction of the Mayor, Aldermen, and Commonalty as aforesaid, shall henceforth be furnished by the person or persons, company or companies, in charge thereof, with gates that will, when closed, prevent any person from passing to and from the boats where the landing is made.

Sec. 2. Every such boat shall immediately on its arrival be securely fastened to the landing, and shall so continue while the gate remains open, and every such gate shall be and remain closed until such fastening shall have been made; and no such boat shall be cast off or unfastened, or removed from the landing, or shall attempt to be cast off or unfastened, or removed from the landing until such gate shall have been carefully and securely closed.

Sec. 3. For any violation of this ordinance the person or persons, company or companies, having charge as aforesaid, shall be liable to a penalty of fifty dollars, to be recovered as other penalties for violations of ordinances of the Corporation are recovered; provided that no violation shall be deemed to have occurred within fifteen days from the passage of this ordinance.

Which was referred to the Committee on Ferries.

Report of the Special Committee appointed to make the necessary arrangements to properly celebrate the twenty-second of February, with resolution as follows:

Resolved, That the Comptroller be and is hereby directed to draw his warrant for the amounts hereunto annexed, and inform the parties in whose names said amounts are presented.

J. G. & I. L. Edge, fireworks, ten thousand two hundred and fifty dollars.

George Mawbey, salutes, two hundred and fifty dollars.

George W. Roome, decorations, &c., three hundred and thirty dollars.

Lewis Carpenter, stands, three hundred dollars.

Edward Van Ranst, coaches, eighty dollars.

Hill's Band, music, two places, one hundred and forty-four dollars.

Manahan's Band, music, two places, one hundred and seventy-six dollars.

D. L. Downing's Band, music, two places, one hundred and eight dollars.

C. S. Grafulla's Band, music, two places, two hundred and eight dollars.

Wannemaker's Band, music, two places, one hundred and twelve dollars.

Donation to the Veteran Corps, one hundred and fifty dollars.

Staats Zeitung, advertising, twenty-three dollars.

Commercial Advertiser, advertising, sixteen dollars and twenty cents.

New-York *News*, advertising, seventy-three dollars.

Courrier des Etats Unis, twenty-five dollars and fifty cents.

New-York *World*, fifty-seven dollars.

New-York *Times*, twenty-four dollars and fifty cents.

New-York *Sun*, fifty-one dollars.

Evening Post, forty-eight dollars and forty cents.

New-Yorker Journal, thirty dollars.

James McAdam, ringing bells, three dollars.

J. T. Reed, ringing bells, three dollars.

Charles Heieburg, ringing bells, three dollars.

George Brainton, ringing bells, three dollars.

James E. Ayliffe, ringing bells, ten dollars.

Total, twelve thousand four hundred and seventy-three dollars and sixty cents.

Which was laid over.

Report of Committee on Ferries, to establish a ferry at the foot of Spring-street, North River.

Which was laid over.

GENERAL ORDERS RESUMED.

Resolution of Board of Councilmen as follows:

Resolved, That the Committee on National Affairs be and they are hereby authorized and directed, on behalf of the City of New-York, to procure for and present to the Fifty-fifth Regiment New-York State National Guard, a stand of regimental colors, and the sum of eight hundred dollars is hereby appropriated therefor, and the Comptroller is authorized and directed to draw his warrant in payment for the same, upon the presentation of the proper vouchers, and charge the same to account of City Contingencies.

Which was laid over.

Alderman Ely moved to amend by inserting after the words "Committee on National Affairs" the words "of the Board of Councilmen, and Committee on Arts and Sciences of the Board of Aldermen."

Which was carried.

The paper was then laid over.

Resolution by Board of Councilmen, as follows:

Resolved, That the sidewalks on both sides of the First-avenue, from Eighty-sixth to Ninety-second-street, be flagged a space four feet wide through the centre thereof, under the direction of the Street Commissioner, and that the accompanying ordinance be adopted therefor.

Which was concurred in by the following vote:

Affirmative—Aldermen Moore, Coman, Norton, Flynn, Ely, Ryers, Reilly, The President, Loew, Masterson, Varnum, McGinnis—11.

Negative—Alderman Gedney—1.

Report of Committee on Sewers, in favor of concurring with the Board of Councilmen in adopting resolution as follows:

Resolved, That permission is hereby granted to Thos. Varker and Mrs. John F. Collins to run a private drain through Avenue A, from the corner of Eighty-fourth to Eighty-sixth-street, then tapping the sewer for the purpose of draining their private property, there being no intervening sewer; the same to be done at the expense of said Thomas Varper and Mrs. J. F. Collins, under the direction of the Croton Aqueduct Department.

Which was adopted.

MOTIONS RESUMED.

Alderman Norton moved that when the Board adjourn it do adjourn to meet on Monday next, twenty-sixth instant, at two o'clock P. M.

Which was carried.

He thereupon moved that the Board do now adjourn.

Which was carried by the following vote:

Affirmative—Aldermen Moore, Coman, Norton, Ryers, Reilly, The President, Loew, Masterson—8.

Negative—Aldermen Flynn, Gedney, Ely, Varnum, McGinnis—5.

Whereupon the President declared that the Board stood adjourned until Monday next, the twenty-sixth instant, at two o'clock P. M.

D. T. VALENTINE,
Clerk of the Common Council.

HELP WANTED.

AGENTS WANTED.

NOW IN PRESS AND WILL BE READY SOON,
J. T. HEADLEY'S
HISTORY OF THE WAR.

Complete in two volumes. Also issued complete in one volume. The best, cheapest, most interesting, popular and valuable History of the Rebellion published, which is fully attested by the enormous sale it has reached and is now selling with increased rapidity.

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The great campaigns of GRANT and SHERMAN, by the popular historian, J. T. Headley.
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The most attractive work on the war. Extra inducements offered. Send stamp for terms. Address

E. B. TREAT & CO.,
No. 130 Grand-st., New-York.

LIFE INSURANCE AGENTS.—LOCAL agents and City solicitors wanted by a first-class Life Insurance Company, offering greater advantages than any other in the country. Clergymen, teachers and business men who have some leisure time, can largely increase their income by hearty effort in "life business." Energetic and reliable parties will find very liberal encouragement by addressing LIFE COMPANY, Post-office Box No. 6,767.

$1,500 PER YEAR.—WE WANT AGENTS everywhere to sell our improved $20 sewing-machines. Three new kinds. Under and upper feed. Warranted five years. Above salary or large commissions paid. The only machines sold in United States for less than $40, which are *fully licensed by Howe, Wheeler & Wilson, Grover & Baker, Singer & Co., and Bachelder. All other cheap machines are infringements.* Circulars *free.* Address or call upon SHAW & CLARK, Biddeford, Maine.

A LARGE NUMBER OF GIRLS, WITH good recommendations, wanted at the Select Servants' Institute, No. 138 11th-st., corner 6th-av.; excellent situations ready for cooks, chambermaids, waitresses, laundresses, nurses, seamstresses and houseworkers. Also girls lately landed wanted for excellent situations.

AGENTS WANTED—$150 PER MONTH, TO sell the Common Sense Family Sewing-Machine; it will hem, stitch, fell, quilt, bind, braid and embroider beautifully. Price only $20. Every machine is warranted for three years. For terms and circulars address C. BOWERS & CO., No. 255 S. 5th-st., Philadelphia, Penn.

GARDENER WANTED—A SINGLE MAN, who understands plain gardening well, and can milk, to take charge of a small country seat at Rye; a Protestant preferred. Apply, with references, at 274 Bowery.

GROOM WANTED—NOT OVER 140 POUNDS in weight, who can milk, and must be capable of keeping wagon, harness, &c., in perfect order. Apply at No. 171 Broadway, Room No. 11 before 3.

A GIRL WANTED.—INQUIRE IN THE BUTter-store, No. 572 8th-av., New-York.

WANTED—BY A FAMILY RESIDING IN NEW-Jersey, in a situation conveniently reached by ferry and horse-cars, a visiting governess, qualified to undertake the rudimentary education of three children—aged 13, 11 and 9; English branches, French and music are the requirements, and a few hours a day, to begin with, are all desired. Address R. M. B., No. 245 Grove-st., Jersey City.

WANTED—A FIRST-CLASS MARRIED MAN as gardener and coachman on a gentleman's place a few miles from the City; must have good recommendations from his last employer; to save time and trouble none but Scotch, English or German need apply. Call on Wednesday and Thursday from 11 A. M. to 1 P. M. at No. 54 Wall-st., Room No. 3.

WANTED—AT BOOKHAM'S NO. 329 4TH-AV., a number of extra waitresses, nurses, seamstresses, ladies' maids, chambermaids, laundresses, extra and other cooks, houseworkers, and young girls; American, English, Irish, Scotch, German, &c., for excellent situations.

WANTED—A WAITER IN A SMALL FAMILY; must understand his business thoroughly, and have good City references; none others need call. Inquire between 10 and 12 o'clock, A. M., at No. 37 William-st., third story, front room.

WANTED—AN EXPERIENCED INFANT'S nurse, to go to the country; liberal wages will be given to a competent person; Protestant preferred. Apply at No. 3 Washington-square, between 10 and 12 o'clock this morning.

WANTED—A MAN AND WIFE, WITHOUT children, to go a short distance in the country; the man as gardener and coachman, the wife as cook; good references required. Apply, after 1 o'clock, at Room No. 13, No. 46 Exchange-place.

WANTED—A FIRST-CLASS LAUNDRESS TO go to the country; liberal wages for a competent and obliging person; Protestant preferred. Apply at No. 3 Washington-square, between 10 and 12 o'clock this morning.

WANTED.—AGENTS, MALE AND FEMALE, are making as high as $20 per day with "THE GREAT LABOR SAVER," worth $20 to any family. Only $3 to $10 capital required. Send stamp for particulars. R. WAYVELL, Box No. 4,781, Chicago.

WANTED—A TIDY GIRL AS CHAMBERMAID and waitress, and to help with washing, in a small private family; must bring good City references. Call before 11 o'clock at No. 72 Union-place.

WANTED—A GOOD VEGETABLE GARDENER for a Summer Hotel, 50 miles from City. Inquire at Sheppard's seed-store, No. 214 Pearl-st., from 10 till 2 o'clock.

WANTED—A NEAT SEAMSTRESS WHO UNderstands Wheeler & Wilson's machine; one who can dress hair preferred. Apply at No. 82 10th-st., near 5th-av.

WANTED—A FIRST-CLASS COOK; MUST BE well recommended and understand her business thoroughly; none others need apply. Call between the hours of 9 and 12 at No. 438 5th-av.

WANTED—FOR THE SOUTH, A COOK, CHAMbermaid and waitress; nurses and good help of every calling for the City.
Mrs. GREEN'S, No. 950 Broadway.

WANTED—COMPETENT AGENTS TO CANvass for the United States Accident Insurance Company. Liberal terms will be made with gentlemen of good address. Apply at the office, No. 73 Broadway.

WANTED—IMMEDIATELY, A MAN AND HIS wife; the former for driving, the latter for housework. Apply at No. 119 South Oxford-st., Brooklyn. References required.

WANTED—A SCOTCH GARDENER, WITH small family, to take charge of a gentleman's place; satisfactory reference required. Apply to ISAAC BUCHANAN, Florist, No. 9 West 17th-st.

WANTED—A COMPETENT COOK; CITY REFerence required. Apply at No. 33 East 28th-st., between 11 and 12 o'clock to-day.

WANTED—AN ENGLISH OR SCOTCHMAN TO assist in the care of cattle. Apply at No. 76 Gold-st., from 11 to 12 o'clock.

WANTED—A BOY IN A LAW OFFICE; ONE who writes a good hand and resides in the City. Call at No. 191 Broadway, Room 12 between 9 and 10 A. M.

WANTED—A GERMAN GIRL—ONE WHO IS an excellent washer and ironer and a good plain cook. Apply at No. 232 West 28th-st. Good wages given.

WANTED—FOR A RESPECTABLE FAMILY, two servants, one as cook, the other as chambermaid and waitress. Call at No. 404 6th-av.

WANTED—A THOROUGHLY TRAINED WAITer, having good City references. Apply at No. 350 5th-av. at 4 o'clock P. M.

WANTED—A FIRST-CLASS WAITRESS. APply at No. 17 5th-av.

DENTISTRY.

DR. WAIT & SON, NO. 263 FOURTH-AV., corner 21st-st., continue to extract teeth, under nitrous oxide gas, without pain or danger. All dental operations performed skilfully and carefully on moderate terms. References: Rev. Dr. Ferris, Chancellor New-York University; Drs. Pond, Bulkley, Baldwin and Hallock. No removal. Beautiful sets of teeth at $25.

COLTON DENTAL ASSOCIATION.—"TO Dr. COLTON is due the credit of reviving the use of this important agent (Nitrous Oxide) in the practice of dentistry."—*Letter from Dr. Gurnocken.* That we administer the gas in the most safe and efficient manner 10,000 patients and the medical profession of New-York will testify. Offices, Nos. 19 and 30 Cooper Institute.

ANTI-EXTION EXTORTION PRICES, Broadway, corner 36th-st. Largest, Cheapest Dentistry Establishment. Beautiful patent sets of teeth, $15, $25, warranted. Filling decayed teeth, gold, $1; osteoplastic, $1. Extracting teeth without pain. Five premiums awarded. Dr. MANSON, Dentist.

COAL.

$8.75.—BEST QUALITY WHITE ASH coal, egg size, $8 75; stove size, $9 25 per ton of 2,000 lbs., delivered, well screened, from under cover; Scranton nut, $7 75 per ton; also, oak wood at $3 50 per load, delivered from yard. Nos. 3 and 5 Oak-st., corner New Bowery. GEO. W. BENNETT.

SITUATIONS WANTED.

FEMALES.

WANTED—SITUATIONS BY TWO RESPECTable girls, one as cook and laundress, the other as chambermaid and waitress or nurse; have no objection to go to the country; have good City reference; can be seen at No. 441 10th-av., between 37th and 38th sts., first floor, front rooms.

WANTED—BY A RESPECTABLE GIRL, A situation in a small private family; is a good plain cook and an excellent washer and ironer. Can be seen for two days at No. 220 West 30th-st., between 7th and 8th avs., second floor; best of City reference from her last place.

WANTED—A SITUATION AS NURSE BY A Protestant woman; would mind grown children and sew; a competent person, and one that can come well recommended. Can be seen for two days at No. 471 6th-av., in the store.

WANTED—BY AN AMERICAN WOMAN, A SITuation as seamstress; can do all kinds of fine sewing, shirt-making and embroidery; best of City references. Call, for three days, at No. 877 Broadway, in the millinery rooms.

WANTED—BY A SALESWOMAN, A SITUATION in a store; has some experience, and would be willing to go on a moderate salary till quite proficient in the business; her character for integrity, &c., is above questioning. Can be seen in the store at 59 East Houston-st.

WANTED—A SITUATION BY A RESPECTABLE woman as first-class cook; understands all kinds of meats and pastry, corning and larding; has unexceptional City recommendations. Apply at BEDELL'S, No. 311 4th-av.

WANTED—A SITUATION BY A RESPECTAble Protestant girl as laundress in a private family; understands fluting; best of City references. Can be seen at No. 205 26th-st., between 7th and 8th-avs., Room No. 10.

WANTED—A SITUATION TO TAKE CHARGE of a house for the Summer, by a thoroughly reliable American woman; can put up sweet meats, tomatoes, &c. Apply at No. 9 West 30th-st., for two days, between 10 and 12 A. M.

WANTED—SITUATIONS AT BOOKHAM'S, NO. 329 4th-av., for a large number of recommended servants of all nations, city or country; cooks of all kinds, nurses, seamstresses, waiters, waitresses, housekeepers, chambermaids, housework, young girls, &c.

WANTED—BY A PROTESTANT YOUNG GIRL, just arrived from the old country, a situation to mind children and do housework. Can be seen for two days at the Protestant Agency, 125 4th-av., near 13th-st.

WANTED—A SITUATION BY A FIRST-CLASS laundress, who understands all kinds of fluting in a private family. Apply at No. 5 Clinton Hall, Astor-place.

WANTED—A SITUATION BY A RESPECTAble young girl as chambermaid and plain sewer, or would assist with the washing or the care of children. Call, for two days, at No. 175 East 15th-st.

WANTED—BY A SUPERIOR CHAMBERMAID and family seamstress a situation in a private family; quick at the needle; does all styles of family sewing; wages $10. Call at No. 192 East 21st-st.

WANTED—BY A YOUNG WOMAN, A SITUAtion to take care of one or two growing children; is a good seamstress; has good City reference. Can be seen at No. 89 West 11th-st., between 5th and 6th avs., rear.

WANTED—A SITUATION BY A RESPECTAble young woman as cook, or would do housework in a small family; best of City references. Inquire at No. 184 West 17th-st., basement.

WANTED—BY A RESPECTABLE PROTESTant woman as first-class cook, game, soups, baking and pastry, jellies, ice-cream, all kinds of desserts; best of city reference given. Call at No. 512 West 25th-st.

WANTED—A SITUATION BY A RESPECTAble woman as laundress, or is willing to do washing and cooking in a small family; the best of City reference. Call at No. 87 Pacific-st., near Henry-st., Brooklyn.

WANTED—BY A RESPECTABLE YOUNG WOman a situation as chambermaid; has no objection to fine washing and ironing; has the best of City reference. Can be seen for two days at No. 249 West 30th-st.

WANTED—A SITUATION BY A RESPECTable Protestant woman as first-class cook; understands her business; good City references given. Call at No. 120 West 16th-st.

WANTED—A SITUATION BY A YOUNG WOman as seamstress; understands cutting and fitting and all kinds of family sewing; best City reference. Can be seen at No. 36 East 18th-st., near Broadway.

WANTED—BY A PROTESTANT WOMAN, A situation as chambermaid, or to attend to children; best City reference. Call for two days at 344 East 16th-st.

WANTED—BY A RESPECTABLE PROTESTant woman, a situation as cook; good reference given. Call at No. 46 East 12th-st., near Broadway.

WANTED—A SITUATION BY A RESPECTable young girl as waitress; best City reference. Apply at No. 144 East 21st-st., Room No. 20.

WANTED—A SITUATION BY A YOUNG GIRL of 17, to take care of children in City or country. Call at No. 413 West 32d-st.

A RESPECTABLE SCOTCH PERSON, with no family, wishes a baby to take care of at her own residence; every care and attention will be paid; the best of City reference given for seven years as nurse; also, good reference required. Address Mrs. JOHN COWPER, No. 305 West 27th-st.

AT MRS. WHITFIELD'S, NO. 397 4TH-av., between 28th and 29th sts., may be obtained a Protestant cook, Scotch gardener, and Catholic and Protestant cooks, and girls for every kind of housework.

DOMESTICS, SERVANTS, HELP, &c., advertising for situations, places, homes, &c., in the DAILY TRIBUNE, are charged only 25 cents.

MALES.

WANTED—A GARDENER'S SITUATION BY A single young man who understands his business in all its various branches; also landscaping; the best City reference. Call or address A. B., No. 43 West 14th-st., in Mr. Wilson's green-house.

WANTED—A SITUATION BY A YOUNG MAN as coachman; is sober, honest and industrious, and is a careful driver, and is not afraid of work; can wait until the 1st of April; the best of City reference. Address COACHMAN, Box No. 218 Times Office.

WANTED—A GARDENER'S SITUATION BY A Scotchman; is married with a small family; understands the business perfectly, in hothouse, greenhouse vegetables and grapes; satisfactory reference given. Address A. B. C., Box No. 209 Times Office.

WANTED—BY AN ENGLISHMAN, SINGLE, A situation as coachman; he thoroughly understands his business in every respect, and has the best of City reference from his last employer. Can be seen at No. 1,166 Broadway, Stilling's harness-store, for two days.

WANTED—A SITUATION AS COACHMAN and groom by a single man who thoroughly understands his business; has good City and country reference; country preferred; is willing and obliging. Address, for two days, T. C., Box No. 210 Times Office.

WANTED—A SITUATION AS COACHMAN BY a steady, respectable man, who in every respect knows his business, the care and management of horses, carriages, &c.; can be highly recommended. Address T. H., No. 89 East 16th-st.

WANTED—A SITUATION AS GARDENER, BY a Protestant young man, married; has no family; understands the care of fruit, flowers and vegetables; good reference given. Apply, or address F. H. S., at Alfred Bridgeman's seed-store, No. 876 Broadway.

WANTED—A SITUATION BY A YOUNG MAN as coachman; understands his business; is a good groom and driver; can give good City reference from his last place. Apply to G. W. SIMPSON, Jr., No. 56 South-st., New-York.

WANTED—A SITUATION AS COACHMAN AND groom, by a single man who thoroughly understands his business in every respect; has unexceptionable City reference. Address COACHMAN, Box No. 209 Times office, for two days.

WANTED—A SITUATION BY A YOUNG MAN of long experience as coachman; has first-class references; no objection to the country; will work for low wages; is willing to assist in gardening. Address COACHMAN, Box No. 216 Times Office.

WANTED—A SITUATION BY A COACHMAN who thoroughly understands his business; has the best of City reference as to capability and character; lived five years in his last place. Call or address W. M., No. 1,248 Broadway.

WANTED—SITUATIONS BY MAN AND WIFE; man as coachman and gardener; wife as cook and to assist with washing and ironing; know their business; are strong and healthy; lately come from Europe. Address J. R., Box No. 197 Times Office.

WANTED—BY A YOUNG MAN A SITUATION as plain gardener; can take care of a horse and milk a cow; will do anything to make himself generally useful; has good reference. Address, for two days, W. L., Box No. 220 Times Office.

WANTED—BY A YOUNG MAN A SITUATION as gardener; understands the grooming of horses, and is a good milker; has the best of recommendations from his last employer; is sober and industrious. Call or address, for two days, M. O. M., 471 Washington-st.

WANTED—BY A YOUNG MAN, 22 YEARS OF age, a situation as gardener; is a first-rate fruit and vegetable grower, and understands the care of flowers; has six years' experience; has good reference. Call at No. 81 Cedar-st., down stairs, from 10 to 2 o'clock, P. M.

WANTED—BY A PROTESTANT YOUNG MAN, a situation as coachman and groom in a private family; city or country no object; good reference given. Call or address J. G., at Mr. SMITH'S seed store, No. 65 Liberty-st., New-York.

WANTED—A SITUATION BY A RESPECTable Protestant young man as porter or watchman, or would mind a place for a gentleman; can satisfy any gentleman with reference; was three years in his last place. Address A. Z., Box No. 211 Times Office.

WANTED—A SITUATION BY A MAN AS coachman and gardener; understands his business correctly, and is willing to make himself generally useful, and can produce satisfactory reference. Address J. R., Box No. 213 Times Office.

WANTED—A SITUATION BY A YOUNG MAN as coachman, who understands the care and management of horses; can milk; is willing to make himself generally useful. Address COACHMAN, Box No. 218 Times Office.

WANTED—A YEARLY SITUATION, BY A SOber, steady young man, in a small place, as plain gardener, can take care of a cow and one horse, and make himself generally useful; has good reference. Address for three days, M. H., Box No. 216 Times Office.

WANTED—A SITUATION AS COACHMAN AND gardener, by a single, steady, industrious man; thoroughly understands his business in its various branches; good City reference. Address M. R., Box No. 210 Times Office, for two days.

WANTED—A SITUATION AS WAITER BY A single young man in a private family, who perfectly understands his business; would have no objection to the country; has good City reference from his last place. Call or address W. C., No. 90 West 19th-st.

WANTED—A SITUATION, BY A PROTESTANT young man, as coachman or groom; can give good reference; no objection to the country. Call on or address No. 98 East 12th-st., basement.

WANTED—A SITUATION AS FARMER AND gardener by a German married man, with one child; understands his business; best of reference. Address J. S., Box No. 198 Times Office.

WANTED—SITUATION AS COACHMAN AND groom by a single man; thoroughly understands his business, and careful driver. First-class city reference. Address W. H. M., Box No. 198 Times Office.

WANTED—BY A SINGLE PROTESTANT MAN a situation as coachman and gardener; has good references; can milk; wages no object. Address T. D., Box No. 204 Times Office.

WANTED—A SITUATION AS COACHMAN AND groom, or gardener; understands both; is a good milker; is willing and obliging; good reference. Address M. C., Box No. 211 Times Office.

WANTED—A SITUATION AS COACHMAN BY a single man who understands his business thoroughly; has no objection to the country. Address T. W., Box No. 216 Times Office.

WANTED—A SITUATION BY A SOBER honest and industrious man as night watchman or porter in a store; best of reference. Address WATCHMAN No. 2[illegible] Broadway, Room No. 5.

SITUATIONS WANTED.

MALES.

WANTED—BY AN AMERICAN MAN, 25 YEARS old, and his wife, without incumbrance, a situation to take charge of a gentleman's place near the City; the man is a good vegetable gardener, perfectly understands the care and management of horses, cows, &c.; is a careful and steady driver, and of strictly moral habits; wife is a good cook washer and ironer; can produce satisfactory reference from last employers as to character and capability. Address A. S., Box No. 207 Times Office.

WANTED—BY A SINGLE SCOTCHMAN, A situation as gardener; has had 20 years' experience in every department—gardening and farming, vegetables, graperies, hot and cold stove and greenhouse plants, laying out and improving ornamental shrubs and pleasure grounds. Gentlemen wishing a first-rate man may call on or address, for three days, M. R. G., landscapist, at Mr. Bridgeman's, No. 876 Broadway. Unexceptionable reference given.

WANTED—A SITUATION AS GARDENER and farmer by a married man with small family; can furnish nine years' recommendation from his late employer; thoroughly understands the care of all kinds of stock, and everything belonging to farming or gardening. Apply to J. S., Box No. 207 Times Office; or at Bridgeman's seed-store, No. 876 Broadway, where all particulars can be had.

WANTED—BY A YOUNG MAN (PROTESTant) just landed, employment on a farm or in any other position where he can make himself useful; he has acquaintance with all kinds of farm work in the old country and the management of horses, cattle, &c.; first-rate references. Address JOHN SHAW, Box No. 734 Post-office.

WANTED—A SITUATION BY A YOUNG MAN 20 years of age as light porter, to collect accounts, or to make himself generally useful about an office or wholesale house, or in any similar capacity where an honest livelihood can be obtained; is not afraid to work; can produce good reference or security if required. Address, for three days, C. Y., Box No. 218 Times Office.

WANTED—A SITUATION AS GARDENER; has had 15 years' experience in every department of gardening, vegetables, graperies, hot and cold, stove and green-house, plants, laying out and improving ornamental shrubs and pleasure grounds; married, no children; highly recommended. Address F. PETERS, Box No. 202 Times Office.

WANTED—BY A PROTESTANT SINGLE MAN A SITUATION AS GARDENER; UNDERSTANDS GRAPERY, GREEN-HOUSE, VEGETABLES; SATISFACTORY REFERENCE. CAN BE SEEN OR ADDRESS FOR TWO DAYS (WEDNESDAY AND THURSDAY) H. S., AT JOS. SMITH'S SEED-STORE, NO. 65 LIBERTY-ST.

WANTED—A SITUATION BY A GARDENER; understands his business in all its branches; is a married man with a small family; can give the best of reference from his last employers; has no objection to take care of one or two cows. Address, for two days, J. M., Box No. 196 Times Office.

WANTED—A SITUATION AS GARDENER BY a married man, who understands the management of green-houses, cold graperies; also the management of fruit trees, the raising of all kinds of vegetables; can be highly recommended from his last employer. Address P. H., No. 15 John-st., New-York.

WANTED—A GARDENER'S SITUATION BY A sober, honest and industrious man—is married, with small family—who understands the business perfectly, viz.: hothouse, greenhouse, vegetables and grapes. Satisfactory reference given. Address GARDENER, Thorburn's seed-store, No. 15 John-st.

WANTED—BY A MARRIED MAN, A SITUAtion as farmer and plain gardener, and also the entire care of cattle; the wife understands the management of milk and butter; has family; has nine years' experience in this country. Any gentleman requiring our services call or address P. C., No. 9 John-st., New-York.

WANTED—SITUATIONS FOR EXPERIENCED coachmen, gardeners, assistant gardeners, farm hands, waitermen, valets and useful men of every description, Englishmen, Irishmen, Scotchmen and Germans, with first-class references. Apply to W. MANNING, No. 15 Court-st., Brooklyn.

WANTED — A SITUATION BY A SOBER, steady young man as coachman; would be willing to take care of a small garden, and make himself useful on a gentleman's place; has good reference from his last employer. Address for two days J. J., Box No. 199 Times Office.

WANTED—A SITUATION BY A TEMPERATE, industrious Protestant man, as coachman and groom; understands the care of horses and is a careful driver; has good reference from his late employers; can milk, if required. Address, Tuesday and Wednesday, Station M, Box No. 24, New-York.

WANTED—A GARDENER'S SITUATION BY A married man; one in family. Understands the business thoroughly in every department; can furnish the best of testimonials from late employers. Call or address W. L. D., at Bridgeman's seed-store, No. 876 Broadway.

WANTED—A SITUATION AS GARDENER AND coachman, and will make himself useful in all business; and wife is a good cook and butter-maker; no incumbrances; has the best of reference. Address P. G., Flushing, Long Island.

WANTED—BY AN ENGLISHMAN, A SITUAtion as coachman; has had long experience in the care of horses, is a careful driver, and well acquainted with the City; can give the best of references. Address E. J. C., Box No. 217 Times Office.

WANTED—BY A PROTESTANT MAN A SITuation as coachman and groom in a private family; understands the care of horses; has the best of City reference. Address D. N., Box No. 212 Times Office, for two days.

WANTED—BY A YOUNG MAN, 18 YEARS OF age, a situation down-town; writes a fair hand, has some business experience and would not expect to get over $6 per week; best of references. Address V. H. M., Box No. 1,599 Post-office.

WANTED—A SITUATION AS GARDENER, BY a single man, one who thoroughly understands his business; first-class place required; none else need apply. Address M. H. D., at Bridgeman's seed-store, No. 876 Broadway.

WANTED—A SITUATION BY A FIRST-CLASS German Protestant gardener; the best of references; married, no family. Address GERMAN, Box No. 213 Times Office.

WANTED—A SITUATION AS COACHMAN BY a single young man; has no objection to assist in the garden; can give good reference from his last employer. Address B. O., Box 203 Times Office.

WANTED—A SITUATION AS GARDENER BY a single man who understands the care of a greenhouse and grapery, and raising of vegetables; has the best of reference. Address J. B. S., Box 208 Times Office.

WANTED—A SITUATION AS VEGETABLE gardener by a single man who understands keeping a gentleman's place in order; has the best of City reference. Address J. B., Box No. 212 Times Office.

WANTED—A SITUATION BY A MAN AND his wife; the man as coachman and the woman as cook and laundress. Address A. Y., Astoria, Long Island, for two days.

WANTED—BY A SCOTCHMAN, A SITUATION as farmer on a gentleman's place; is capable; can show good recommendations. Call on or address J. M., in the seed-store No. 15 John-st.

WANTED—A SITUATION BY A YOUNG MAN as porter or helper in a store; is strong and willing to work and make himself generally useful. Address P. D., Box No. 194 Times Office.

WANTED—A SITUATION BY A SINGLE YOUNG man as coachman and groom; is a good, careful driver; perfectly understands his business; willing and obliging. Address H., Box No. 227 Times Office.

WANTED—A SITUATION BY A YOUNG MAN as groom or assistant in a gentleman's stable; can come well recommended. Address, for two days, J. D., Box No. 197 Times Office.

WANTED—A SITUATION BY A YOUNG MAN, American, age 23, as porter or night watchman; has best of City reference. Address THOS. A. DOWLING, Station L, Harlem, N. Y., for two days.

WANTED—A GARDENER'S SITUATION, BY a man with a small family; if required, the woman is a first-class dairy-woman; the best of reference. Call or address D. H., at THORBORN & CO.'S, 15 John-st.

WANTED—BY AN EXPERIENCED WAITERman, a situation in a private family; has the best of City reference. Can be seen for two days at the grocery, No. 746 Broadway, corner of Astor-place.

WANTED—A SITUATION AS COACHMAN BY a thorough man of long experience; can furnish first-class City references. Address H. P., No. 80 West 28th-st., or Box No. 207 Times Office.

WANTED—A SITUATION AS COACHMAN BY an Englishman who thoroughly understands his business; has the best of City reference. Address J. J., Box No. 198 Times Office.

WANTED—BY AN ENERGETIC, HONEST AND capable man a situation as book-keeper; 10 years reference, and not afraid to work. Address J. M., Box No. 134 Times Office.

WANTED—BY A SCOTCHMAN WITH CITY references, a position as coachman and groom. Address F, Box No. 3,237, New-York Post-office.

WANTED—A SITUATION IN AN INSURANCE office by a young man; best of references given. Address E. P. G., Box No. 1,677 Post-office.

WANTED—A SITUATION BY A BOY; AGE 15; can read, write, and give good references. Address WILLIAM PENAAT, No. 9 Patchen-place.

PERSONAL.

WANTED—INFORMATION AS TO THE FAMily of Charles Pierre Louis Percival and Rachel his wife. The said Charles Pierre Louis Percival was the eldest son of Charles Percival and Rebecca Low his wife, and was born near Paris, in the Empire of France, on May 21, 1794, and is believed to have died at No. 39 Market-st., Providence, State Rhode Island, on Sept. 18, 1836, leaving a widow and nine children. The children are now entitled to a sum of money, and any of them who are now alive are requested to communicate at once with the undersigned, who will also be glad to receive any information from any person concerning the family.

Dated this 22d day of February, 1866.

FUTVOYE, PILCHER & FLOWER,
Solicitors, No. 23 John-st., Bedford-row,
London, England.

ROBERT HAMMOND—THE ABOVE PERson, who formerly resided at Mrs. Groves, Green Dragon Court, St. Andrew's Hill, London, and who left England for Montreal, Canada, about ten years ago, and was last heard of by letter from that place shortly after his arrival there, is requested to communicate with the undersigned. Should the said ROBERT HAMMOND be dead, any person furnishing satisfactory evidence thereof will be rewarded.—Dated this 15th day of February, 1866.

ROSCOE & HINCKS,
No. 14 King-st., Finsbury-square, London, Solicitors.

A. G. SPIES, FROM WILMINGTON, Del., late of the firm of Spies & Champney, jewelers, in Brooklyn, would like to see his friends on Friday evening, March 23, from 6 to 10 o'clock, at his brother-in-law's house, No. 84 Adams-st., Brooklyn.

MARBLE MANTELS.

MARBLE AND SLATE MANTELS, MONUMENTS, TILING, &c.—We have on hand the largest assortment in this City. Importers of foreign marbles, Scotch granite monuments, columns, &c. WM. S. SEE & CO., Steam Marble Works, corner Bleecker, Bank and Hudson sts., and corner Hudson and 13th sts.

MARBLE MANTELS, FLOOR-TILING, Monuments, Headstones, &c., can be purchased at wholesale prices from a large and well-assorted stock. FISHER & BIRD, Steam Marble Works, Nos. 97 to 103 East Houston-st.

MARBLE MANTELS.—NOW IS THE TIME to purchase mantels very cheap; 300 mantels on hand which will be sold at very low prices. A. KLABER'S Marble Works, No. 169 East 18th-st., near 3d-av., New-York. Cut this out.

MARBLE AND MARBLEIZED SLATE MANTELS.—REMOVAL.—T. B. STEWART has removed his marble and slate mantel warerooms from 274 Canal-st. to 605 6th-av., at the junction of Broadway

ARTIFICIAL EYES.

ARTIFICIAL EYES.—ARTIFICIAL HUMAN eyes made to order and inserted by Drs. F. BAUCH & P. GOUGELMANN, (formerly employed by Boissonnan, of Paris,) No. 599 Broadway, New-York.

FOR SALE.

FOR SALE—AT NEW ROCHELLE, AN ELEgant stone mansion, built in the English Tudor style, and three acres of land. The house is elegantly frescoed, in perfect order, and contains all the modern improvements.

The garden and grounds are handsomely laid out, walks stoned and graveled.

A photograph can be seen by applying to

P. C. BULKLEY,
No. 43 Wall-st., Jauncey-court.

FOR SALE—225 ACRES OF LAND SITUATED in Raritan Valley, N. J., on the line of the New-Jersey Central Railroad, 1¼ hours' ride from New-York City; dwelling house nearly new, farm and tenant-houses, with necessary outbuildings, all in good repair. Apply to HOMER MORGAN, No. 2 Pine-st.

VALUABLE PROPERTY

ON BROADWAY, WILLIAM-ST. AND WASHINGTON-PLACE AT AUCTION—SALE IN PARTITION.

Will be sold by E. H. LUDLOW & CO., Auctioneers, at the Exchange Salesroom, No. 111 Broadway, on MONDAY, March 26, 1866, at 12 o'clock M., the very valuable lot of land, with the first-class marble store thereon, situated at the northeast corner of Broadway and White-st., known as Nos. 380 and 382 Broadway, running through to Courtland-alley. The lot is 31 feet wide, front and rear, and 175 feet 11 inches deep.

Also, the valuable property No. 37 William-st., between Wall-st. and Exchange-place; lot 26 feet 5 inches front, 16 feet 4 inches in rear, and 90 feet 2 inches deep.

Also, the valuable property situated at the southeast corner of Washington-place and Mercer-st., known as Julien's Hotel; lot 100 feet on Washington-place, and 49 feet and 9 inches on Mercer-st.

For particulars and maps apply to E. H. LUDLOW & CO., Auctioneers, No. 3 Pine-st.

CHEAP RENT.

Farm for sale to close an estate; one of the finest farms in New-Jersey, on the Woodbridge and Rahway Railroad; station on the premises; trains leave foot of Cortlandt-st; five trains a day. Price $13,000. For particulars apply to JOHN J. MORRIS, No. 58 University-place, or A. H. BRITTON, Globe Fire Insurance Co.

FOR SALE—THE COUNTRY SEAT OF THE late Jacob B. Herrick, situated on the Hunt's Point Road, Westchester County, ten miles from the City Hall, accessible by steamboat, steam and horse cars. There are 24 acres of land, extending to the water, all in a high state of cultivation, with every variety of choice fruit. The buildings, which are nearly new, comprise the dwelling-house, large and replete with every convenience, commanding a fine view of the Sound, adapted for a Winter as well as a Summer residence, having a furnace, heater, double sashes; plumbing throughout, supplying laundry, kitchen, bath-room, &c., &c. Also, a gardener's house, coach-house, barns, all in perfect repair. There is also an ice-pond, ice-house, and a fine well of soft water. A rare opportunity is offered to merchants and others to secure an elegant home. A large part of the purchase-money can remain on mortgage for a term of years. For further particulars apply to

J. HOBART HERRICK, No. 10 South-st.,
or E. H. LUDLOW & CO., No. 3 Pine-st., New-York.

FOR SALE OR LEASE—IN THIS CITY, A building, eligibly situated for business, within two blocks of the East River. The main building is 60x100 feet, with two wings, one of 30, the other of 29 feet frontage; the main building seven stories high, with basement. It contains a first-class new engine and boiler, capacity 100 horse, with power rented to the amount of $3,000 per annum. The main building is heated by steam, with steam pump, hose, &c., and two of Otis' steam hoists running from basement to highest story. The building is lighted front, side and rear. The one wing is a five-story building, with steam hoist. Any manufacturer requiring ample room, power, light and water, will find this most desirable property. For terms apply to H. F. WHITE, Architect, No. 923 Broadway, Room No. 11.

COUNTRY SEAT FOR SALE—AT HYDE Park, Dutchess County, known as the property belonging to the estate of the late Samuel Broom, about 3½ miles above Poughkeepsie, and 2¼ miles this side of Hyde Park Village, most eligibly situated on the banks of the Hudson, commanding a most beautiful view of the river for many miles above and below. This property contains about 400 acres, of which about 200 acres are woodland, and a large proportion of the balance is in a high state of cultivation, with several large apple orchards of young and thrifty trees, and all bearing fruit. The grounds are laid out with a great variety of shade and ornamental trees, fish ponds, &c., with two streams of never-failing water running nearly through the whole property. This estate is believed to be one of the most desirable country seats upon the Hudson River, between New-York and Albany. Apply to JAMES B. TAYLOR, No. 48 Pine-st.

ESTATE FOR SALE AT BRATTLEBORO, VT.—The well-known property of the late Mrs. Channing, now occupied by Dr. Higginson, situate on a fine eminence overlooking the village, and near its centre, about a third of a mile from the depot. The mansion is large and commodious, with parlor, dining-room, wide entries, convenient kitchens and closets, five large and two smaller chambers, and a roomy attic. The lot contains two acres, bounded by streets on three sides, comprising a lawn, with flowering shrubs, and a rich garden, with fine raspberries and currants, besides choice grafted apple and pear trees in full bearing. For terms apply to L. G. MEAD, Esq., Brattleboro, Vt.

FOR SALE—IN HUNTINGTON VILLAGE, L. I., a house containing 11 rooms, store-room and plenty of pantries; parlors with sliding doors; marble mantels, grates, range and copper boiler, with hot and cold water in the kitchen; carriage and workshop; lot 128x150 feet deep; the place well shaded with locust and pine; plenty of grapes, peaches, cherries, &c. Communication by railroad or steamboat. It is a very fine country residence, and will be sold low. For price and all the particulars, inquire of GEORGE COX, 313 Washington-st., N. Y., or of THOS. J. VANSANT, on the premises.

HOUSE AND FURNITURE FOR SALE in Jersey City, within eight minutes' walk of the ferry; a very pretty three-story English basement house, in complete order; all the modern improvements; hot and cold water on every floor; bath, two water-closets, McKenzie range, both heating and cooking, good yard and excellent neighborhood; the furniture is all new, and in complete order from top to bottom. For further particulars and permit to see house apply to CHARLES B. SMITH, No. 9 Maiden-lane, up stairs.

A GENTEEL THREE-STORY AND BASEment high-stoop house, No. 82 Lexington-av., for sale, with or without furniture, all in good order, and neatly fitted up by the owner for his own use; also that nice, new brown-stone front house, No. 82 East 27th-st., near Lexington-av., for sale; all modern improvements and in good order. For letter to see the houses, apply to

JOHN FOLEY, No. 169 Broadway.

DOUBLE HOUSE AND STABLE FOR sale at a bargain, in consequence of the owner leaving for Europe, located on 14th-st., near the Palace Garden, &c.; house 37 feet wide; in perfect order, with all the modern improvements; stable on the rear of the lot; lot 125 feet deep. For full particulars and price, apply to HOMER MORGAN, No. 2 Pine-st.

FOR SALE—520 LOTS ON NEWTOWN CREEK, having 1,200 feet front on Flushing Railroad and Newtown Creek, suitable for dwellings and factories; accessible by water, and Brooklyn street-cars running near; price in blocks, $150 to $300 a lot, on easy terms, or together less. Apply to S. B. SCHIEFFELIN, No. 170 William-st.

FOR SALE OR TO LET—AN OLD-ESTABlished tavern stand and a cottage, with barns, stables, &c., with five acres of good land, well stocked with fruit, on Sawmill River Road, three miles from Yonkers and 1½ from Hastings. If not sold by 1st April will be let. Inquire of J. G. UTTER, corner of Dock-st. and Broadway, Yonkers.

FOR SALE—AT RYE, PLEASANTLY SITUAted near the depot, a neat, convenient house, built in 1852, 34 feet by 28, two stories, with basement and wing, having stable, &c., &c.; fruits and shrubbery abundant, with 3 acres of land. Apply to GEO. W. BERRIAN, No. 438 Washington-st., New-York.

$5,500.—AT NEWTOWN, L. I.—A NEAT cottage house, ten rooms; one acre, beautifully laid out, with stable, trees, fruits, &c.; one hour from City Hall, New-York; near two depots; trains every hour; $3,300 cash. Apply to N. PLACE, No. 307 East Broadway, between 1 and 3, or any evening.

$3,000.—FOR SALE—AT NEWTOWN, L. I., one hour from City Hall, New-York; trains every hour; one-quarter acre, and house of 11 rooms; fruits, &c.; beautiful location, and in prime condition. Apply to J. HILTON, No. 367 East Broadway, between 1 and 4 o'clock P. M. Price $3,000.

FOR SALE—COUNTRY RESIDENCE AT ASTORIA, L. I.; dwelling-house, barn, &c., with five acres of land; good garden with plenty of fruit. Pleasantly situated; convenient to the city; half a mile from steamboat landing and ferry. For particulars inquire of CHAS. DE BEVOISE, No. 50 Vesey-st.

FOR SALE—AT YONKERS, TWO-STORY AND attic high-stoop brick house, lot 40 by 130 feet, only five minutes' walk from railroad depot on Warburton-av.; has gas throughout, is well built, slate roof; a very nice house, fine location, and an excellent opportunity if applied for immediately; price $7,000. Apply to SMITH & MEAD, No. 354 8th-av.

FOR SALE—THE NEW AND ELEGANT FOUR-story brown-stone house and lot on the north side of 36th-st., near Park-av.; house 25x65; lot 25x100; house built by days' work, with every modern improvement; ready for occupancy on 1st May. Apply to

HOMER MORGAN, No. 2 Pine-st.

ORANGE, N. J.—VILLAS, VILLA SITES AND farms, a great variety, beautifully situated, one hour from New-York, for sale low. Also, country seats and houses to let for the season or year, by HENRY B. BLACKWELL, No. 59 William-st., New-York, 9 to 11 A. M.; No. 49 Main-st., Orange, 1 to 5 P. M.

FOR SALE—A COUNTRY RESIDENCE ON Long Island, 14 miles from New-York, about 5 minutes' walk from depot; contains 12 acres of land; barns, fruit, &c. Terms easy. Apply to T. A. AITKEN, No. 5 Spruce-st., New-York.

FARM FOR SALE—A HOME IN THE HIGHlands, opposite West Point, containing about 80 acres, dwelling and buildings in complete repair. For particulars inquire of NEWMAN, ONDERDONK & CAPRON, No. 1,172 Broadway.

FOR SALE—THE THREE-STORY AND BASEment brick houses, high stoop, each about 23x40; lots half the block, Nos. 125 and 127 East 39th-st. Apply to PETER A. H. JACKSON, No. 192 Broadway, from 11 to 12 o'clock, or at No. 93 East 27th-st.

MURRAY HILL.—FOR SALE, A MEDIUM-size, four-story brown-stone house, handsomely frescoed and in good order, with all the modern improvements. Possession given by April 10. Apply at No. 109 East 34th-st., on the premises.

FARM FOR SALE—ON LONG ISLAND, OF sixty acres, fine young peach orchard, 3,000 trees, apple orchard, fine growth of wood, good house and barn, good water. Apply to D. T. CONKLIN, corner of Smith and Atlantic sts., Brooklyn.

AT YONKERS—FOR SALE, A LARGE NUMber of desirable houses and plots at prices to suit applicants; also, several furnished houses to let for the Summer or year. Apply to JAMES YOUMANS, Agent, Yonkers.

COTTAGE, STABLE AND ONE ACRE of ground at Inwood, near the depot; splendid view. Inquire of THOMAS VEITCH, No. 115 Nassau-st., Room No. 12.

COTTAGES AND COUNTRY SEATS FOR sale at Fort Washington, Inwood, Spuytenduyvil and Kingsbridge. Inquire of THOMAS VEITCH, No. 115 Nassau-st., Room No. 12.

FOR SALE—AT KINGSBRIDGE, ON THE HARlem, Kingsbridge Terrace, the residence of Geo. H. Peck, Esq., containing 13 acres. Inquire of THOMAS VEITCH, No. 115 Nassau-st., or on the premises.

GREENWOOD CEMETERY—A LOT AND vault substantially built, in the finest part of the Cemetery, never been used, inclosed by an iron railing; for sale cheap. Apply at No. 71 Broadway, Room No. 60.

FOR SALE—THE FIRST-CLASS BROWN-stone houses and lots Nos. 45, 47 and 49 West 39th-st., between 5th and 6th avs., splendidly finished with rosewood doors, &c. W. FANNING, No. 37 West 39th-st.

FOR SALE—AT NEWTOWN, L. I., ABOUT SEVen acres of land, with a double two-story frame house, barn, &c. For further particulars apply to S. S. RIKER, No. 150 Nassau-st., New-York.

FOR SALE OR LEASE—A LARGE BUILDing, suitable for a manufactory of any kind; 20-horse steam-engine, hoist, &c., on the premises. Apply to H. F. WHITE, No. 923 Broadway, Room No. 11.

FOR SALE—THE TWO-STORY AND BASEment house (frame filled in with brick) on 4th-av., between 84th and 85th sts., near Central Park. Price, $4,500. Inquire of ALLEN & BROWN, No. 96 Broadway.

FOR SALE AT YONKERS—TWO DELIGHTfully located places, near depot, churches and schools, at $7,500 and $12,000. Apply to SANGER, 35 Liberty-st.

FOR SALE.

RYE PROPERTY.

FOR SALE AT RYE, ten minutes' walk from the Port Chester Depot, a magnificent country residence, commanding a view of Long Island Sound and surrounding country for more than 20 miles.

THE HOUSE is large and in complete order, and contains 18 rooms, laundry, pantries, hot and cold water, stationary wash-tubs and furnaces, and carpeted throughout with Brussels and three-ply carpets, laid down last year, and partly furnished.

OUTBUILDINGS are of recent construction, with every convenience; large carriage-house, and stabling for 12 horses; hennery, piggery and sheds, &c., &c.—all newly painted.

THE GROUNDS are over 8 acres, beautifully ornamented with landscape beds, shrubbery, graveled walks, summer-house, statuary, and fish-ponds, filled with fish; shade trees of large growth, and fruit trees of the choicest kinds in great abundance.

A FINE KITCHEN GARDEN, of over one and a half acres, with hot-beds, greenhouse, grapery, and stocked with gooseberry, currant, blackberry and raspberry bushes, and about 1,000 of the best varieties of strawberry plants.

A PLACE every way desirable for a permanent home or Summer residence; the sea-bathing is excellent, and the situation unsurpassed for health. The sidewalks on the avenue, from the house to the depot, will be flagged this Spring, and gas introduced into the street.

For further particulars, terms, &c., apply to

W. K. PEYTON, No. 274 Bowery, New-York.

FOR SALE, TO CLOSE AN ESTATE—THE residence of the late John Griffin, in Rye, Westchester Co., N. Y., about ¾ of a mile from Mamaroneck depot, an expensive-built house, 44x45; wing attached, 22x36 feet; walls filled in with brick; containing 19 hard-finished rooms; parlor large; floors deafened; water drawn on second story; furnace, bath, carriage-house, ice-house, barn, stable, hennery, wood-house, boat-house, used for bathing; about 16 acres of choice land fronting the Boston post road, sloping to the water; grounds tastefully laid out with ornamental trees, shrubbery, &c.; a large variety of young and bearing fruit trees, choice selections; also, a fine kitchen garden. For further particulars, inquire on the premises, of Mr. and Mrs. ROGERS.

ALLEN & BROWN,

No. 96 Broadway,

OFFER FOR SALE THE FOLLOWING DESCRIBED PROPERTY:

Lot on Spring-st., near Mercer, 25x100.
Lot on Greene-st., near Houston, 100x100
Lot on Greene-st., near Prince, 25x100.
Lot on Mercer-st., near Spring, 25x100.
Lot on Laurens-st., near Canal-st., 69[illegible]
Lot cor. of Broome and Prince sts., 25x100.
Lots on Spring-st., forming an L on Mercer. lot 25x75.
All the above lots have buildings on them.
Also, a number of other desirable pieces of property.

EAST TENNESSEE LAND AGENCY.

COCKRILL & SEYMOUR
REAL ESTATE BROKERS,
Knoxville, Tenn.,

Offer for sale valuable lands of every description in all parts of East Tennessee. Information concerning real estate promptly and gratuitously furnished.

FOR SALE OR TO LET—NEAR THE VILlage of Fishkill, N. Y., the large and commodious house recently occupied by Benjamin Aymar, Esq.; said house is furnished with gas and water; has fine grounds attached, with carriage-house, ice-house, barn and stabling. Rent $750 per annum.

To let in the same village, a two-story double house, with eight rooms, at $225 per annum.

Also, for sale, with or without the furniture, or to let furnished, a double cottage, with an acre of ground attached.

Fishkill village is five miles from the depot at Fishkill Landing. Apply to

THEODORE R. WETMORE,
No. 31 Pine-st., Room No. 8.

FOR SALE—A VERY SUPERIOR BROWN-stone house, with the lot in fee, in West 9th-st., near 5th-av.; lot 25 by half the block. The house is four stories, with basement and sub-cellar; an extension, containing dining-room and laundry; the hall, library and dining-room, together with the floors of the principal story, are finished with walnut and butternut-wood. It was built a few years since, under the inspection of the owner, and has since been repainted and decorated in Marcot's best style; price $40,000, which the building alone would now cost. For permits to view the premises, apply to I. G. PEARSON, No. 8 Wall-st., or HOMER MORGAN, No. 2 Pine-st.

ORANGE, N. J. — FOR SALE — LOCATION one of the best in Orange; five minutes' walk from Valley Depot plank-walk; fine views in every direction; pure spring water; neighboring improvements good; house one year old, 44x44, built in the best manner by days' work; walls filled in with brick; piazza 12x44; dining-room and parlor each 16x22; every room hard finished, modern improvements, &c. For further particulars and price apply to A. O. VAN LENNEP, No. 52 Cedar st., up stairs.

FOR SALE IN BROOKLYN—THE NEAT two-story and attic house with basement and under-cellar (frame filled in with brick) on Franklin-av., between Willoughby and De Kalb avs. Price $4,000.

Also, two three-story brick houses on Monroe-st., near Marcy-av. Price $3,000 each.

Also, the cottage and lots adjoining. Price $2,500. Inquire of ALLEN & BROWN, No. 96 Broadway, New-York.

FOR SALE—CLIFTON POINT, AT RHINEBECK, on the Hudson, an elegant residence, with 125 acres highly productive land, occupying a bold headland upon the east shore; views of river and Catskill Mountains unsurpassed; lawns, walks and agricultural lands well arranged, and premises suitable for a gentleman of wealth and refinement. Apply to E. H. LUDLOW & CO., No. 3 Pine-st., or FRANCIS T. GARRETTSON, Attorney, &c., No. 54 Wall-st.

FOR SALE AT STAMFORD, CONN.—A farm of 22 acres, about one mile east of railroad depot on the Cove Road: on the premises is a good, convenient house, carriage-house, workshop, barn, &c., &c., fruit and shade trees; a well of excellent water near the door. Apply on the premises or to M. J. BERRIEN, Stamford, Conn., or to M. C. G. WITTE, No. 94 John-st., New-York City.

FOR SALE—A COUNTRY RESIDENCE IN Westchester County, nine miles from New-York, near Williamsbridge Station on the Harlem Railroad; seventeen acres; a large mansion with fine outbuildings and good ground; fruit trees and shrubbery; an extensive view of Long Island Sound and surrounding country. Inquire on the premises of Mrs. BOHDE, or of DANIEL TEER, Kingsbridge.

A TIDE, FLOURING, GRIST AND FEED mill for sale, with three run of stones, nearly new, with all the modern improvements; has a good run of customers and well located to do a large business; vessels can unload directly into the mill. Address or apply to Capt. ISAAC WEED, or EDWIN A. WEED, Darien, Conn.

FOR SALE, AT IRVINGTON ON THE Hudson, a large and very desirable residence, with four acres of land, good barn, outhouses, &c.; fine view of the river and a short distance from the depot. If wanted, the furniture, horses, carriages, &c., will be sold with the place. For particulars apply to E. TWEEDY, No. 126 Duane-st.

NORTHAMPTON — COUNTRY RESIDENCE for sale or rent, furnished. A first-class residence, extensive grounds, situation central and elevated, and commands an extensive view of valley of Connecticut River. Buildings all new; house contains gas and other modern conveniences. Address P. O. Box No. 296, Northampton, Mass.

FOR SALE—HOUSE, CARRIAGE-FACTORY and lot at Pelham, Westchester County, 16 miles from New-York, and 1¼ miles from Mt. Vernon Depot, New-York and New-Haven Railroad; house in best of order, and contains 10 rooms, with plenty of small fruit and shrubbery on the place. For terms apply to CHAS. M. HINMAN, No. 191 Chambers-st., New-York.

FOR SALE—A COTTAGE HOUSE, WITH NINE rooms, barn, &c., in good order, with three acres of land, well stocked with the choicest fruit, located on Sprain Road, two miles from Hastings and three miles from Yonkers. Location perfectly healthy. Will be sold low. Inquire of J. G. UTTER, corner of Dock-st. and Broadway, Yonkers.

FOR SALE—A FARM OF ABOUT 50 ACRES, with good farm house, barn and other outbuildings, running from Sawmill River to Sprain Road, Westchester County, three miles from Yonkers and 2½ miles from Bronxville Station on Harlem Railroad. Terms easy. Inquire of J. G. UTTER, corner of Dock-st. and Broadway, Yonkers, or of J. D. AUSTIN, on the premises.

FOR SALE—ONE OF THE BEST LOCATIONS for a chair manufactory in the State; six hours from New-York on Erie Railroad; maple and beach can be had in inexhaustible quantities for about the price of cutting and hauling. Inquire of HOYT BROTHER, Nos. 28 and 30 Spruce-st.

COUNTRY SEAT FOR SALE ON LONG Island, 17 miles from the City; communication daily by steamboat or railroad. A new two-story and attic house with kitchen attached; 2½ acres of first-rate land. For further patriculars apply to DAVID L. SAFF, sparyard, foot of 3d-st., E. R.

A FARM OF THIRTY ACRES, IMproved; on it a lime-stone quarry, inexhaustible, two kilns, a horse, cart, implements; sales last year $1,600 profits; price $7,000; 30 miles from New-York on railroad; must sell; in it is a fortune. Call on F. J. BEAN, No. 113 John-st., from 9 to 4.

BROOKLYN HEIGHTS.—FOR SALE, ONLY five minutes from Fulton and ten from Wall-st. Ferry, the three-story high stoop brick house, No. 8 Willow st. 25x45, full lot, extra built, fine order, all improvements. Price, $14,000. Terms easy. Apply on the premises, or to W. H. COWL, 215 Greenwich-st., New-York.

A SPLENDID FARM FOR SALE IN NEW-Jersey, on the railroad, near New-Brunswick, 125 acres fine tillage land; good dwelling, all kinds of fruit, shade trees, &c.; beautifully located. For full particulars see the owner on Tuesday, at SAMUEL SMITH'S, No. 491 8th-av., corner 36th-st.

FOR SALE IN BROOKLYN, E. D.—THE neat three-story and basement brick houses Nos. 3 and 7 2d-st., near Broadway, a few minutes' walk from the ferry. Price $5,000 each.

Inquire of ALLEN & BROWN, No. 96 Broadway, New-York.

FOR SALE—A PLOT OF FORTY ACRES IN East Chester, fronting on the road to the landing—also on the road to Reed's Mill—on which there is a fine building site. Apply to Mr. RUTHERFORD, East Chester, or to THOMAS H. FAILE, Executor, No. 192 Chambers-st., New-York.

FOR SALE AT NORTH ORANGE, N. J.—A handsome residence, situated on Scotland-st., with about two acres of land; house 40 feet square, 12 rooms, stable, carriage-house, fruit, &c.; a most desirable location and a delightful residence. Price $14,000. Apply to HOMER MORGAN, No. 2 Pine-st.

FOR SALE—AT NEW-ROCHELLE, FIVE minutes from depot, a neat cottage-house; 11 rooms, gas, furnace, &c., in excellent order; garden, stable and carriage-house; plenty shade; location healthy. Price $6,500. COUDERT BROTHERS, No. 49 Wall-st.

$4,500—WILL BUY A GOOD NEW frame house and barn, with 14 acres of ground, a fine view, 18 miles from New-York, 1¼ miles from depot, on Northern Railroad of N. J. DAY, FERDON & CO. No. 191 Broadway, Room No. 4.

AVOID HIGH RENTS.—BUY WOODWARD'S COUNTRY HOMES, 122 designs and plans, and build a house in the country. Price $1 50, post-paid.

GEO. E. & F. W. WOODWARD,
Publishers, No. 37 Park-row, New-York.

FOR SALE—VALUABLE WATER FRONTS, about 13 lots, near Navy-yard, with good dock and front of about 140 feet. For particulars address Box No. 5,695 Post-office.

A BARGAIN IN NEW-BRUNSWICK—Good two-story and basement house, nine rooms; lot, 60x100; price, $2,000. Others from $2,000 to $20,000. PETTIT & FRAZEE, No 200 Broadway, Room No. 12.

A BEAUTIFULLY SITUATED FARM OF 109 acres, near Peekskill, with fine view of river and country, on the road to Lakes Mohegan and Mahopac, for sale. G. MERLE, No. 290 Water-st.

FOR SALE—COTTAGE AND 26 LOTS IN THE best part of Ravenswood, opposite Central Park; valuable river frontage. ENOCH ARMITAGE, No. 34 John-st., Room No. 2.

FOR SALE—ON 129TH-ST., HARLEM, SMALL brick-house between 5th and 6th avs. Price $6,000. Apply to J. ROMAINE BROWN, No. 1,275 Broadway.

FOR SALE OR EXCHANGE—A FINE country seat, situated at Jamaica. Apply to AARON A. DEGRAUW, No. 242 South-st.

LOTS FOR SALE.—FOUR LOTS ON LEXINGton av., west side, corner of 58th-st. Apply at THE MERCANTILE AGENCY, No. 293 Broadway.

FOR SALE—HOUSE AND LOT, NO. 9 GRAMercy Park, East 20th-st., 26.8x92. For further particulars apply to A. T. BROWN, No. 74 Wall-st.

FOR SALE.

FOR SALE ON BROOKLYN HEIGHTS—A three-story, finished attic, basement, and subcellar brick house, 24x56, lot 125 feet, built in the most substantial manner for the residence of a gentleman, (recently deceased,) and containing all the modern improvements. Terms easy. Apply to

DAVENPORT & FANNING,
Montague-st., next to Post-office, Brooklyn.

FOR SALE—RIDGEFIELD PARK—THE PROPerty of E. K. Alburtis, on the Hackensack River, 25 minutes by cars from New-York, or one hour's ride over a good macadamized road, 300 acres of highly-improved land; will be sold in parcels to suit purchasers. On the property are a number of excellent dwellings, suitable for gentlemen's residences. The property is located on high ground, commanding splendid views of the Hackensack, Ramapo Mountains, Newark Bay, &c.; good bathing, boating and fishing; churches and schools in the vicinity. For salubrity of climate and general health the place cannot be surpassed. The whole property has been laid out in building sites by Gen. Viele, plans of which can be seen at our office.

Parties wishing to view the place will take the 12 o'clock noon train on the Northern New-Jersey Railroad, and they will find conveyances at the depot to convey them direct to the place. Further particulars and permits can be had by applying to

E. H. LUDLOW & CO., No. 3 Pine-st.

A charter for the Hoboken, Ridgefield and Paterson Railroad Company has just been obtained, which will give a depot within five minutes' walk of the premises.

FOR SALE—A VALUABLE COUNTRY SEAT of 115 acres, known as Plum Point, on the west shore of the Hudson, 2½ miles from Newburgh and same distance from the entrance to the Highlands. Front on the river one mile—a gravelly beach, and water grant from the state to the channel. No description can give a correct idea of its commanding position, natural advantages, extensive pleasure grounds and superb views, taking in both shores of Newburgh Bay. Land very best quality. Fine large mansion, &c., in excellent order. If not sold by 1st April, will be rented. Apply to HOMER MORGAN, No. 2 Pine-st.; E. H. LUDLOW & CO., No. 3 Pine-st.; W. M. VERPLANCK, No. 36 South-st., or P. A. VERPLANCK, on the premises.

COUNTRY RESIDENCE FOR SALE—AT Maplewood, on the Orange Mountain, less than half a mile from the Morris and Essex Station, between Millburn and South Orange, and one hour from New-York, a capacious modern-built residence, 41x48 feet, three stories, with gas, hot and cold water throughout, and all the conveniences of a City house; the grounds are thickly planted with shade trees and evergreens; abundance of fruits, all producing; stable, carriage-house, ice-house, small cottage for gardener, and other necessary buildings; about 30 acres, extending from the railroad to the top of the mountain, and for beauty and healthfulness unsurpassed. Apply to Mr. ELPHINSTONE, on the premises, or to N. C. BISHOP, No. 167 Broadway, Room 4.

FOR SALE—THE COUNTRY RESIDENCE AND farm of the late E. Boonen Graves, at Morristown, N. J., 1¼ miles from Morristown Depot. The premises contain about 75 acres, with the mansion-house, farm-house, carriage-house and barns, green and grape houses. The dwelling-house is elegant and spacious, with all the modern improvements. The grounds are under the highest state of cultivation, containing fruit trees of every variety. The place is easily accessible from the City of New-York, per Morris and Essex Railroad, and can be seen at all times. For further particulars, apply to HOMER MORGAN, No. 3 Pine-st., or R. S. EMMET, No. 54 William-st., or on the premises.

$25,000, AND $12,000.—FOR SALE—A beautifully situated country place at North end of the Palisades, Hudson River; by Northern Railroad of N. J., one mile from station; 14 acres of lawn and garden, choice fruit, new Mansion House, cottage and barns all built in the best manner, and being thoroughly repaired; price, $25,000, (more land if desired). Also, one acre, new house and barn at Bloomfield, N. J.; price, $12,000. P. C. ANTHONY, No. 23 Nassau-st.

A SACRIFICE.—TWO ADJOINING FARMS, well cultivated and timbered, two sets of dwellings and outbuildings, natural pond with complete saw-mill, healthy location, good society, churches, schools, &c., near. Must be sold immediately. Also, a village property, 1¼ acres of land, 40 choice fruit trees, good roomy dwelling and kitchen, barn and excellent store. Apply to the owner, JOHN VANDERBILT, No. 41 Liberty-st., New-York.

FOR SALE—A FARM OF 60 ACRES ON THE Harlem Railroad, 44 miles from the City, and adjoining the depot at Golden's Bridge. On the place is a good farm-house and barn; well fenced and watered, and plenty of young fruit. If not disposed of before the 24th inst., it will be sold at public auction on that day at 12 o'clock, to close the estate of Squire Mead, deceased. For further particulars call on M. MEAD, with Charles Heard & Co., No. 301 Grand-st., for three days.

NEW-BRUNSWICK. — SPLENDID COUNtry residence and farm of 100 acres, or mansion-house and 20 acres, on the banks of the Raritan, one and one-quarter hours from New-York. The house, in a magnificent grove, is replete with modern improvements, whilst the outbuildings are on the most liberal scale. The property when seen will be appreciated. RIDER & FORD, No. 71 Broadway, Room No. 52.

VALUABLE VACANT PROPERTY IN BROOKLYN FOR BUSINESS PURPOSES.—For sale, to close an estate, the plot of ground, on the corner of Water and Washington sts., Brooklyn, 62x100. For a factory, machine-shop, foundry or similar business, the location is unsurpassed. Also, the excellent frame dwelling-house, No. 139 Washington-st., Brooklyn, near Sands-st. The location is good. Lot 30x100. B. G. HITCHINGS, Executor, No. 51 William-st., N. Y.

ON STATEN ISLAND—FOR SALE OR TO rent, for three or five years, on the Terrace, at New-Brighton, within five minutes of the ferry, a house 60 feet front, containing 17 rooms and two cellars, completely furnished and with modern improvements; grounds extensive; lot 100 feet by over 200 feet deep. Possession given before the 1st of May. Inquire on the premises of Mrs. PASTORA J. GRIFFIN.

A GARDEN FARM OF 61 ACRES FOR sale on Staten Island, 2½ miles from landing at Garrettson's Station; large house, new barn, carriage-house, hay-houses, &c.; great variety of fruit; also one of 11 acres, 3½ miles from landing, on railroad; large house, good outbuildings; other farms in different locations; several small country seats fronting on the Hudson.

A. LYDECKER, No. 160 Fulton-st., Room No. 5.

COUNTRY RESIDENCE FOR SALE OR TO LET—In North Englewood, on the Northern Railroad of New-Jersey, one hour from New-York, a two-story and attic, 17 rooms, bath, water-closet, carriage-house, stable, about three acres, good variety of fruit, hydrant in garden and carriage-house, double piazza, fountain in front, ten minutes from depot. M. FLANNELLY.

FOR SALE—A HANDSOME COUNTRY-SEAT, at Fort Lee, formerly the residence of the late Isaac Newtown; large double mansion, hot-houses, graperies, stables and carriage-house, boat-house, dock, with about 11 acres of ground, directly on the water, in a high state of cultivation. Apply to E. H. LUDLOW & CO., No. 3 Pine-st.

COUNTRY RESIDENCE NEAR HICKSVILLE, Long Island, with 55 acres, for sale, or to let furnished; 15 rooms, with bath-room, carriage-house, stables, use of three cows and fowls, ice-house, filled garden and five acres of land. Call at No. 36 Broadway, on J. C. LORD, or S. S. JACKSON, No. 44 Barclay-st., up stairs.

FOR SALE—HOUSE AT PORT RICHMOND, Staten Island, having a fine water front, containing 11 rooms, beside library, closets, pantries and bath-room; gas throughout; large barn, choice grapes, fruit and shrubbery, all in perfect order, within five minutes' walk of two landings; price $8,500. HAGGERTY & PHELPS, Box No. 5,965 Post-office. (After 1st April at 11 Pine-st.)

A VALUABLE PROPERTY FOR SALE AT A LOW FIGURE.—Two handsome cottage houses and some 20 acres of good land, laying well for cutting up into building sites, as it adjoins railroad station at Maplewood, about 16 miles from the City; it would be divided to suit applicants.

W. P. SEYMOUR, No. 171 Broadway.

FOR SALE—IN TREMONT, A VERY DESIRable residence, within three minutes' walk of the railroad depot; house new, with all the modern improvements, and five lots of ground; possession April 1, 1866; price, $10,000. Apply to E. H. LUDLOW & CO., No. 3 Pine-st.

TO RENT—TO A PRIVATE FAMILY ONLY, the English basement house, No. 49 West 19th-st.; has all the modern improvements, and is in perfect order. For permits to see the house apply to E. C. LORD, No. 139 Greenwich st.

FOR SALE—A SPLENDID FARM OF 115 ACRES, near a steamboat landing on the north shore of Long Island; soil excellent; must be sold; possession at once. Full particulars of C. L. GRAY, No. 30 Broad-st., Room No. 36.

FOR SALE—THAT ELEGANT FIRST-CLASS brown-stone dwelling house, high basement, in splendid order, No. 56 West 46th-st., between 5th and 6th avs. Price, $22,000. For terms and permits apply to

E. YENNI, No. 182 Broadway.

LOW, EASY TERMS—FINE TWO-STORY and basement frame house, with extension, recently perfectly adapted for two families, with 56 years' ground lease; very low rent; fine location. Inquire on premises, No. 29 West 43d-st., near 5th-av.

FARM FOR SALE—NEAR PATERSON, N. J., about 60 acres, in complete order; buildings large and nearly new; an abundance of fruit, pure water; fine, healthy location; price $8,500; terms easy. Apply in store No. 702 Washington-st.

FOR SALE—A COUNTRY PLACE, 18 MILES from the City, and within one hour's time by the New-York and New-Haven Railroad; there is a small house, barn, and three good orchards of fruit on the premises. Apply at No. 195 Fulton-st.

HOUSE AND LOT FOR SALE—CORNER 5th-av. and 8th-st., Brooklyn, adjoining the church, new high-stoop brick house, modern improvements, containing eight rooms; price $4,500; on easy terms. Apply at No. 90 Barclay-st., New-York, or on the premises.

$4,500.—FOR SALE—AN ALMOST NEW house, containing 11 rooms, with 1¼ acre of land; good well, plenty of fruit, good stable, &c.; 3½ miles from Hoboken; 5 minutes' walk from steam or horse cars. J. A. LYDECKER, 160 Fulton-st., Room 5.

FOR SALE—THE HOUSE AND LOT NO. 23 University-place, between 9th and 10th sts., extra width. Will be sold with furniture if desired. Apply to HOMER MORGAN, No. 3 Pine-st.; or R. S. EMMET, No. 54 William-st.

COUNTRY RESIDENCE FOR SALE—IN Westchester County, near Riverdale, 12 miles from Madison-square; large house and carriage-house; 3 to 5 acres; plenty of large shade-trees. Apply to B. BARNES, No. 4 Jauncey-court.

FOR SALE OR TO RENT—FURNISHED OR unfurnished, or will exchange for a pleasant residence near the city, a first-class corner house; location central, and house and lot full size. Address Box No. 44, Union-place Hotel.

A BARGAIN AT MILLSTONE.—85 ACRES, good large buildings, fruit, shade, &c., a first-class farm, $9,500. Others cheap. PETTIT & FRAZEE, No. 200 Broadway, Room No. 12.

FOR SALE—NEAR THE VILLAGE OF BEDford, Westchester County, a very desirable place of 15 acres, good house and outhouses; price $3,500; terms easy. Apply to HOMER MORGAN, No. 2 Pine-st.

FOR SALE AT HARLEM—BRICK HOUSE south side of 119th-st., between 2d and 3d avs.; westerly one of five. Inquire of G. W. NOBLE, brick and coal yard, foot of 129th-st.

$4,000—FOR DWELLING-HOUSE, barn and ten acres land, 15 miles from New-York, on railroad. Fine prospect and healthy location. C. P. WYMAN, No. 3 Pine-st.

BROOKLYN LOTS AT AUCTION—BY ANTHONY J. BLEECKER, Auctioneer, at the Exchange, on THURSDAY next, 12 o'clock. Great opportunity for investment or builders.

BROADWAY STORE—THREE YEARS' lease for sale of a first-class store; best location, above 14th-st.; business must be first-class. Address A. D. K., Station D.

SPLENDID FARM, 230 ACRES, IN NEW-Jersey, for sale cheap, or would exchange for an improved farm in Iowa or Missouri.

JAQUES, No. 40 Dey-st.

A FARM OF 47 ACRES FOR SALE—A half a mile from Central Railroad of New-Jersey. Address Mrs. PAXTON, Jersey City Post-office, or apply to W. BOARD, Mulford Station.

COTTAGE FOR SALE ON THE HUDSON, quarter acre of ground; also a place near landing, suitable for pic-nics, &c. ISAAC A. BIGGS & SON, No. 79 Nassau-st.

FOR SALE OR RENT—DWELLING-HOUSE, No. 45 Charlton-st.; slate roof, gas fixtures; if not sold by April 1, will be to rent. Apply to R. C. EMBREE, No. 54 William-st.

FOR SALE.

VALUABLE COUNTRY SEAT FOR SALE.—The house and farm known as Springlawn, situated on the East River at Whitestone, Queens County, L. I., three miles from Flushing, containing about 85 acres, with dwelling-house, farmer's house, barn, carriage-house, green-house, &c., well known as the residence of the late John Haggerty, Esq. The poperty can be advantageously subdivided, with admirable building sites. Terms of purchase made easy. Parties desirous of examining the estate can procure tickets and information by applying at the office of HAGGERTY & CO., Nos. 122 and 124 Duane-st.

FARM FOR SALE—OF 130 ACRES, TO CLOSE an estate; pleasantly and healthfully situated in Westchester County, two miles from Chapequa Depot, on the Harlem Railroad, five from Sing Sing, two from Croton Lake. Comfortable house, 13 rooms; never failing soft spring water running in it; fountain in front yard; good barn, cedar shingle hipp roof, 30x60, 16 feet posts, beside basement with 21 stalls for horses and cows, and room for 100 barrels of apples; water in basement and yard; good carriage-house and granary; two apple orchards, several kinds of pear and peach trees, &c. If not sold before, will be put up at auction on the 27th of this month, at 12 o'clock, on the premises, and sold to the highest bidder. For further particulars inquire of A. T. UNDERHILL, No. 16 Warren-st., W. UNDERHILL, Yonkers, or on the premises.

E. C. UNDERHILL, Executrix.

FOR SALE—A DESIRABLE COUNTRY SEAT, with about 2¼ acres of land, cottage, thirteen rooms, cellars, carriage-house, with room for horses and cows, bathing-house, and other outbuildings; also a great variety of shade trees, all kinds of the best selections of fruit, grapes, &c., in full bearing; a fine kitchen and flower garden, lawns, and within three minutes' walk from West Mount Vernon Depot, Westchester County. Price $12,000. Inquire of Ticket Agent, West Mount Vernon, or at No. 191 Bowery, New-York.

AT PRIVATE SALE—TO CLOSE AN ESTATE.—The very elegant and thoroughly-built residence, No. 168 President-st., between Clinton and Court sts., Brooklyn. House is 38 feet wide; in first-rate order; has every convenience; parlors, dining and reception room on one floor; not occupied; can be seen any hour in the day; will be sold with or without ground adjoining in garden; terms to suit purchaser. For terms apply to E. R. KELLOGG, Executor, No. 139 Pearl-st., New-York.

A VERY CONVENIENT AND HANDSOME HOUSE FOR SALE.—The extra-width house, No. 20 Second-place, Brooklyn, in fine order; parlors, dining and reception rooms on one floor; is not occupied. Can be seen any time, by applying at No. 18 Second-place. For price and terms, apply to E. R. KELLOGG, No. 139 Pearl-st., New-York.

FOR SALE—THE LEASE, FOUR YEARS FROM May, of the front basement No. 31 Park-row, (now two stores,) and the stock and fixtures of the hat, cap and trunk store in the northerly half of said basement, established fifteen years; a bargain can be had if bought now; possession given immediately. Inquire on the premises.

BUILDING LOTS AND SITES FOR SALE—In Bergen Point, South Bergen, Hudson City, West Hoboken, Union Hill, Weehawken, &c.; from one to fifty lots each; easy access by horse cars. Prices $200 each and upward.

PARSONS & WARD, No. 79 Cedar-st.

2,300 ACRES WOOD AND TIMBER LANDS FOR SALE—Near canal, Delaware River and Erie Railway; terms moderate for cash. Call on or address L. C. G. KSHINKA, American Hotel, Broadway and 8th-st.

FOR SALE OR TO EXCHANGE—FARMS of all sizes and desirable country seats; prices $1,500 to $20,000. Four acres near ferry, on Long Island, $1,200; $200 cash. FREEMAN & EMERSON, No. 206 Broadway.

COTTAGE FOR SALE AT IRVINGTON—Has a fine river view; barn, with stables, fruit and one acre; two minutes' walk from depot; possession at short notice. C. H. OLIVER, No. 7 Beekman-st.

TO LET.

TO RENT FURNISHED—A HOUSE ON the 5th-av., on liberal terms, to a careful responsible tenant. Address W., Box No. 4,565 Post-office.

DOUBLE FURNISHED HOUSE TO LET.—To let or lease the double two-story house No. 110 East 16th-st., near Union-square, to a private family only; house in complete order, 33x81, furniture handsome and abundant; offered to lease for two years in consequence of the family going abroad. For further information apply to HOMER MORGAN, No. 2 Pine-st.

TO LET—THE FOUR-STORY DWELLING, NO. 29 Bond-st., near Broadway; also the three-story, No. 323 2d-av.: also the four-story English basement dwellings, Nos. 291, 291½ and 293 West 19th-st.; also a three-story building on rear of No. 145 East 36th-st., suitable for manufacturing purposes. For permits apply to J. C. BAILEY, corner Bowery and 5th-st.

TO LET OR FOR SALE FURNISHED—A very superior built and richly furnished house in South Brooklyn, with stable and six lots of ground. Also, buildings and lots to let, suitable for manufacturing purposes.

Apply at the Union Stores, foot of Sedgwick-st., South Brooklyn.

TO LET—A FINE COUNTRY RESIDENCE, (furnished,) at Cornwall, Orange County, two miles from steamboat landing; beautifully situated, having a splendid view of the river; house contains nine rooms, with observatory and piazza. For further particulars apply to WILLIAM BLOOMER, on the premises, or of H. MERRITT, No. 49 3d-av.

A WELL-FURNISHED THREE-STORY brown-stone house to let, six months or longer, near Bridgeport, 23x50 and extension; ten minutes' walk from station; convenient to schools, churches, &c.; most desirably located, and in perfect order. $150 per month.

FISH & BLIVEN, No. 541 Broadway.

TO LET—IN THE VILLAGE OF FLUSHING, Long Island, a pleasant and completely furnished residence, five minutes' from depot; two acres of land, with fine ornamental and fruit trees, a nice carriage-house and stable, with accommodation for three horses. For particulars, apply to S. S. RIKER, No.150 Nassau-st.

FOR SALE OR TO LET—WITH OR WITHout furniture, first-class three-story basement subcellar high-stoop Philadelphia brick house on Hicks-st., near Harrison-st., Brooklyn; possession 1st of May. Further particulars and permits from T. S. RIVETT, No. 10 Wall-st., Room No. 23, from 12 to 3.

TO MANUFACTURERS.—TO LET, WITH steam power, in Brooklyn, the large building Nos. 199 and 201 Water-st., 58x150; will let the entire building, four floors, to parties wanting 60-horse power or more; or will let in floors or half-floors, to suit. Apply on the premises, or to H. W. GREEN, No. 13 Spruce-st., N. Y.

TO LET, FURNISHED—TO A SMALL FAMily, the superior house No. 42 West 37th-st., between 5th and 6th-avs.; price by the year, $350 per month; can only be seen at my order. Parties desiring such will please call on me before 9 A. M., or after 7 P. M. THOS. J. STEWART, No. 158 West 21st-st.

TO LET—LARGE FARM-HOUSE, BARN AND carriage-house, large garden and plenty of fruit, near Cypress Hills Cemetery and Myrtle-av. plank road; about 4 miles from South 7th-st. and Grand-st. ferries. Inquire of W. R. SINEY, No. 37 South 4th-st., Williamsburgh.

TO LET—LOW, THE FIVE-STORY BUILDING NO. 73 Hudson-st., 25x100, with entrance on alley in rear facing Worth-st., is finely shelved for glass or crockery business. GUSTAVUS BAYLIES, No. 240 Broadway.

FURNISHED HOUSE TO LET IN MILford, Conn., on the line of the New-York and New-Haven Railroad; would prefer to let for six (6) months from 1st of May. For particulars inquire of CORNWALL & ZEREGA, No. 134 Pearl-st., New-York.

TO LET—FROM MAY 1, SIX THREE-STORY brick houses, Nos. 242, 246, 248, 250 West 13th-st.; rent $1,000 each. Also, a first-class brown-stone house, No. 354 West 32d-st., at $1,800 rent. Apply to

ROBERT USHER, Jr., No. 238 West 34th-st.

BROADWAY PROPERTY TO LET OR LEASE.—Store and basement No. 634 Broadway; second and third floors Nos. 634, 636 and 638 Broadway, separate or together. Apply to C. WITTY, Carriage Warerooms, No. 633 Broadway.

STEAM POWER TO LET—BUILDING TWO-story, cellar and attic, 48 feet deep, with rear-yard 100 feet deep, on Park-st., facing Worth-st., near Centre-st.; for sale or to let, with or without steam power. Apply to HEWITT & BALDWIN, No. 2 Harrison-st.

TO LET—IN THE VILLAGE OF NYACK, A neat two-story and attic frame dwelling-house, in good order, with good cellar and kitchen attached; rent $350. Apply to F. TILLOU, No. 1 Nassau-st., New-York.

FURNISHED HOUSES TO LET.—THE three-story English basement, No. 125 East 19th-st.; also, the four-story English basement, No. 221 9th-st. For permits, apply to J. C. BAILEY, corner of Bowery and 5th-st.

TO LET—THREE UPPER STORIES OF A NEW building, about 50x90 feet, well lighted; new steam engine and boilers on the premises. Inquire at Nos. 16 and 18 Rose-st. OCKERSHAUSEN BROS.

TO LET—ENGLISH BASEMENT HOUSE NO. 237 West 30th-st., near 9th-av. Can be seen from 2 to 5 P. M. Apply to R. J. BRADFORD, No. 3 Astor House, Barclay-st.

COUNTRY RESIDENCE TO RENT FURNISHED.—A large house of some 16 rooms, on the north shore of Long Island. 20 miles from New-York. Apply to HOMER MORGAN, No. 2 Pine-st.

STORES AND LOFTS TO LET IN ALL parts of the City. Several entire buildings to be erected in Lispenard, Mercer, Howard and Broadway. D. D. ORRELL, Agent for owners, No. 78 Cedar-st.

TO LET—AT WHITESTONE, LONG ISLAND, an unfurnished house and seven acres of land, with good barn and stables and a good apple orchard and garden. ROBERT HAYDOCK, No. 101 Liberty-st.

TO LET—A HANDSOMELY FURNISHED house No. 79 East 17th-st., near Irving-place. Apply to GEORGE A. HEARN, No. 425 Broadway or HOMER MORGAN, No. 2 Pine-st.

TO LEASE FOR A TERM OF YEARS—Unimproved lots on Washington-st., between Franklin and Harrison sts. Apply to FREDERICK CLARKSON, No. 54 Wall-st.

TO LET—A FURNISHED HOUSE, NO. 64 Harrison-st., Brooklyn, from May 1; commodious, with modern conveniences. Inquire at No. 49 Murray-st., New-York.

STEAM POWER TO LET.—A FIRST FLOOR and basement; also, lofts on Canal-street, opposite Earle's Hotel, and near Broadway.

Apply to P. J. INSLEE, No. 102 Walker-st.

TO LET—THE UPPER PART OF HOUSE NO. 147 East 12th-st., near 2d-av.; small family. Inquire at No. 77 Catherine-st.

TO LET—FURNISHED HOUSE, FOR SIX months, on 2d-av. Can be seen by permit from H. MERRITT, No. 49 3d-av.

TO LET—THE DESIRABLE HOUSE NO. 17 East 37th-st., between Madison and 5th avs. Apply to H. K. CORNING, SON & CO., No. 84 South-st.

SUMMER RESIDENCE TO RENT—A furnished cottage at Pittsfield, Mass., from May 1. Address G. C., Box No. 75 New-York Post-office.

TO LET—FURNISHED HOUSE NO. 141 Lexington-av.; brown-stone, English basement; to be seen between the hours of 10 and 3.

TO LET—THE STORE, WITH WORKROOM. &c., No. 840 Broadway, corner of 13th-st. Possession given 1st of May.

TO LET—A STABLE, NO. 1 WEST 19TH-ST., near 5th-av., with accommodations for five horses. Apply to GEORGE A. HEARN, No. 425 Broadway.

TO LET—THE FRONT BASEMENT OF HOUSE No. 50 East 18th-st., suitable for a doctor's office. Apply to GEORGE A. HEARN, No. 425 Broadway.

FURNISHED HOUSE TO LET—NO. 30 East 25th-st. Apply to G. H. BREWSTER, No. 37 Pine-st.

OFFICES TO LET—FROM MAY 1, AT NO. 18 William-st.

STORE TO LET—NO 46 HUDSON-ST. APply to T. H. RODMAN, No. 54 William-st.

TO LET—THE HOUSE, WITH STABLE AND four lots of ground, on 64th-st., near 3d-av. Apply at No. 192 Broadway, from 11 to 12 o'clock, or at No. 93 East 27th-st., of PETER A. H. JACKSON.

TO LET.

HOUSES TO LET,

FURNISHED AND UNFURNISHED,
By ALBERT HAMILTON, No. 137 Broadway.

OFFICES TO LET.

Very desirable offices on the first floor, and the entire second and third floors of No. 7 Coenties-slip, suitable for merchants, bankers, or brokers. Apply to

WM. CRUIKSHANK & CO., No. 55 Broadway.

TO PRIVATE FAMILIES DESIRING A PLEASANT COUNTRY RESIDENCE DURING THE PRESENT YEAR.—A gentleman has just erected a large and commodious building in the upper part of Westchester County, containing some 30 rooms, with large parlors, dining and billiard rooms; delicious water at the door, ice-house full, (75 tons,) barn, stables, good garden spot, fine play-ground for children, and large pond of water for fishing or boating; the whole thing admirably arranged for the accommodation of about 50 persons, including servants. This is a fine opportunity for about four or six private families to club together, and, where the families are known to each other, would make it a pleasant and comfortable as a residence during the whole year, as it is of easy access by railroad, just 2½ minutes' walk from the station, and only 5 miles south of Lake Mahopac. Persons can be here at 9 A. M. and leave at 5 P. M.; full advantage of express trains. Rent per year, $2,000. Reference will be required as to character and responsibility. For further particulars apply to JOSEPH PICKARD, Rotunda Building, under Croton Aqueduct Board, City Hall, or to G. S. HICKOK, Park Bank.

TO RENT—A RESIDENCE FURNISHED, AND grounds with outhouses, at Lake George, New-York, known as the "Highland Cottage," bordering upon the lake, and upon the road from Caldwell to Bolton; 1½ miles from Fort William Henry and the Lake House; rent from April 1 next to Oct. 1, $600. Apply to JOHN G. HYER, at the Pacific Interchange, Nos. 30 and 32 Pine-st., Rooms Nos. 14 and 15, or by letter to Box No. 1,970 New-York Post-office.

TO LET—AT MADISON, NEW-JERSEY, A country residence, pleasantly situated, with a large lawn in front of the house, an orchard with plenty of fruit, good garden, carriage-house and stable, with pasture convenient. The house has twelve rooms, with a piazza in front, and within a few minutes walk of the depot. It would be preferred to lease it to a good tenant for a term of years. Apply to GEORGE POMEROY, Madison.

TO LET—SITUATED ON LITTLE NECK BAY, near Flushing, L. I., a large house fully furnished, with grounds, garden and other conveniences, the residence of the late A. H. Mickle, within nine miles of the City and a few minutes' walk of a depot, whence cars will run in July. For terms apply to WM. E. LAWRENCE, No. 36 Broadway, or on the premises of Mrs. A. H. MICKLE.

TO IMPORTERS AND COMMISSION MERCHANTS.—The lower floors or lofts of Nos. 43 and 45 White-st., now in course of construction, and to be finished in August, are offered in lease for a term of years; the front is to be of white marble, and the building first-class in every respect. Plans may be seen on application to E. R. MUDGE, SAWYER & CO., No. 35 Park-place.

FURNISHED HOUSES.—WE WILL LET FOR the Summer season, several nicely furnished houses at moderate rents. Also, for one to five years, eighteen fully furnished houses on Murray Hill and other parts of the city.

Apply to BENEDICT & COIT, No. 4 Pine-st.

TO LET—A BROWN-STONE HOUSE, NEAR Lexington-av., on 34th-st., completely furnished, at $400 a month; also an elegantly-furnished house on 19th-st., near 5th-av., the family about to leave for Europe; price $600 a month. Inquire at No. 30 Broad-st., Room No. 22. D. O. BRADLEY.

FURNISHED HOUSE TO RENT—NO. 50 7th-av., first house above 14th-st.; first-class, four-story, high stoop; thoroughly furnished. Apply W. H. BALDWIN, No. 128 Broadway, Room No. 7.

TO LET—PART OF HOUSE NO. 163 EAST 19TH-st. Inquire on premises.

STORAGE FOR FURNITURE AND MERchandise, in the first-class Storage Warehouse No. 285 Hudson-st. Apply in the store, on the premises.

HOUSES & ROOMS WANTED.

WANTED—A FOUR-STORY HIGH-STOOP brown-stone house, or a five-story English basement, between 20th and 31st sts, 4th and 6th-avs. Will pay from $2,500 to $3,000 per annum. Very best of references. Part of the furniture would be bought if desired. Answers, to be noticed, must state rent and location. Address X. Y. Z., No. 68 West 46th-st.

WANTED—ON OR BEFORE APRIL 15, BY A physician of unquestioned responsibility, part of a house, unfurnished or partly furnished, for housekeeping, between 30th and 48th sts. and 4th and 7th avs.; West 47th-st. preferred. Unexceptionable reference exchanged. Address, with particulars, L. O., Union-square Post-office.

WANTED—TO HIRE, WITH PRIVILEGE OF purchase, in Westchester County, within one hour's ride of the City, a neat country house, containing 10 rooms, with one acre of ground; neighborhood must be unobjectionable; price not to exceed $6,000. Address, with particulars, Box No. 1,494 New-York Post-office.

HOUSE WANTED ON HUDSON RIVER, Harlem or New-Haven Railroad, near depot, within thirty miles of New-York, for one year or longer, by a responsible person. Address Box No. 590 Post-office, with particulars.

WANTED TO RENT—IN HARLEM—PART of a house, in a genteel neighborhood, by a family comprising a man and his wife with one child. Address, with terms and other particulars, G. W. C., Box No. 154 Times Office.

WANTED—A WELL-FURNISHED COUNTRY residence for the Summer, with stable and garden, within 25 miles of the City. Address J. L. MORGAN & CO., No. 47 Fulton-st., New-York.

WANTED—BY A DESIRABLE TENANT, A MEdium-sized house of modern finish, at a reasonable rent, ten to fifteen minutes' walk from Fulton Ferry, Brooklyn. Address W. A., Box No. 122 Times Office.

A SMALL COUNTRY PLACE WANTED—To hire for the Summer, furnished; rent must be moderate; situation healthy, and accessible to New-York. Address B., Box No. 107 Times Office.

HOUSES WANTED.—ON A LEASE OF ONE to three years, three first-class houses, near together, in a good neighborhood, from $2,500 to $4,000. Apply to BENEDICT & COIT, No. 4 Pine-st.

WANTED—A COUNTRY PLACE, ACCESSIBLE to New-York, to purchase or lease at a reasonable price. Apply at No. 39 Nassau-st., Room No. 21.

BOARDING AND LODGING.

BOARDING.—PARLOR AND TWO BEDROOMS adjoining, on second floor, for single gentlemen; also hall bedrooms; house convenient to cars. 34 West 29th-st.

ASHLAND HOUSE, 4TH-AV. AND 24TH-ST.—A private family hotel, with all the convenience and improvements of a superior establishment at moderate cost. Accommodations for families who contemplate boarding and desire a home, may be obtained during the coming month. Single gentlemen, who desire permanent board, accommodated at $12 to $14 per week.

BROOKLYN BOARD FOR GENTLEMEN only, in a private family; location excellent; rooms well furnished; unexceptionable reference required. Apply at or address No. 275 Henry-st., Brooklyn.

A BACHELOR WANTS A PERMANENT home on the line of the Broadway and 7th-av. railroad; would prefer a first-class private family, of agreeable surroundings. Address A. T. S., Box No. 124 Times Office.

$7 PER WEEK AND UPWARD FOR single rooms, with board, at Dupont House, Hudson-st., opposite St. John's Park. Also, rooms by night or week. Watchmen all night.

A WELL-FURNISHED PARLOR, BED-ROOM adjoining, gas, &c., to let reasonably to a lady or gentleman. Apply to Mr. WILLIAMS, No. 97 East 43d-st., near Lexington-av.

BOARD WANTED IN EXCHANGE FOR MUSIC LESSONS.—Lessons in music for full or partial pay for a room and board, by a first-class lady teacher; can bring a piano. Address E. M., Station E.

ROOMS TO LET TO GENTLEMEN—With or without board, in a private family, on Murray Hill; unexceptionable reference given and required. Address C. W., Box No. 2,112 Post-office.

TO LET—A ROOM FOR ONE GENTLEMAN. Apply at No. 186 2d-av., between 11th and 12th sts. Dinner at 6.

COUNTRY BOARD.

COUNTRY BOARD—GOOD ACCOMMODAtions and board can be had by several small families, or one large one, in a pleasant village on the Hudson River, in the Highlands, about 1½ hour's ride from New-York by railroad and steamboat; references exchanged. Address B. T. F., Box No. 6,808 Post-office, New-York.

COUNTRY BOARD.—A GENTLEMAN AND wife wish a pleasant furnished room, with board, within one hour's ride or sail from New-York. Best of references given and required. Address, stating location and terms, G. W. V., Box No. 1,677 New-York Post-office.

COUNTRY BOARD.—THREE OR FOUR GENtlemen wish to obtain board for the Summer at Elizabeth, N. J., or vicinity. A quiet location preferred. Address E. C. G., Box No. 550 New-York Post-office.

FOREIGN HOTELS.

VENICE.

GRAND HOTEL VICTORIA.

This large and first-rate establishment, greatly improved and enlarged, is situated in the most central position of Venice, and close to the Piazza Sn. Mario, the principal theatres and churches. The Grand Hotel Victoria, containing 180 bedrooms and private apartments, furnished with every modern requisite, has been reopened on the 14th of November, 1865, under the management of Mr. ROBERT ETZENSBERGER, so well known to American tourists from the Schweizerhof at Luzerne, and the Hotel de Rome at Rome. He is at the same time proprietor of the

HOTEL DE MILAN,

at Majolica, (near Cadenabbia,) Lake of Como—a very comfortable, quiet house, beautifully situated and admirably well adapted for persons who intend to spend some time on this charming lake.

MILLINERY.

AT HIGGINS'

MAMMOTH MILLINERY,

NO. 126 6TH-AV., NEAR 10TH-ST.

Our Spring opening will take place THURSDAY next, 22d inst. In addition to a large number of bonnets and jockeys of our own manufacture, we will exhibit a handsome variety of French pattern bonnets, just arrived per steamer Africa. Customers and ladies generally are invited to attend. M. T. HIGGINS.

MADAM RALLING'S,
No. 218 Canal-st., New-York,
Will have her annual Spring opening
On WEDNESDAY, March 21,
When she will have on exhibition an elegant assortment of FRENCH BONNETS AND GIPSEYS.

TO MILLINERS AND MERCHANTS.
OPENING WEEK.

Latest styles of ribbons, silks, laces, flowers, straw goods and trimmings, at wholesale.

IRA BEARD, No. 324 Canal-st.

PARIS SPRING MILLINERY.—MRS. DAVILSON, No. 38 University-place, will open on TUESDAY next, March 20, imported Spring and Summer Millinery for 1866, comprising all the entirely new and elegant designs of the season.

E. MATHERS & CO., WILL HAVE AT their opening on TUESDAY, March 20, a large selection of imported French Bonnets from the leading houses in Paris. Also Round Hats, Summer Goods, &c.

E. MATHERS & CO., No. 891 Broadway.

AN ENTIRE NEW STOCK OF PARIS Spring and Summer bonnets and round hats will be opened on THURSDAY, March 22, at SIMMONS, No. 637 Broadway.

ASTROLOGY.

ASTONISHING.—MRS. NEUHEDEL, FROM Poland, tells past, present and future, No. 42 Stanton-st., first floor, No. 6. Ladies 50 cents; gentlemen $1.

The New-York Times.

NEW-YORK, TUESDAY, MARCH 20, 1866.

To Advertisers.

Advertisers in the TIMES are requested to bring in their notices at as early an hour in the day as possible. If received after 8¼ o'clock, it will be impossible to classify them under their proper heads.

Amusements this Evening.

ACADEMY OF MUSIC—ITALIAN OPERA.
14th-st., corner of Irving-place.
THIS EVENING, March 20, commencing at 8 o'clock, L'AFRICAINE. Original great cast, including Mme. Carozzi-Zucchi, Mme. Ortolani, Mazzoleni, Bellini, Antonucci, Lorini, Barili, Muller, &c.

WINTER GARDEN.
Broadway, between Bleecker and Amity sts.
THIS EVENING, March 20, commencing at 7½ o'clock, RICHELIEU; OR, THE CONSPIRACY. Characters by Messrs. Edwin Booth, Charles Barron, J. H. Taylor, John Dyott, W. Donaldson, Kemble Mason, Andrews, Bland, Miss E. Johnson, Mrs. Wilkins, &c.

NIBLO'S GARDEN.
Broadway, between Prince and Houston sts.
THIS EVENING, March 20, commencing at 7¾ o'clock, MARIE. Characters by Messrs. J. W. Collier, J. G. Burnett, D. Ralton, E. Lamb, E. B. Holmes, Misses Maggie Mitchell, Mary Wells, Maeder, H. Chapman, Everett, Whitlock, &c., &c.

WALLACK'S THEATRE.
Broadway, corner 13th-st.
THIS EVENING, March 20, commencing at 8 o'clock, KNIGHTS OF THE ROUND TABLE. Characters by Messrs. Charles Fisher, Frederick Robinson, Mark Smith, J. C. Williamson; Miss Mary Gannon, Miss Madeline Henriques, Miss Green and Miss Carman.

OLYMPIC THEATRE.
Broadway, between Houston and Bleecker sts.
THIS EVENING, March 20, commencing at 7¾ o'clock, GRANDFATHER WHITEHEAD and CINDERELLA E LA COMARE.

BROADWAY THEATRE.
Broadway, between Grand and Broome sts.
THIS EVENING, March 20, at 8 o'clock, THE VICTIMS and FORTY WINKS. Characters by John E. Owens, John K. Mortimer, J. W. Alaugh, Tom. Owens, T. L. Donnelly, Miss Celia Logan, Miss Josephine Tyson, Mrs. A. Hurd and others.

WOOD'S THEATRE.
Broadway, opposite St. Nicholas Hotel.
THIS EVENING, March 20, commencing at 7¾ o'clock, EAST LYNNE. Characters by Miss Lucille Western, Messrs. Barton Hill and Leffingwell; Miss Henrietta Osborne, Miss Corney, Mrs. E. Wright, Joyce, Mrs. G. F. Tyrell, Wilson, Alice Seidler, Mrs. Hare.

NEW BOWERY THEATRE.
Bowery, between Canal and Hester sts.
THIS EVENING, March 20, commencing at 7¾ o'clock, DER FREISCHUTZ; Or, THE SEVENTH CHARMED BULLET, THE FORREST KEEPER and TURN HIM OUT.

FOX'S OLD BOWERY THEATRE.
Bowery, between Bayard and Canal sts.
THIS AFTERNOON, March 20, commencing at 2½ o'clock, and EVENING at 7½, the pantomime of JACK AND GILL. Also two dramas. Characters by the company.

BARNUM'S NEW MUSEUM.
Broadway, between Spring and Prince sts.
THIS AFTERNOON at 2. EVENING at 7½ o'clock. MOSES; OR, ISRAEL IN EGYPT. MAGNIFICENT SCENERY, COSTUMES, &c. 100,000 CURIOSITIES.

NEW-YORK CIRCUS AND HIPPOTHEATRON.
14th-st., opposite the Academy of Music.
THIS EVENING, March 20, commencing at 8 o'clock, ROBINSON ON A BAREBACK HORSE, in his great original TROTTING HORSEMANSHIP, and all the Equestrians and Acrobats in a programme resplendent with brilliant animations.

BRYANT'S MINSTRELS.
Broadway, between Grand and Broome sts.
THIS EVENING, March 20, commencing at 7¾ o'clock, LES MISRABLES, LADY OF LYONS, &c. Characters by Dan Bryant, Little Mac, Rollin Howard, Neise Seymour, Dave Reed, Neil Bryant, &c.

S. P. AVERY'S ROOMS.
No. 634 Broadway.
THIS EVENING, March 20, Kensett's Pictures, MASSACHUSETTS COAST and HUDSON RIVER.

BRADY'S ART GALLERY.
No. 785 Broadway, corner of 10th-st.
THIS DAY AND EVENING, March 20—Exhibition of an entire new collection of WAR VIEWS and HISTORIC PORTRAITS. Free to the public.

LADIES FAIR.
Hall, Broadway, corner 23d-st.
THIS EVENING, March 20. For the benefit of an African Mission School.

NEWS OF THE DAY.

FROM EUROPE.

The steamship *Peruvian*, with dates *viâ* Londonderry to the 9th, reached Portland last evening. The opposition to the Reform Bill in the British Parliament was taking definite shape under the leadership of Lord DERBY. The bill to abolish Church rates had passed to a second reading in the House of Commons, but would encounter the usual opposition in the House of Lords. It is rumored that a German crisis was imminent. The Prussian Government had dispatched to Vienna a summons in respect to Holstein, which was as peremptory in its tone as its demands. BISMARCK was ready to face a war and its consequences. Our Continental news is meagre and of little importance.

CONGRESS.

In the Senate yesterday, Mr. WILSON presented the petition of several colored men, former slaves of GEORGE T. W. CUSTIS, who in his will freed them and provided for their support. They ask that a portion of the Arlington estate be set apart for their benefit. The bill establishing a Home for disabled soldiers and seamen being taken up, the House amendment limiting the provisions to soldiers was concurred in, and the bill passed. Mr. WILSON introduced a bill providing for the equalization of bounties. The bill providing for an annual inspection of Indian affairs was next called up. After some discussion the bill was passed, yeas 19, nays 16. Mr. SUMNER called up the joint resolution protesting against the action of foreign Governments in sending their condemned criminals to this country. The resolution was passed.

In the House the joint resolution on reconstruction, introduced last Monday by Mr. ASHLEY, of Ohio, was taken up and referred. Mr. BAKER and Mr. CULLOM proposed amendments to the Constitution, which were referred. Mr. MCCLURG introduced a joint resolution on reconstruction. Mr. HOOPER introduced a loan bill, the one already before the House having been lost. Mr. KASSAN introduced a bill relative to the Pacific Railroad. Mr. BIDWELL introduced a bill to enable the State of California to reclaim certain public lands. Mr. DAWSON introduced resolutions adverse to guaranteeing Mexican or any foreign bonds. The resolutions went over for the present. Mr. FARNSWORTH introduced a joint resolution appropriating $20,000 for the survey of Rock River. Mr. GARFIELD offered a resolution of inquiry relative to publishing Capt. SIMPSON's report of explorations in the Great Basin of Utah Territory. Mr. BUNDY introduced a resolution, which was passed, relative to providing pensions for the families of missing officers and soldiers. A concurrent resolution was passed fixing the adjournment of Congress on Thursday, the — day of May. Mr. COFFROTH introduced a resolution, which was adopted, in favor of an equalization of bounties. The motion to reconsider the vote on the Loan Bill was next taken and carried. On motion of Mr. CONKLING, the bill was then recommitted without instructions.

GENERAL NEWS.

From Havana news is received that the recent decree of March 2, directing that all the emancipados, or native Africans on the plantations, should be brought to the Government depot at Havanna, to be sent to the Island of Fernando Po, has been revoked. Gen. DULCE has sent in his resignation, and it is reported that he will leave the island. A movement is on foot to revive the slave-trade, and also a counter-movement toward the abolition of Slavery in Cuba and Porto Rico.

Advices from the Rio Grande to the 10th report an unbroken quiet prevailing. The French remained in full possession of Bagdad, and all the country surrounding, while the opposing forces had left for parts unknown.

By the way of Havana intelligence is received from Mexico that the Belgian Minister had been murdered while riding in a diligence. No further particulars are given.

Three of Prof. AGASSIZ' assistants returned from Brazil in the last United States and Brazil Company's mail steamer *Havana*. The courtesies of the Company have been most handsomely extended to Prof. AGASSIZ and his assistants, not only as above, but in transporting from the Amazon the rich collection of fishes to the United States. The Boston *Journal* is informed that Prof. AGASSIZ and the others of the party will not return until late in the season.

There was almost a riot in Worcester, Mass., on Saturday last, a crowd of a hundred men attempting to rescue a drunken prisoner from the police, and making it necessary for the officers to fire upon them. Several of the rioters were wounded, and some of the officers received some hard knocks.

HARRIET PINCKNEY, aged 90 years, a daughter of Gen. CHARLES COTESWORTH PINCKNEY, of Revolutionary fame, died in Charleston, S. C., on the 15th instant.

The House of the Iowa Legislature has passed a resolution calling for the trial and punishment of Maj.-Gen. CUSTER, for alleged cruel treatment of Iowa soldiers.

LOCAL NEWS.

The Board of Aldermen met yesterday. A resolution, granting a plot of ground to the Trustees of the State Woman's Hospital, was rescinded. The Tax Levy was returned by the Board of Councilmen, who refused to concur in the appropriation of $200,000 for Belgian pavement. The Board adhered to its former action, and directed a copy of the levy to be sent to Albany, with a request to the Legislature to adopt it. A communication was received from the Corporation Counsel defining the rights of the Gas Companies to lay mains in the City. The Board adjourned to Monday next.

The Board of Councilmen yesterday adopted a resolution directing the sale of the franchise of a ferry to run from Spring-street to Hoboken. The resolution granting a plot of ground for the erection of the Patriot Orphan Home was concurred in, as was also that directing the Comptroller to reimburse Mr. BOOLE, late City Inspector, for expenses incurred in the investigations before the Governor, &c. The Tax Levy, as amended by the Board of Aldermen, was concurred in, with the exception of the item of $200,000 for Belgian pavement, which was reduced to $100,000.

The Court-house Investigating Committee of the Board of Supervisors resumed their labors yesterday afternoon, and Mr. HENRY A. CRAM, counsel for the defence, introduced Mr. FREDERICK S. WINSTON, President of the Mutual Life Insurance Company, and Messrs. JAMES J. BURNETT, JAMES H. WHITNEY and CHARLES H. FIELD, iron-mongers, who testified that private contractors had paid more for their iron-work than the contractors for building the new Court-house had received. The further hearing was adjourned to 3 o'clock this afternoon.

A quarrel occurred during Saturday night between ANTHONY LONG and MICHAEL MANNING, at No. 85 Park-street. During the altercation LONG stabbed MANNING in the left arm, cutting the artery of the wrist. The wounded man was removed to Bellevue Hospital, where he died yesterday morning from the loss of blood. LONG was arrested at the time of the occurrence, and is held to await the action of the Coroner's Jury.

A verdict of $250 was obtained yesterday against the Third-avenue Railroad Company. The plaintiff is an old gentleman named VAN PRAGG, who alleges that in July last he had one of his legs broken by being thrown from the platform steps of one of defendants' cars, by reason of the conductor starting the car before he had an opportunity to get off.

A Fair in behalf of the Sabbath School for the Instruction of Colored Men, Women and Children, at No. 157 West Twenty-eighth-street, was opened in the hall at the corner of Broadway and Twenty-third-street, last evening. It will be continued to-night and to-morrow night.

Mr. SMITH, the gentleman who was indicted by the Grand Jury for libel on Judge CARDOZO, and whose case was to have come up before Judge RUSSEL in the Court of General Sessions yesterday, is confined to his bed in Montreal, so ill as to be unable to appear in defence.

Coroner GOVER held an inquest yesterday on the body of Mrs. ELIZA HESSELS, who was accidentally shot by her son FRANK on Saturday, at her residence, No. 212 Spring-street. The evidence adduced going to show that the occurrence was purely accidental, a verdict to that effect was rendered by the jury.

CHARLES ZIMMERMAN, a youth of about 16 years, was taken before United States Commissioner OSBORN yesterday, charged with obtaining letters containing checks and money belonging to merchants from the Post-office. He was held for examination.

The matter of the Receivership of Columbian Insurance Company was on again yesterday in the Supreme Court, Chambers, before Justice BARNARD. The argument of the motion will be continued to-day.

Policeman No. 1,900, of the Seventh Precinct, was arrested yesterday on a charge of obstructing the United States mail on St. Patrick's day. United States Commissioner OSBORN held him for examination.

Judge RUSSEL adjourned the Court of General Sessions yesterday, in consequence of the death of his sister. Business will be resumed to-morrow.

Gold gave way to 128@127¾ ℘ cent. yesterday on the superabundance of Exchange and the generally bearish feeling in the Gold Room. The Stock Exchange was again excited and upward on the Railway speculation. Governments not so strong as on Saturday. Money easy on a very favorable Bank return.

Produce and merchandise were depressed and generally lower, yesterday, influenced by the fall in gold. The demand for most articles was limited. Freights were quiet.

Transactions at the cattle markets are unusually dull, and the prices are tending downward. The arrivals of beeves thus far are heavy, and the quality is quite inferior, there being a larger number of lean, poor and sickly-looking animals in the yards than we have observed for several past weeks. The market opened at 1c. ℘ lb. below last week's quotations, and before night many experienced brokers affirmed that beef had fallen at least 2c. ℘ lb. since last week. The receipts of milch cows, thus far, are much larger than the demand, there being more than two cows to every purchaser, and prices are easy at last week's figures. Calves are dull, the prices on the decline, and a large number of the animals offered were of an inferior quality. Sheep are light thus far this week, and prices easy at last week's quotations, with a tendency downward. The demand for live hogs is moderate, prices easy at the quotations in our last report, with no prospect of a better market. Thus far, fourteen car-loads have arrived for the week.

The Last of the Unreconciled States—A Lesson for Congress.

The latest report from the Texas Convention indicates steady, if not rapid, progress on the part of that body toward a conformity with the Executive policy of restoration.

There is no serious difficplty in the way of a formal repudiation of the Confederate debt; and the temper in which the convention has approached the question of protection for the negroes, shows that more liberal provision will be made toward that object, than in most of the other Southern States. The debates of the Texas Convention have extended over a longer period than might have been deemed necessary for the purpose of arriving at a definite conclusion on all the essential points embraced in the President's policy of reorganization. Having reached the point that the rebel debt must be repudiated, and that the guarantee of a State constitutional enactment must be given for assuring justice to the freed negroes before the law, we should have thought it equally inexpedient and unphilosophical for such a deliberative body as that assembled at Austin to waste time in debating the question whether the so-called ordinance of secession was simply a nullity, or was an instrument to be cancelled by a law of repeal. It is not easy to see why practical men, such as we take the great body of these Texan legislators to be, should trouble themselves at all about a matter of so purely an abstract character. The only feasible motive for their conduct that we can conjecture is the attitude of the party in Congress that still hold to the doctrine that the so-called seceded States *were*, and are to-day, out of the Union. The half converted legislators of Texas are, in this matter, entirely at one with Messrs. STEVENS, SUMNER and their followers. Neither of these Congressional leaders can object to the hesitancy with which the Texas Convention approaches the question whether the ordinance of secession five years ago is to-day positively null and void or remains unrepealed. The radical leaders and the more obdurate sticklers for secession rights are on this point entirely agreed. The former proclaim as loudly as the latter—and with much more potential voice, moreover—that the secession ordinances were valid to the extent at least of severing the Confederate States from the Union. Neither party ventures to declare the war on behalf of the Union a failure, because there is a certain boundary beyond which political folly cannot pass without insulting public intelligence too grossly. But both parties hold the eleven States, to-day unrepresented in Congress, to have been taken out of the Union by their own acts. As no military achievements compassed that end there was nothing—there could be nothing—to cause the divorce but those very ordinances of secession which nearly all the Southern States have declared to have had no existence in law or right. Texas, taking her cure from the medical councils at Washington, hesitates about declaring that to be a nullity which an *apparent* majority in Congress affirms to be at this very hour a terrible and ghastly reality.

The attitude of Texas on this question enables any one not entirely blinded by partisanship to contrast the merits of the President's "easy, unencumbered plan" of restoration with the crude devices and ill-digested speculations of the Congressional theorists. The Southern States that met in convention prior to the meeting of Congress had to discuss their future political condition in the light solely of a simple interpretation of the requirements of the supreme law, as the Executive and his constitutional advisers had read it. The consequence was, that under this simple guidance each Convention in succession reached by an easy and direct path the loyal road pointed out. There was comparatively little discussion as to whether the hastily-framed ordinances of secession were realities or shams. All sensible men at that time seemed to have come to the conclusion that FARRAGUT and GRANT and SHERMAN and their brave comrades had settled the whole question, in every practical sense, for the present and for all future generations of Americans. And these Southern men and Northern men, of sane minds, were apparently content to let the matter rest, and rest forever.

Congress, in its wisdom, not only chose to revive the question, but has chosen to keep it alive to the present hour. And its deliberations apparently find an echo at Austin, Texas. Surely, sober-thinking men must begin to see that the tendency of this condition of things is not wholesome.

The French Exhibition—The Necessity for Action.

It is sincerely to be hoped that nothing will be done by our people in the French Exhibition, unless it be well done. It is all very well for Gen. BANKS, in a high flight of patriotic oratory, to picture the despots of Europe trembling before the twenty-inch guns, and the irresistible Monitors, and the thousand-pound shots which are to be exhibited, or to propose that one ancient baggage-wagon should be placed in the American department, to attract the crowds of European visitors, or to invite Gen. GRANT and Gen. SHERMAN and Admiral FARRAGUT to exhibit themselves to the astounded and dazzled gaze of French, English and Germans! Practically, we know that this sort of preparation will only make us ridiculous. There will be considerable difficulties in inducing these latter gentlemen to set themselves up in a Paris exhibition, like the lay figures in a *modiste's* windows; the Monitors can not be got up to Paris, and even the big guns would form alone but a sorry exhibition. The French Exhibition will be a scene, somewhat like that of our war, in which buncombe and talk cannot take the place of action. Europe will judge us solely by our fruits, not by our promises. The most eloquent apostrophes to the American eagle, and the most brilliant account on paper of the unrivalled resources of the American Union, and even the eloquent address of the Chairman of the Committee on Foreign Relations (if it were printed, as Mr. CONKLING suggests, and distributed over Paris,) will all have no effect on that hardened and envious public. If, as in London and Paris before, our principal objects exhibited be buggies and clocks and India-rubber shoes and patent medicines, they will be supposed by assembled Europe to represent our taste and our resources. Even the plucky offer to present a Monitor in Toulon, as a mark for the united shots of the whole French Navy, provided she have a shot for each vessel in reply, would not be considered, in the eyes of assembled Europe, as atoning for a gigantic peddler's shop, exhibited in the American department, as a sample of our fine arts and natural products. And yet this is what we are inevitably coming to, unless some vigorous measures be speedily taken.

It must be remembered that the French Exhibition differs from all other exhibitions thus far only by being a *national* exhibition. When we suffer ourselves to be represented there next year it will not be as individuals, but as a nation. To do this properly time, money and organization are needed. Have we these sufficient for the purpose? The latest date for transportation, we believe, is the 1st of next December. Between this and that period we ought to have specimens from every quarter—of the pines of California, the ores of Nevada and Washoe, the timber and minerals of Oregon, the wines and ores of the Pacific coast, the gold of Colorado and the products, textile and mineral and agricultural, of all the far Central West. In that time many specimens of machinery and product, whether of manufacture or art or growth, ought to be entirely made and grown. All the varied branches of production in this immense country must be organized, and the best models and instances selected and forwarded to New-York. Here they have to be carefully culled, and the best specimens shipped on our national vessels.

We confess that for all this vast labor we have our doubts whether eight and a half months are sufficient. It is an immense field, over which we must gather the objects to be exhibited. The labor and time for their collection must be necessarily very great.

True, it is possible that this all can be done within nine months; we doubt, however, its practicability. Again, the matter of money is another great obstacle. It is well understood that the mass of manufacturers have no great motives of individual interest in being represented in this Exhibition.

Under our enormous protective tariff, and the revenue tariff on raw products, we cannot now make machinery as cheaply as they do in England and France; we have no chance in their markets. Some of our patents might, indeed, be adopted in Europe, and so be remunerative to the exhibitors, but few of our best machines could be ordered from here for Europe. Accordingly the great motives for private exhibitors of machinery will be patriotic; a desire to attract emigration and raise our financial credit abroad by a good show of our power and wealth and ingenuity, at a time when our enemies have pictured us as utterly exhausted. But under such motives we cannot expect individuals to expend much money. And yet, under the bill which has just passed the House, they will be obliged probably to pay for many of their expenses here, and for *half* of the expenses of exhibition in the outside building at Paris.

The whole appropriation is only about $75,000, gold, and yet, if we are correctly informed, the necessary Paris expenses for building, fixtures, transit and employes, will be $150,000, without estimating those to be incurred on this side. It is evident that with such an appropriation, we shall only make a failure in taking part in the Paris Exhibition. We shall send a few articles, and then our means will give out. We would earnestly ask whether, if this be all the appropriation to be expected from Congress, it would not be more wise and dignified on our part to entirely withdraw—having the excellent excuse of the condition of a country just recovering from a terrible civil war.

Financial Projects—Foreign and Domestic.

Some two years ago an eccentric gentleman of this City published a grand plan for the payment of our national debt by voluntary subscriptions of the people. The project was subsequently taken up and advocated with great intensity by one of our City cotemporaries. Quite a number of people put down their names for sums varying from one dollar to a hundred thousand dollars—"put down their names" we say, for we never heard of any of them paying their subscriptions into the National Treasury. Indeed, if we remember aright, the payment of any one of the sums was dependent upon the subscription of the whole; and this made it a pretty safe thing for anybody to subscribe any sum whatever. After much noise and a melancholy failure, the whole thing was dropped; and it is now only remembered as a ridiculous nine days' wonder.

We only recall it now for the purpose of mentioning that a movement of analogous character has been started in the new Kingdom of Italy. It goes under the title of *Consorzio Nazionale*, and the proposition is to begin by raising four hundred millions of dollars by national and voluntary subscriptions for the purpose of ultimately getting rid of the national debt. The proposition was originally made by the editor of a Turin newspaper, the *Gazettà del Popolo*, who had doubtless heard of the great American scheme; and the Prince of Cavignano has been induced to accept the Presidency of the Central Committee. One of the writers tells us that as a "demonstration it will be magnificent, and will astonish Europe and the sceptics in *Italia ana*." But we observe that already the Turinese accuse the Tuscans and Florentines with being backward in the matter; and this initial quarrel is a sufficient indication of how the whole thing will end. It will assuredly end in Italy as it did in the United States, in smoke.

But the Italians can now learn another and a more edifying financial lesson from America. The great difficulty of the new Kingdom is of a financial character, as ours threatened being a couple of years ago. We have already got over the worst of it. Our finances are working themselves into excellent shape, and our prospects for the future are not cause of concern. Our debt is certainly heavy enough; but yet within a short year after the close of the great war which produced the debt, we have actually begun the process of diminishing its volume, and have proven that we can even continue this and at the same time diminish the public burdens from taxation. Our financial strength is constantly increasing, and our credit abroad is steadily improving. There is no thought of a breach of the public honor, and no fear that any obligation of the Government will fail of fulfillment. Every month the Treasury exhibits are more cheerful, and every revenue return shows them to be on a broader basis. In short, while Italian finances have been in the most desperate condition ever since the establishment of the Kingdom under VICTOR EMANUEL, American finances have been strengthening ever since the close of our war, and bid fair presently to stand on an equality with those of the most favored nations.

In attempting, however, to make an application to the case of Italy of the means by which, and the circumstances under which, all this has been affected, there is considerable difficulty encountered at the very outset. The Italian financiers are not destitute of ability, and the natural resources of Italy are unsurpassed by those of any country on the earth. The Italian Government is at once strong and liberal, and the Italian people are acquiring a broad sentiment of patriotism. But there are a number of very serious drawbacks to the immediate prosperity of Italy, such as we do not suffer from in this country. First, but perhaps not the most important, is the great standing army of three hundred thousand men, which seems to be permanently fastened on the Italian nation. It is the sustenance of this heavy army which is the main burden of the Government, and one of the principal objects in the way of financial prosperity. We disbanded our army of a million of men as soon as our war was ended; but Italy does not consider it possible to diminish her army, menaced as she constantly is by Austria, and in danger of trouble with other of the Catholic Powers on account of the Pope. Then again, the ecclesiastical system of Italy seriously and banefully affects the interests of the people and the State. From it there is no feasible way of escape visible, while under it the development of the Italian people is impossible. From such an incubus, we in America are happily free. Then, again, the character of the Italian people as a whole—viewed in reference to the States of the South as well as of the North, to the people of all social classes and gradations—is not as energetic, industrious and self-dependent, as that of the American people. Beside the army and the ecclesiastical orders, there are great classes of non-producers and idlers; and these, put all together, make up a large proportion of the population that do not contribute to the national wealth, but actually enfeeble its power. Ignorance, superstitition and indolence are their fundamental characteristics, and these not the growth of a day, but the product of centuries, which seem now almost to have become permanently fixed. We know no way by which this can be quickly changed. Difficult as it would be to get rid of the army, or to be relieved from ecclesiastical clogs, it would be easy to achieve success in both compared with the achievement of success in the enlargement of the national energies and the elevation of national habitudes. The great, broad basis of the financial strength and the material prosperity of the United States lies not alone or mainly in the national resources of the country, but in the characteristics of the American people—their universal industry, energy, intelligence and freedom.

New-York Central Railroad.

Judge SELDEN, of Rochester, introduced a bill in the House of Assembly, on Friday, graduating the fares over the Central Railroad as follows:

When carried over 16 and not over 20 miles per hour, 2 cents.

When carried over 20 and not over 25 miles per hour, 2½ cents.

When carried 30 miles or over per hour, 3 cents.

This is certainly sound in principle. Time is money. Those who want speed can, by this tariff, have it at the same price paid on other roads, while others can avail themselves of the cheaper trains.

The New-York Central Road is one of the great trunk lines which connect the East with the West. It has been crippled heretofore by a restriction which does not apply to any of the great competing lines. This is neither just nor wise. The City of New-York is interested in promoting the largest and freest intercourse with the boundless West.

GOLD AND GOVERNMENTS.—Gold was offered for sale with unusual eagerness yesterday, on a steadily declining market—the currency rate falling as low as 127¾, without eliciting any remarkable inquiry from any source. This is the lowest point reached by the precious metal in nearly three years, or since the early Autumn of 1863, when sales were made as low as 122. The heaviest fall last year was to 128½ in May. The favorable financial and commercial news from Europe, extensive exports of Cotton, Provisions and other kinds of domestic produce, and the consequent extreme depression in the foreign exchanges, the gigantic revenues and diminishing expenditures of our Government, the rapid improvement in the public credit, and the encouraging prospect of the Funding Bill in Congress combine to accelerate the downfall of the speculative idol of recent times, and to bring back commercial values to their normal level.

On the other hand, the national securities have been of late in unusually moderate supply and brisk request in the open market, leading to a steady appreciation of both the coin-bearing bonds and the Seven-Thirty notes. The latter passed their nominal par value toward the close of last week, for the first time, we believe, since the whole of this popular loan was so promptly marketed, through the energy and enterprise of the Government agent, and of his banking connections throughout the country, especially the great commission houses on Nassau and Wall streets, in this City. The investment demand for the currency bearing portion of the public stocks is extraordinarily active, stimulated by the sharp decline in gold, which increases the purchasing power of income derived from interest payments in greenbacks, as in the instance of the Seven-Thirties, Certificates of Indebtedness, and ultimately of Compound Interest notes. Seven-thirties of the first issue sold last Saturday as high as 100⅛, and interest added from Feb. 15, at the rate of two cents a day on each hundred-dollar note. Those of the second issue brought par and interest at the same rate from Dec. 15, 1865, or equal to $101 84 for each hundred-dollar note. This was within about two per cent. of the ruling figures for the original Five-Twenty six per cent. gold-bearing bonds, which were selling at 103¾, including the coin interest for four months and a half, ($2 25,) worth, with gold at even 128, two dollars and eighty-eight cents, leaving the net cost to the purchaser of this favorite United States six per cent. coin-bearing stock only eighty-seven cents above the nominal par value of each hundred-dollar bond. At the going rates, liberal purchases of all issues of the Five-Twenties and Ten-Forties were also made by parties buying to hoard, and not for speculative purposes. The latest European advices report a lively inquiry for this United States security, especially in the German markets, where its popularity is so decided, that according to even the resolutely adverse authority of the London *Times*, "*all attempts to bring any other securities upon the market are unavailing.*"

RIGHTS OF TRAVELERS.—A correspondent complains that on Saturday last he was forcibly compelled to wait for the passing of the great procession, and thereby lost his passage to Boston by the afternoon train. We know, of our own experience, that when the Brooklyn portion of the parade returned down the Bowery and Chatham-square, they purposely delayed and finally quite stopped the cars, by marching on the tracks when there was abundance of room for them on either side. There should be some stringent regulation of this matter. As things now are, and have ever been, a single military company will detain a hundred cars and forty thousand passengers, because their royal highnesses prefer to march upon the track of a railroad rather than at the sides, and out-of-town trains are missed, business suffers, and commercial paper goes to protest just because of the unwillingness of the members of a procession to do as they would be done by. There should be some law to regulate this business. We cannot depend upon the good sense of the people; men who will knock horses over the head with their be-ribboned batons, as we saw on Saturday, must be dealt with by some sharp rule of immediate justice, and the Police must be not only empowered, but compelled to set matters right in such cases. Traveling, as we do, upon one of the most crooked and difficult railways in the City, we experience a large share of the inconveniences of narrow streets and crowds of vehicles; yet it should be said, to the credit of the carmen, expressmen, and carriers generally, that they usually manifest an accommodating spirit. Now and then we meet a pugnacious insister upon "reserved rights," but such cases are rare. But with processions come (in their estimation) higher laws; and a gentleman with a sash over his shoulder, and a shillaleh garnished with ribbon in his fist, will not hesitate to stop every car on a railroad, and hold them for an hour, if his division happens to prefer the horse-track to the sidewalk. Let us have a little reform.

RENTS AND REASON.—A correspondent, who has taken our advice in regard to patience on the rent extortion question, tells us that, having read an article on the subject in the TIMES, he withdrew his "early application" for a house near this City about three weeks since. He was about to pay $2,000 a year for a furnished house. Last week he got one for $1,200, and equal in every respect to the former one. A friend of our correspondent has meanwhile obtained the $2,000 house offered for $1,600. We commend the circumstance to the private meditations of landlords and tenants.

WASHINGTON NEWS.

A New Plan for the Equalization of Bounties.

Sharp Debate in the House on the Loan Bill.

The Bill Recommitted to the Committee on Ways and Means.

Another Amendment to the Constitution Proposed.

The Question of Adjournment—Amount of Business Still Before Congress.

The Evidence Before the Reconstruction Committee.

Unpleasant Condition of Affairs in Montana.

Reports from Our Consuls in Regard to Cholera in France.

Special Dispatches to the New-York Times.

WASHINGTON, Monday, March 19.

THE EQUALIZATION OF BOUNTIES.

The proposition to equalize bounties of soldiers, which has been receiving the grave attention of members of Congress from the beginning of the session, has at length taken form in both branches of the National Legislature simultaneously. In the House, the Committee on Public Lands have made a report rejecting the plan of payment in lands, and urging the equalization of bounties by the payment thereof in bonds. In the Senate, to-day, Senator WILSON introduced a bill to equalize bounties by giving to each soldier of the late war $8 33 per month, deducting therefrom all bounties heretofore paid, and excluding from the benefits of the act all deserters and all who upon their own request have been discharged from the service. The bill was intended by its framer to go to the Military Committee, and a motion to that effect was made, but Mr. CONNESS regarded the measure as one affecting the public finances in a greater degree than any proposition now before Congress, and he therefore urged its reference to the Finance Committee, whose action was regarded as the first step to be taken upon this important bill. The motion prevailed, and the reference was accordingly made. In the House a resolution was passed instructing the Military Committee to report a similar bill.

THE CONTEST ON THE LOAN BILL.

The contest on the Loan Bill to-day was very exciting and very close, ending in a final recommittal of the bill to the Ways and Means Committee. The motion to lay Mr. GARFIELD's motion to reconsider on the table was lost—yeas 69, nays 78—from which it was generally thought that the passage of the bill was certain, for the motion to reconsider the vote by which the bill was lost on Friday night was almost immediately carried—yeas 80, nays 67. Mr. GARFIELD having the floor, generously yielded the best portion of his time to Messrs. BROOMALL and BOUTWELL, who strongly urged the recommittal of the bill. This was equivalent to the defeat of the bill; for, although Mr. GARFIELD firmly insisted on the previous question on the passage of the bill, yet the demand was not sustained, which enabled Mr. CONKLING to get the floor, to make the motion to recommit, which finally prevailed by general consent, there being little or no opposition. The recommittal is looked upon as the end of the chief feature of the bill, on which the whole contest has turned, viz.: the power to fund the greenback legal tenders. A very large majority in the House are in favor of giving the Secretary everything else but this. Another bill will soon be reported.

AN AMENDMENT TO THE CONSTITUTION.

Representative CULLOM, of Illinois, to-day introduced an amendment to the Constitution of the United States, which was referred to the Committee on Reconstruction, providing that no person except a citizen of the United States, who has at all times borne true allegiance thereto, shall ever hold any office under the United States, and Congress shall pass the necessary laws to prevent a violation of this article. This amendment has been carefully worded, so as to avoid any reference in the Constitution to the fact that there has been a rebellion, or an attempt to establish a Southern Confederacy.

THE QUESTION OF ADJOURNMENT.

The House entertained and very unexpectedly passed this morning, without debate, a joint resolution for the adjournment of Congress on the —— Thursday in May. The date was thus left blank for the consideration of the Senate. When the resolution reached that body it was immediately referred to the Committee on Finance, which has the largest amount of business before it. There is a very strong disposition on the part of many of the members of the House to effect an adjournment as early as June 1. The business in the House, so far as the Appropriation bills are concerned, is pretty well under way, all having been passed except the Civil, Judicial and Legislative, which was under consideration to-day. But there is yet much to do. Not a measure has been matured and carried from the Ways and Means and Banking Committees. So we are yet to have the Loan Bill, Internal Revenue Tariffs, Reciprocity, Banking amendments, Bankrupt Law, several contested elections, and the whole Reconstruction business.

THE RECONSTRUCTION COMMITTEE.

Mr. FESSENDEN, in the course of a personal explanation in the Senate to-day, and in answer to a publication from Mr. GRAHAM, Senator elect from North Carolina, announced that the Reconstruction Committee have not concluded the testimony as to any of the Southern States, except Tennessee, and that they will hear the testimony of any who may present themselves in regard to the status of those States.

INSPECTION OF INDIAN AFFAIRS.

Senator DOOLITTLE's bill to provide for an annual inspection of Indian affairs passed in the Senate this afternoon after quite a struggle. The bill aims at a much needed reform in the mode of treatment and management of the Indians and the villainy and frauds that have been practiced for years by Indian agents, licensed traders, &c., will no doubt receive a wholesome check when the bill shall be enacted and put in operation. The opposition to this measure to-day, although in number of votes nearly equaling the majority, was not founded upon a difference of opinion as to the necessity of some measure to prevent the continuation of the rascality and frauds, the facts of which are patent here, but generally upon the ground that it created a board and a consequent expense for which there does not appear to be any compensatory return, inasmuch as it was admitted, tacitly at least, that there is no means of preventing the rascality and frauds upon Indians. The experience of a good many years had shown that it is an incurable disease of the body politic, and will admit of only such treatment as will from time to time alleviate the suffering patient. The Indian must be bled. The bill organizes a Board of Inspectors, three in number; one to be appointed by the President, another by the Secretary of War, and a third to be recommended by the various religious Christian denominations of the United States, and upon this recommendation the President to appoint. The inspectors to receive a salary of $4,000 per annum each.

THE COLOMBIAN COMMISSION.

On Wednesday the Colombian Commission meet again to hear the cases of DANIELS, the ship *Good Return*, the *Medea*, and *La Constancia*. They were before the Commission in 1862, and the umpire then made a decision awarding some $400,000 to the several claimants, but the Colombian Commission at the time protested against the decision, as only the question of jurisdiction had been reported to the umpire. Payment was not made. The cases are now sent to the present Board by Mr. SEWARD, to determine whether the decisions should stand or be reopened. The umpire of the present Board, Sir FREDERICK BRUCE, is expected to be present at the argument. Mr. JAMES M. CARLISLE, of Washington, represents the Colombian Government as its attorney, and Mr. WALTER S. COX, of Georgetown, and Hon. S. S. COX, of New-York, the claimants. These international commissions are becoming an important part of international diplomacy, and it is to the credit of the British Minister that, in the midst of his Fenian troubles, he gives his time to forward the interests of peace in his capacity of mediator between the two republics. The Commission will expire about the middle of May. Nearly all the business is disposed of satisfactorily. The cases to be argued on Wednesday grow out of the privateering of our citizens in the wars of the South American nations against Spain, and the alleged seizure of their prizes by the Colombian Government. They involve many interesting questions connected with those early days.

STATE OF AFFAIRS IN MONTANA.

Further advices from Montana represent that the Convention project, started under the auspices of Acting Gov. THOMAS FRANCIS MEAGHER, is meeting with the condemnation of all the Union men in the Territory. For the benefit of the writer of the letter in Sunday's TIMES, denying my former statements on this subject, I will state that I have documents in my possession which unrefutably prove that since MEAGHER's advent to that Territory he has disgusted loyal men by his open affiliation with what are commonly known there as the "left wing of PRICE's army," or refugee Missouri rebels, whose property is liable to confiscation, and whose persons deserve punishment for their crimes; and I shall see that these documents reach the official sources from whence Gen. MEAGHER's commission issued.

MR. GARFIELD'S FINANCIAL VIEWS.

The *Herald's* correspondent charges the TIMES with misrepresenting Mr. GARFIELD's remarks on the Loan Bill on Friday night. There are half a dozen witnesses in the reporter's gallery to the fact that Mr. GARFIELD did say that the way to keep gold from going abroad was to compel the banks to redeem their bills in specie. Mr. GARFIELD's remarks have not yet appeared in the *Globe*, being withheld for revision.

MASS MEETING TO SUSTAIN THE PRESIDENT.

The National Union Club have, through GREEN CLAY SMITH, Chairman *pro tem* for A. W. RANDALL, President, and WILLIAM THORPE, Corresponding Secretary, issued a call for Union people, without regard to party or location, to meet at the City Hall in Washington, on Saturday night, for the purpose, as they say, of indorsing and sustaining President JOHNSON in his bold and determined purpose of maintaining in its purity the Constitution of the United States against all opposition.

MORE CONSCIENCE MONEY.

On Saturday evening last, just as the Secretary of the Treasury had arrived at his residence from the department, his door-bell rang, and a young man was admitted, who said he had been a soldier in the Union army, and had come to the Secretary on a business which he felt he could no longer neglect. While in the service he had, through mistake of some disbursing officer, been overpaid $393. Although he had used this money, yet his conscience would no longer permit him to conceal the fact, and he had directly approached the Secretary to unburden his mind. "Here," said he, addressing the Secretary, "are two hundred dollars, which I wish to return now. I have loaned two hundred dollars, which will be returned to me soon, and then I will pay you the balance—one hundred and ninety-three dollars."

SUPREME COURT DECISIONS.

The Supreme Court, to-day, decided the case of the United States, plaintiffs, against GEORGE Y. SCOTT. It was a certificate of division in opinion between the judges of the Circuit Court for the District of Indiana. SCOTT was indicted and found guilty of murdering ELI MCCARTY, who was engaged in notifying men to appear at the rendezvous and report for duty. The point decided is that the deceased was not, under the act of 1863, employed in making or aiding any enrollment, therefore this was not a special case for a Federal court, but pertained to a State tribunal, as any other case of murder.

The Supreme Court also decided the case of the United States *vs.* Susan Murphy, Mary Mitchell and Mary Gray, a criminal case certified from the Circuit Court for the District of Wisconsin, upon a division of opinion of the Judges of that Court. They were charged in the indictment with assaulting and obstructing PATRICK FINNEY, a Sub-district Enrolling officer, and with counseling certain persons to assault and obstruct him in the performance of his duties. The Court affirmed the jurisdiction of the Court below, but negatived the point raised that this was such an assault and obstruction as is embraced in the 25th section of the act of 1863, — the obstruction of an officer in making the draft, or in the performance of services in relation thereto.

THE NEW-ENGLAND AGRICULTURAL SOCIETY.

Hon. DANIEL NEEDHAM, Secretary of the New-England Agricultural Society, is in Washington, having been sent hither by that society to urge the removal of ISAAC NEWTON, Commissioner of Agriculture.

THE CHOLERA IN FRANCE.

The United States Consul at La Rochelle, France, in his dispatches to the Department of State, dated February 20, recommends that a rigid quarantine be enforced against all vessels from the ports of Caen, Brest, La Rochelle and Bordeaux. He says the cholera appears to be moving along the Western coast of France, and is now at the Sables d' Olonne. From present appearances, he thinks it will pass along the coast through La Rochelle and Bordeaux into Spain.

The Consul at Canea, Isles of Greece, having had considerable experience in connection with the cholera, gives to the Government several suggestions for the improvement of quarantine. He recommends that vessels take on board, at the port of departure, health officers sworn by and responsible to our authorities, and chosen with the approval of our Consul at such port of departure, on whose report that no symptom of cholera had manifested itself on board during the voyage, the vessel might be admitted to pratique, the time occupied in the voyage to be counted as part of the quarantine.

THE CATTLE-PLAGUE IN EUROPE.

The Consul at Amsterdam writes to the Department of State, under date of Feb. 20, that the cattle-plague is still spreading, and it is feared will infect the whole country. The farmers are so opposed to the killing of infected cattle that in some instances the military had to be employed to enforce obedience to the law. A mode of treatment recommended as promising to be a successful cure, is to rub the skin of the infected animals vigorously, and then cover them with cloths dipped in cold water, over which dry cloths are to be spread. Out of twenty-two cases treated in this manner only one was lost.

PRECAUTIONS AGAINST THE CATTLE PLAGUE.

The Comptroller of Customs of Ottawa, C. W., has transmitted to Secretary MCCULLOCH a certified copy of the act of the Canadian Parliament recently passed prohibiting the importing of cattle, sheep, horses, &c., by sea, into the Province.

CIRCULAR TO ASSESSORS.

Acting-Commissioner WHITMAN, of the Internal Revenue, has issued the following circular address to assessors:

The Supreme Court of the United States in the case of the Bank for Savings in the City of New-York *vs.* M. B. FIELD, has decided that the said Bank is liable to pay the tax of one twenty-fourth of one per centum each month upon the average amount of deposits of money held by it, &c., &c. The liability of all similar institutions to pay the said tax is thereby determined beyond further controversy; and you will please notify all savings banks and savings institutions in your district that have not made complete returns and paid the tax thereon, to this effect. An immediate and strict compliance with the law must now be insisted upon, and in case of further refusal, you will proceed as instructed in Circular No. 36 of Oct. 20, 1865.

THIRTY-NINTH CONGRESS.

FIRST SESSION.

SENATE....MONDAY, March 19.

PETITIONS.

Mr. SUMNER presented the petition of citizens of New-York, earnestly asking that no State that rebelled shall be admitted as a governing partner into the Union without adequate security for the future. Referred to the Committee on Reconstruction.

Mr. SUMNER also presented the petition of citizens of Jefferson County, Pennsylvania, asking for an amendment to the Constitution prohibiting any State from making distinctions in civil rights among the naturalized citizens of the United States, or among persons born on American soil, on account of race or color. Referred to the Committee on Reconstruction.

Mr. SUMNER presented two petitions in favor of an international copyright law, which were referred to the Committee on Foreign Relations.

Mr. WADE presented a petition from Ohio wool-growers, asking for an increase of duty on imported wool, which was referred to the Committee on Finance.

Mr. WILSON presented a petition to increase the pay of army officers, which was referred to the Committee on Military Affairs.

Mr. WILSON presented the petition of several colored men, who represent that they were once the slaves of GEORGE T. W. CUSTIS, who in his will freed them, and provided for their support from the prop erty left by him. They ask that a portion of the Arlington estate be set apart for their benefit. The petition was referred to the Committee on the Judiciary.

HOME FOR DISABLED SOLDIERS AND SEAMEN.

Mr. WILSON, from the Military Committee, reported the bill to establish a home for totally disabled soldiers and sailors of the United States, with a recommendation that certain amendments of the House be concurred in.

The amendments strike out the provisions with regard to seamen, and make them applicable to soldiers only.

The House amendments were concurred in, and the bill now goes to the President for his signature.

A PERSONAL EXPLANATION.

Mr. FESSENDEN rose to a personal explanation. He found in the *National Intelligencer* of the 17th inst., a letter from WILLIAM A. GRAHAM, a claimant for a seat in the Senate from North Carolina, in reply to his (FESSENDEN'S) remarks of a few days ago, concerning the nature of the investigation carried on by the Committee of Fifteen. This letter of Mr. GRAHAM'S was intended to convey the impression that the investigations were not impartial. Mr. GRAHAM had written to him (FESSENDEN) making two requests—one that witnesses suggested by him (GRAHAM) should be examined, and another that the Representatives and Senators from the Southern States should be allowed to be present to cross-examine witnesses. The last request was not complied with, because it was not customary in cases of investigations by a committee, and because the proceedings of the Committee were not in the nature of a criminal investigation, where cross-examinations were necessary. He (FESSENDEN) did not regard the lately rebellious States in the light of criminals on trial, nor was he acting in the capacity of prosecutor. The error of Mr. GRAHAM was his belief that the testimony had closed because it had been ordered to be printed. It had not closed, except in the case of Tennessee. In the case of North Carolina no testimony had yet been printed, it all being in the hands of Mr. HOWARD, of Michigan, now absent on account of domestic affliction.

Mr. DAVIS, in reply to Mr. FESSENDEN, advocated the right of the claimants for seats as Southern Senators and Representatives to be present, and cross-examine witnesses.

Mr. DAVIS proceeded to read Mr. GRAHAM'S statement in the *Intelligencer*. Having read for half an hour, he was called to order by Mr. CHANDLER, who insisted that there was no question before the Senate.

Mr. FESSENDEN said he had yielded to Mr. DAVIS for him to read Mr. GRAHAM'S letter; but it was evident now that he was reading the editorials and news columns of the paper.

Mr. DAVIS said that he was reading an explanation of the case by Mayor LAWRENCE.

At the conclusion of Mr. DAVIS' reading Mr. FESSENDEN rose to say that, if Mr. GRAHAM desired to introduce further testimony in the case of North Carolina, he could do so.

INTER-OCEANIC CANALS AND RAILROADS.

Mr. CONNESS introduced the following resolution, which was adopted:

Resolved, That the Secretary of the Navy furnish, through a report of the Naval Observatory, the summit levels and distances, by surveys, of the various proposed lines for inter-oceanic canals and railroads, between the waters of the Atlantic and Pacific oceans; and, also, their relative merits as practicable lines for the construction of a ship-canal, and especially as relates to the Honduras, Tehuantepec, Nicaragua, Panama and Atrato lines; and, also, whether in the opinion of the Superintendent the Isthmus of Darien has been satisfactorily explored; and, if so, furnish in detail charts, plans, lines of levels, and all information connected therewith, and upon what authorities they are based.

EQUALIZATION OF BOUNTIES.

Mr. WILSON introduced a bill to provide for the equalization of the bounties to soldiers in the late war of the rebellion. It enacts as follows:

SECTION 1. That to each and every soldier who served in the armies of the United States in the late war of the rebellion, and who has been or who may hereafter be honorably discharged therefrom, there shall be paid, except as hereinafter specified, a bounty of eight and one-third dollars per month for each and every month of service rendered.

SEC. 2. That in calculating the amount of bounty due and to be paid to each soldier, under the provisions of this act, deductions shall be made for any and all payments of bounty made or agreed to be made, or agreed to be made by the United States, so that in no case will any soldier receive a greater sum in bounty than eight and one-third dollars for each or any month of service, and no bounty whatever shall be paid to any soldier who has deserted from the service, nor to any soldier who was a prisoner of war at the time of enlistment; nor to any soldier who has been discharged at his own request, unless for the purpose of accepting promotion or appointment in the army or navy, or who has been discharged at the request of parents, guardians or other persons, or on the ground of minority.

SEC. 3. That any soldier who has bartered, sold, assigned, transferred, loaned, exchanged or given away his final discharge papers, or any interest in any bounty, provided for by this or any other act of Congress, shall not be entitled to receive any bounty whatever under this act, and before payment is made to any soldier he shall be required to make oath or affirmation that neither his discharge papers, nor any interest as aforesaid in any bounty, has been so bartered, sold or assigned, transferred, exchanged, loaned or given away.

SEC. 4. That in the payment of the bounty herein provided for, it shall be the duty of the Paymaster-General, under such rules and regulations as may be prescribed by the Secretary of War, to examine the account of each and every soldier now living to whom the said bounty is payable, and, upon ascertaining the amount due, to cause the same to be transferred to an Assistant Treasurer, National Bank, United States Paymaster, or other paymaster, to be designated by the Secretary of War, and stationed in or near the same county or district with the claimant, who shall pay the said bounty to the soldier himself, and to no other person, and who shall require the identification of said soldier by affidavit of two respectable persons, residents of said county or district; and under no circumstances whatever shall any agent, attorney or third person be allowed to act for or take part in the prosecution, collection, remittance or payment of claims for such bounty, except the person or persons designated for that purpose by the Secretary of War, nor shall any power of attorney transfer or assignment be recognized or entertained by any accounting officer or disbursing agent of the Government, in the settlement of claims for said bounty, and the said bounty shall be paid to the heirs of deceased soldiers, whose claims shall be received and settled by the Second Auditor of the Treasury, as now provided by law.

SEC. 5. That the proceeds of the tax now laid and of any tax which may hereafter be laid on cotton, shall be set apart as a fund for the payment of the bounties herein provided for, and for the extinguishment of any debt incurred in payment of said bounties.

Mr. CONNESS thought the above ought to go to the Committee on Finance, as it involved a greater expenditure than any other bill before the Senate.

Mr. WILSON said several petitions on the subject had been introduced, and all had been referred to the Military Committee. He had no objection to the reference of the bill to the Finance Committee.

The bill was referred to the Military Committee.

REPORT OF THE REVENUE COMMISSION.

Mr. SPRAGUE introduced a resolution for the printing of five thousand copies of certain branches of the late report of the Revenue Commission not heretofore printed.

Referred to the Committee on Printing.

THE ADJOURNMENT OF CONGRESS.

The House concurrent resolution for adjournment on Thursday, blank day of May, was read and referred to the Committee on Finance.

THE NEW-JERSEY CONTESTED ELECTION CASE.

Mr. TRUMBULL stated that he had intended to call up the case of Mr. STOCKTON, of New-Jersey, to-day; but several Senators who wished to be present when it was under discussion were now absent. The matter was set for Wednesday next.

INSPECTION OF INDIAN AFFAIRS.

Mr. DOOLITTLE called up the Senate bill to provide for an annual inspection of Indian affairs.

SECTION 1. Established five Inspectors Districts, one to embrace the States of California and Nevada and the Territory of Arizona; one to embrace the State of Oregon and the Territories of Washington and Idaho; one to embrace the Territories of Colorado, Utah and New-Mexico; one to embrace the State of Kansas, the Indian Territory, Nebraska and Southern Dakotah, and one to embrace the State of Minnesota and that part of the Territory of Dakotah north of Nebraska, and the Territory of Montana; provided that the Secretary of the Interior, under the direction of the President, may from time to time change the boundary of said Indian inspection districts.

SEC. 2. That there be and are hereby created five boards of inspection of Indian affairs, each to consist of three members; one chief inspector to be appointed by the President, by and with the advice and consent of the Senate, who shall hold his office for the term of four years; one inspector to be an officer of the regular army, who shall be annually detailed by the Secretary of War for that purpose, and one to be annually appointed by the President by and with the advice and consent of the Senate from among such persons as may be recommended by the annual meetings or conventions of religious societies of denominations of the United States as suitable persons to act upon said boards, or in case of their failure to make such recommendation, from such persons as he shall deem proper. Each of said inspectors appointed by the President shall receive a salary of $4,000 per annum in full of all expenses, and the officer detailed to act as inspector, shall serve without additional pay or allowance, as such, except mileage provided by law as in military service.

SEC. 3. That it shall be the duty of said boards of inspection to visit all the Indian tribes within their respective districts at least once in each year, to examine into their condition and into the condition of their farms and schools; to hear their complaints, to ascertain whether all the stipulations of treaties are kept, and whether all moneys, goods and supplies are faithfully and justly applied, purchased and distributed, to examine into the books, accounts and manner of doing business of the superintendents and agents within their respective districts; to make diligent inquiry into the conduct of the officers and employes of the Indian Department, and into the conduct of the military forces toward the Indians, with power to summon witnesses, and by the aid of the military, who are hereby directed to aid them to compel their attendance. Each member of said board being authorized to administer oaths, and said board shall be authorized to suspend, for cause, any officer or employe of the Indian Department in their respective districts, subject to the approval of the President; and said board shall report annually, or as often as may be required to the Commissioner of Indian Affairs, and in all cases of suspension from office by said board of any officer or employe of the Indian Department, said board shall make immediate report thereon in writing, stating the cause thereof for the action of the President.

SEC. 4. That all superintendents of Indian Affairs, all Indian agents and the chief inspectors, to be appointed under this act, in addition to the powers now conferred by law, shall also possess all the powers and perform all the duties now conferred by law upon Circuit Court commissioners or Court commissioners, in all cases or matters wherein any Indian tribe, or any member of any Indian tribe, shall be concerned or be a party, and that in all matters or proceedings wherein any Indian tribe or member of an Indian tribe shall be concerned or be a party, the testimony of Indian witnesses shall be received in all Courts and before all officers in the United States.

SEC. 5. That the salaries of all Indian agents who reside in the Indian countries, upon reservations or among the Indians of their agency, shall hereafter be fixed at the sum of $1,800 per annum.

SEC. 6. That no member of said Board of Inspectors, during his continuance in office, shall in any manner whatever become engaged in any business or intercourse with Indian tribes, or become in any manner interested therein, and upon entering upon the discharge of their official duties said inspectors shall take the oath of office now prescribed by law.

This bill gave rise to some discussion.

Mr. RAMSEY favored an amendment providing that the inspectors be all appointed from the regular army. He believed the Indian Bureau ought to be attached to the War Department, as it formerly was.

Mr. DOOLITTLE said the pending bill would not stand in the way of an attempt to transfer the Indian Bureau to the War Department.

Mr. GUTHRIE took the ground that the bill was unnecessary. He was opposed to the appointment of commissions to watch the conduct of Cabinet officers.

Mr. CONNESS moved that the bill be recommitted, with instructions to provide for an annual inspection of Indian affairs by officers of the army appointed by the Secretary of War, but subsequently withdrew the motion.

Mr. NESMITH moved to amend so as to require the Board of Commissioners to report to the Secretary of the Interior instead of the Commissioner of Indian Affairs.

Mr. GRIMES offered an amendment allowing any loyal citizen of the United States of good moral character to trade with the Indians upon executing the required bond and complying with the regulations prescribed for intercourse with Indians.

Mr. GRIMES said that the above would remove a great source of corruption that existed at present, while Indian traders were appointed by Indian agents frequently for a bribe.

Mr. LANE said that free-trade with the Indians would lead to the introduction of spirituous liquors among them.

The amendment of Mr. GRIMES was adopted, and the bill was then passed by a vote of 19 yeas against 16 nays, as follows:

YEAS—Messrs. Buckalew, Cragin, Doolittle, Foster, Grimes, Howe, Kirkwood, Lane of Kansas, Morgan, Nesmith, Nye, Norton, Stewart, Sumner, Trumbull, Van Winkle, Willey, Wilson, Yates.

NAYS—Messrs. Chandler, Clark, Creswell, Davis, Fessenden, Guthrie, Harris, Hendricks, Johnson, Poland, Pomeroy, Ramsey, Saulsbury, Sherman, Sprague, Williams.

THE SWISS CONVICT CASE.

Mr. SUMNER called up the following joint resolution:

Whereas, It appears from special correspondence that the authorities of Basleland, a canton in Switzerland, have recently undertaken to pardon a person convicted of murder, on the condition that he would emigrate to the United States, and there is reason to believe that similar pardons of persons convicted of infamous offences have been granted in other countries; now, therefore,

Resolved, That the Congress of the United States protests against such acts, as unfriendly and inconsistent with the comity of nations; and hereby requests the President of the United States to cause a copy of this protest to be communicated to the representatives of the United States in foreign countries, with instructions to present it to the Governments where they are accredited respectively, and to insist that no such act shall, under any circumstances, be repeated.

Mr. SUMNER explained that there was a necessity for the passage of the above, growing out of the frequency with which the offence was committed by foreign Governments. The Committee on Foreign Relations had thought of reporting a bill on the subject, but there was great difficulty in determining what the character of the bill should be. At one time it was thought advisable to hold the masters of vessels responsible, and punishing them for conveying criminals to this country. It was finally thought best to report the resolution simply protesting against such acts.

Mr. TRUMBULL inquired if the acts spoken of had been protested against at the time of their commission by the American representatives in foreign countries.

Mr. SUMNER said in the case named by the resolution the American Consul had protested. It was simply desired now to reinforce the action of the State Department and its officers by this resolution.

Mr. TRUMBULL inquired whether the Executive Department had exhausted all its power before applying to Congress for redress. He thought the Executive Department ought not to apply to Congress until it had done so. He believed that nothing more would be necessary than for the State Department to inform the authorities of Basleland that such acts should not be repeated.

Mr. SUMNER thought the passage of the resolution would be more efficacious than anything else that could be done in preventing a repetition of the act referred to. He would say also, that the State Department desired the passage of the resolution.

Mr. CHANDLER said such a feeble protest was beneath the dignity of the Senate. It would do well enough for the State Department, but it was clearly beneath the dignity of Congress.

Mr. GRIMES said he would like some gentleman opposed to the resolution to state his objections to it. (Laughter.)

Mr. TRUMBULL said the only objection raised to the resolution was that it had no business here. It was intended, no doubt, to show that, in some matters, the Secretary of State was willing to defer to Congress; though, judging from his late speech in New-York, he was not willing to do so in everything. [Laughter.]

Mr. NYE asked Mr. TRUMBULL to remember that this was the day of speedy conversions. [Laughter.]

Mr. WILSON spoke in favor of the resolution.

Mr. CHANDLER said he had received new light. He was glad to hear from Mr. TRUMBULL that the Secretary of State was willing to defer to Congress in small matters, if not in great. [Laughter.]

The resolution was then passed.

The Senate adjourned.

HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES.

The Speaker proceeded, as the first business in order, to call the States for bills and joint resolutions.

RECONSTRUCTION.

The joint resolution introduced last Monday by Mr. ASHLEY, of Ohio, in regard to reconstruction, was taken up, read twice, and referred to the Committee on Reconstruction.

PENSIONS.

Mr. BUNDY, of Ohio, introduced a bill to amend the Pension Act of July 14, 1862, which was read twice and referred to the Committee on Invalid Pensions.

CLAIMS.

Mr. RANDALL, of Kentucky, introduced a bill further to provide for the payment of certain demands for Quartermaster stores, &c., furnished to the army of the United States, which was read twice and referred to the Committee on Claims.

A CONSTITUTIONAL AMENDMENT.

Mr. BAKER, of Illinois, introduced a joint resolution proposing an amendment to the Constitution, which was read twice, referred to the Reconstruction Committee, and ordered to be printed.

RECONSTRUCTION.

Mr. MCCLURG, of Missouri, introduced a joint resolution for the representation in Congress of the States lately in rebellion, and for the resumption of the practical relations of said States to the United States, upon which the same action was taken.

A LOAN BILL.

Mr. HOOPER, of Massachusetts, introduced the following bill:

Be it enacted, etc., That the act entitled "An act to provide ways and means to support the Government," approved March 3, 1865, shall be extended and construed to empower the Secretary of the Treasury to sell any description of bonds authorized by said act at such rates not less than par, as he may think advisable, for lawful money of the United States; or to receive in payment any Treasury notes, compound interest notes, certificates of indebtedness or of deposit, with the interest accrued thereon, which have been or which may be issued under any act of Congress. It shall be the duty of the Secretary of the Treasury to retire and cancel an amount of the Treasury notes, certificates, or other obligations bearing interest, equal in amount to the bonds disposed of; and the public debt shall not hereafter be increased by authority of this or any previous acts of Congress, and from and after the 1st day of July next the interest on certificates of deposit for temporary loans shall not exceed the annual rate of five per centum.

Mr. HOOPER stated that the bill for the like general purpose having been lost last week, he had introduced this, and wished to have it referred. It embodied what seemed to him from the discussion last week the wishes of a large majority of the House.

Mr. MORRILL asked how the bill came before the House?

The Speaker stated that it was introduced under the regular call of States for bills.

The bill was read twice and referred to the Committee on Ways and Means.

OFFICERS' ACCOUNTS.

Mr. ELIOT, of Massachusetts, introduced a bill for the settlement of the accounts of certain public officers, which was read twice and referred to the Judiciary Committee.

PACIFIC RAILROAD.

Mr. KASSON introduced a bill to amend the act of July 1, 1862, for the construction of a railroad and telegraph line from the Missouri River to the Pacific Ocean, which was read twice and referred to the Committee on the Pacific Railroad.

PUBLIC LANDS IN CALIFORNIA.

Mr. BIDWELL introduced a bill to enable the State of California to reclaim the dry and sterile lands within the limits of that State, which was read twice and referred to the Committee on Public Lands.

THE MEXICAN LOAN.

Mr. DAWSON introduced the following resolutions and demanded the "previous question:"

Resolved, That the United States cannot guarantee the bonds of the Mexican or any other Government without impairing its own credit and imposing new burdens on its people.

Resolved, That the sacred faith of the American people is pledged to the payment of our debt, and that it is unwise to complicate our financial affairs by the assumption of the obligations of other countries.

Resolved, That the true policy of the United States is, in the language of JEFFERSON, "peace, commerce and honest friendship with all nations, entangling alliances with none."

Mr. BROOKS asked the Speaker whether the resolutions were debatable.

The Speaker replied that they were not, as the "previous question" had been demanded.

Mr. BROOKS—The second resolution I have no objection to; but in regard to the first, I would like to be as silent as possible under existing circumstances.

Mr. WASHBURNE, of Illinois—The resolutions should be debated before the House is asked to vote upon them.

The House refused to accord the previous question.

Mr. ASHLEY moved to refer the resolutions to the Committee on Foreign Affairs.

Mr. WASHBURNE, of Illinois, rose to debate the resolutions.

The resolutions, under the rule, went over for the present.

THE AGRICULTURAL REPORTS.

Mr. MILLER offered a resolution in reference to printing 25,000 copies of the Agricultural reports of 1864.

Mr. WASHBURNE, of Illinois, rose to debate the resolution, and it went over.

CLAIMS.

Mr. WINDOM introduced a joint resolution, authorizing the Secretary of the Interior to pay certain claims out of the balance of an appropriation for the expenses of Indian Affairs in Utah Territory, which was read twice and referred to the Committee on Indian Affairs.

THE GUARDIAN SOCIETY.

Mr. LATHAM introduced a bill in relation to the Guardian Society of the District of Columbia, which was read twice and referred to the Committee on the District of Columbia.

THE SURVEY OF ROCK RIVER.

Mr. FARNSWORTH introduced a joint resolution appropriating $20,000 for the survey of Rock River, in Illinois and Wisconsin, with reference to water communication between the Mississippi River and the Great Lakes, which was read twice and referred to the Committee on Commerce.

THE QUARTERMASTER-GENERAL.

Mr. BROOMALL introduced a resolution, which was adopted, instructing the Committee on Military Affairs to inquire into the expediency of providing by legislation that the tenth section of the Act of March 3, 1865, for calling out the national forces, etc., shall not be construed to apply to the Quartermaster-General of the United States.

THE VOLUNTEER FORCES.

Mr. KELSO introduced a bill to extend the provisions of the act for calling out volunteers to the Fifteenth and Sixteenth Regiments of Missouri volunteer cavalry, which was read twice and referred to the Committee on Military Affairs.

CAPTAIN SIMPSON'S REPORT.

Mr. GARFIELD offered a resolution, which was adopted, directing the Committee on Printing to inquire into the expediency of publishing the report of the explorations across the Great Basin of Utah to San Francisco, in 1859, by Capt. J. H. SIMPSON, of the Corps of Engineers.

MISSING OFFICERS AND SOLDIERS.

Mr. BUNDY introduced a resolution, which was adopted, directing the Committee on Pensions to inquire into the expediency and justice of providing by law for the cases of officers and soldiers who have disappeared, and who are supposed to have been murdered by rebels, etc.

ADJOURNMENT.

Mr. ANCONA introduced the following concurrent resolution, and moved the "previous question:"

Resolved—(the Senate concurring)—That the President of the Senate and the Speaker of the House of Representatives adjourn their respective Houses, for the present session, on Thursday, the — day of May, at 12 o'clock, noon.

The "previous question" was seconded.

Mr. WASHBURNE, of Illinois, asked whether it was in order to fill the blank with the last Thursday in May.

The Speaker—Not unless unanimous consent is given.

Mr. JENCKES objected.

Mr. MORRILL remarked that such a resolution was premature until the appropriation bills were passed, and he called for the yeas and nays upon it.

The vote was taken and resulted as follows: Yeas, 80; nays, 64.

So the concurrent resolution was passed.

EQUALIZATION OF BOUNTIES.

Mr. COFFROTH, introduced a resolution which was adopted, instructing the Committee on Military Affairs to report at an early day, a bill to equalize the bounties of all the soldiers and sailors who were mustered into the service of the United States.

RELIEF OF LOYAL SETTLERS ON THE PUBLIC LANDS.

Mr. VAN HORN, of Missouri, introduced a bill for the relief of loyal settlers on the public domain, which was read twice and referred to the Committee on the Public Lands.

THE NATIONAL CURRENCY.

Mr. KELLEY introduced the following, which was read twice and referred to the Committee on Ways and Means:

Resolved, That the Secretary of the Treasury be and is hereby authorized and directed to pay and fully liquidate the principal and interest of all the Compound Interest Notes of the United States, when the same become due; and the Secretary of the Treasury be and is hereby authorized and directed to issue legal-tender notes, which shall not bear interest, for the purpose of paying and liquidating such compound interest notes; provided that the amount of legal-tender notes to be issued by the Secretary of the Treasury as aforesaid shall not exceed the amount of the compound interest notes to be paid and liquidated as aforesaid.

SEC. 2. *And be it further enacted*, That from and after the passage of this act it shall not be lawful for the Secretary of the Treasury to increase the then existing amount of legal-tender currency or National Bank Currency of the United States, except as is provided in the first section of this act, or diminish the amount to less than $900,000,000.

SEC. 3. *Be it further enacted*, That from and after the passage of this act it shall not be lawful for the Secretary of the Treasury to sell or dispose of any gold coin or gold certificates of the United States at a less price than one dollar and thirty cents in the currency of the United States until the 1st day of July next, and after that time it shall not be lawful for him to diminish the price of gold more than one per cent. in any month below the price of the preceding month.

SEC. 4. *And be it further enacted*, That all acts and parts of acts inconsistent herewith are hereby repealed.

Mr. ROGERS introduced the following resolution, and moved the previous question:

Resolved, That the Federal Government has no constitutional right to assume or pay the debt of the so-called Confederate Government of the insurgent States, or the rebel debt of any of said States, and that it would be an outrage even to attempt to do so.

Resolved, That the honor of the Federal Government and every principle of justice demand that the Federal debt should be paid to the uttermost farthing, that repudiation should be discountenanced and faith of the country sacredly preserved.

Resolved, That equal taxation is just and right, and that every person in this country should bear his equal share of the Federal and State taxes, and that there should be no privileged class.

The House refused to second the previous question—48 to 50.

RECONSTRUCTION.

Mr. RANDALL, of Pennsylvania, introduced a resolution declaring that in the opinion of the House of Representatives, the Representatives from the late rebel States, who can take the required oath, are, under existing laws, entitled to their seats, and should be admitted as members of the House.

The Speaker stated that under the existing orders of the House, the resolution should be referred to the Reconstruction Committee,

M. RANDALL, of Pennsylvania, not desiring the reference, withdrew the resolution.

THE QUARTERMASTER'S DEPARTMENT.

Mr. MCCULLOUGH introduced a resolution requiring the Secretary of War to furnish the House with a list of officers, volunteer and regular, employed in the Quartermaster's Department, and also why Corcoran's Art Building is still used by that Department.

Objection being made, the resolution went over under the rules.

A CONSTITUTIONAL AMENDMENT.

The following constitutional amendment was introduced by Mr. CULLOM:

No person except a citizen of the United States, who has at all times borne true allegiance thereto, shall ever hold any office under the United States, and Congress shall pass the necessary laws to prevent a violation of this article.

PETITIONS.

Mr. CONKLING presented the petition of J. M. ALVORD and others, asking the prompt passage of such a tariff as will more effectually protect American industry. Also, the petition of MICHAEL MCQUADE, ALPHEUS HUTTON and others, asking that no impost exceeding five cents per bushel be laid on barley coming from the British Provinces. Both petitions were referred to the Committee on Ways and Means.

Mr. CHANDLER presented the petition of W. B. MILES and THOMAS T. REID to adjust the duty on barley that it may not exceed five cents per bushel. Same reference.

Mr. RAYMOND presented the petition of JOHN BUTTON, and other manufacturers of agricultural implements in the State of New-York, praying for an amendment and equalization of the tax laws in relation to their business.

THE LOAN BILL RECONSIDERED AND RECOMMITTED.

The morning hour having expired, the next business in order was Mr. GARFIELD'S motion to reconsider the vote by which on Friday last the Loan Bill was rejected, which motion Mr. BEAMAN moved to lay on the table. The vote was taken on the latter motion and it was lost. Yeas 70, nays 78. The following is the vote in detail:

YEAS—Messrs. Anderson, Baker, Barker, Beaman, Bingham, Blow, Boutwell, Bromwell, Buckland, Bundy, Clark of Ohio, Cobb, Cook, Dixon, Eggleston, Eliot, Ferry, Goodyear, Grinnell, Harding of Illinois, Hayes, Higby, Hill, Holmes, Hubbard of Iowa, Hubbard of West Virginia, Hubbard, Jr., of New-York, Hubbell of New-York, Hulburd, Ingersoll, Jenckes, Julian, Kelley, Kelso, Kuykendall, Lawrence of Pennsylvania, Lawrence of Ohio, Loan, Lynch, McClurg, Miller, Moorhead, Morris, Moulton, Myers, O'Neill, Orth, Paine, Pike, Plants, Price, Rice of Massachusetts, Rice of Maine, Shellabarger, Sloan, Smith, Stevens, Thayer, Francis Thomas, Trimble, Trowbridge, Upson, Van Aernam, Walker, Williams, Wilson of Iowa, Wilson of Pennsylvania, Windom.

NAYS—Messrs. Alley, Allison, Ames, Ancona, Ashley of Ohio, Baldwin, Banks, Baxter, Bergen, Bidwell, Blaine, Boyer, Brandegee, Brooks, Broomall, Chanler, Coffroth, Conkling, Cullom, Dawes, Dawson, Delano, Dennison, Donnelly, Dumont, Eldridge, Farnsworth, Farquhar, Garfield, Hale, Harding of Kentucky, Henderson, Hogan, Hooper, Hubbard of Connecticut, James M. Humphrey, Jones, Kasson, Kerr, Ketcham, Laflin, Latham, Le Blond, Marshall, Marston, Marvin, McCullough, Mercur, Morrill, Nicholson, Perham, Randall of Kentucky, Randall of Pennsylvania, Raymond, Ritter, Rogers, Rollins, Ross, Rousseau, Sawyer, Scofield, Sitgreaves, Spalding, Stillwell, Taber, Taylor, Thomas, Jr., of Maryland, Thornton, Van Horn of Missouri, Ward, Warner, Washburne of Illinois, Washburn of Massachusetts, Wentworth, Winfield, Woodbridge.

Mr. GARFIELD being entitled to the floor for one hour, stated that he would yield part of his time to Messrs. BROOMALL and BOUTWELL.

Mr. BROOMALL addressed the House for the space of twenty-five minutes. He said he had voted against the passage of the bill, but would have moved a reconsideration if the gentleman from Ohio (Mr. GARFIELD) had not done so. The discussion of the bill must have shown the Committee of Ways and Means that while they could not get the legislation they asked, except as a democratic measure from the conservatives of the House, that all these powers should be conferred on the Secretary of the Treasury at this time, he therefore entreated the Committee of Ways and Means to consent to a recommittal of the bill, with or without instructions as they might select. He declared himself in favor of the measure offered this morning by Mr. HOOPER.

Mr. BOUTWELL said that no one was more unwilling than he to oppose a measure reported by a Committee of the House, following the recommendation of a department of the Government. But he was obliged to maintain the position which the House had already taken. The question was: Ought the House to confide to any executive officer the authority to diminish the circulation of non-interest bearing legal-tender notes? In view of the financial condition of the country, the House could reach but one conclusion; and that was, that the bill introduced this morning by his colleague (Mr. HOOPER) ought to receive the support of the House and of the country. He would say to the Republican side of the House that this was not the time to accept gifts from the Greeks, whatever it might be pretended they were. It was now a matter of honor as well as of right that those on his (the Republican) side of the House, representing a majority of the loyal people of the country, should define and limit the financial policy of the Administration. We had now four hundred and fifty millions of dollars in non-interest-bearing currency, two hundred and sixty millions of dollars in National Bank currency which might reach its maximum of three hundred millions, and one hundred and eighty millions of dollars legal-tender notes, bearing interest—amounting to some nine hundred millions, in that condition of things. Gold was to-day 128⅝, while last Friday morning it was 130¼. Those on his side of the House who objected to the measure of the Committee of Ways and Means, proposed that the currency should be reduced to the amount of one hundred and eighty millions, by returning the interest-bearing legal-tender notes, which would be a reduction of twenty per cent. It the price of gold followed the volume of the circulating medium—a proposition which he did not admit—gold should stand at 105 when Congress reassembles next December. With the reduction of the currency, he thought that was as much as the business of the country could bear. If, in addition to that, the Secretary of the Treasury should reduce the non-bearing-interest circulation to the amount of a hundred millions, three-fourths of the mining and manufacturing establishments in the Northern portions of the country would be suspended, and it would not be a question whether laborers should be able to earn a dollar and a half or two dollars a day, but it would be a question of work and subsistence of 8,000 of people whom he represented in one of the cities of Massachusetts. He, therefore, should be false to his trust if he hesitated that a limit should be fixed beyond which the Secretary of the Treasury should not go. He thought that that limit should be fixed at four hundred and fifty millions of non-interest-bearing legal-tenders, and three hundred millions of National Bank currency. If that reduction were made, he supposed that specie would come to par. Such a vast power as was here proposed to be given to the Secretary of the Treasury had never been demanded by or conferred on any man in a civilized country within historical times. He would consent to no such proposition, and yet he felt bound to say that there was no man whose general financial policy he more heartily supported than the Secretary of the Treasury; and he should regard it as a calamity to have that officer's place occupied by any other man whom it was his fortune to know. But, nevertheless, he felt that the conceding to him of such a power, even though he might not use it, would give the people the right to apprehend that at some moment, either by him or by his successor, this power might be exercised. It would be a constant menace on the business interests of the country. He therefore appealed to the Chairman of the Committee on Ways and Means to consent to a recommittal of the subject without instructions, and let the judgment of the Committee be taken after the debate which had taken place. If the Committee insisted that there should be no recommittal of the bill, he saw no course left but to vote against it.

Mr. GARFIELD said it was very apparent that the gentleman from Massachusetts (Mr. BOUTWELL) had raised an issue, not between the right parties. The issue he had raised was between the Secretary of the Treasury and the interests of the country, and he had said that this bill would put into the hands of the Secretary a power which might be used against the honest labor of the country. His (Mr. GARFIELD'S) answer was, that the power to be put into his hands was to be used against the gamblers of the country, who would not only break down the currency, but all the interests of the country. He would be the last man to give a vote that would oppress manufacturers or any of those who produce wealth or help the liquidation of the debt. He believed the Secretary of the Treasury was the last man to ask for a power to oppress the legitimate interests of the country. He asked the House to consider where the Secretary would be left in case he did not get this power. What did the Secretary ask for? What had the President of the United States declared and repeated as the financial policy of the country? The gentleman from Massachusetts had stated the amount of currency which might be withdrawn, but he had forgotten that there were three hundred millions of gold coin in the country which would flow in to help fill the vacuum left by the retirement of the greenback currency. He had forgotten that we were now producing two hundred millions of gold and silver every year from our mines.

Mr. STEVENS inquired what data the gentleman had for asserting that there were three hundred millions of gold coin in the country ready to enter into circulation.

Mr. GARFIELD replied that he made the statement from data gathered from the Department during the last six months, and also from the condition of foreign exchange, which was now in our favor. That could not be so unless we had a considerable volume of gold in the country.

Mr. STEVENS remarked that he saw no record of over seventy millions of gold.

Mr. GARFIELD replied that there was now over fifty-five millions of gold in the Treasury, and he asked how much there was in the banks.

Mr. KELLEY inquired whether the inflowing volume of gold was not rather for bonds of the Government than for produce either in raw materials or manufactures.

Mr. GARFIELD replied that that did not alter the fact. The fact was that we had so much gold, which would help to supply the revenue caused by the retirement of greenbacks. The Secretary of the Treasury did not intend, the Committee of Ways and Means did not intend nor desire that there should be a rapid contraction of the currency. There was no purpose of that kind. Gold was already falling more rapidly than the Secretary desired to see it fall; and if he (the Secretary) could help it, he would prevent it from moving downward so rapidly as it was. Would the House give the Secretary the power to initiate the policy of the contraction of the currency, as the House indicated on the 18th of December last? What had been suggested as a remedy? The gentleman from Pennsylvania (Mr. KELLEY) had introduced a bill to-day authorizing the Secretary to take up the bonds as they matured, and to issue greenbacks for them. If that policy were established, there would be a thousand millions of greenbacks issued within the next eighteen months. He had in his desk a pamphlet written by some one in Pennsylvania signing himself "Patriot," which recommended the immediate issue of a thousand millions in greenbacks, which would place the country in a glorious condition. A remarkable sentence in that pamphlet declared as the sum of the writer's financial wisdom, that next to the immortal gods, paper money was the greatest and most beneficent power on earth. [Laughter.]

Mr. KELLEY desired to make a remark.

Mr. GARFIELD declined to yield the floor and said that Mr. KELLEY'S bill would flood the country with new freshets and deluges of paper money which would simply drive the country deeper and deeper into the abyss of dishonesty in all its business transactions. There was no financier, no statesman, living or dead, who had lived within the last seventy-five years who had not declared, as the Secretary had declared, that the only honest basis of business was a money basis of gold and silver. The House should now act on its own responsibility on the measure. On the one side was a proposition to return to honest and solid values; on the other side, to float on the boundless and shoreless sea of paper money. It was for the House to decide which of the two alternatives it should adopt. Let the House pass this bill now, and with a little depression in business, a little stringency in the money market, the worst would soon be over and the business of the country would reach solid earth. If the country went on as it was now going, a financial crisis worse than that of 1837, would bring us to the bottom. He was unwilling to let his name go out committed to the paper money policy which would result bye and by in a general ruin. He did not want to have on his head the curses of people broken and ruined in business. It was inscribed on the monument of the great Queen ELIZABETH when her glories were recited and her honors summed up among the very last and highest, and as the climax of all, that she had had the courage to bring back money to its first and real value. When this House shall have done its work, if it shall have brought values back to their proper standard, it would deserve such a monument to its memory. He moved the previous question.

Mr. CONKLING asked, if the motion to reconsider prevailed, would the gentleman from Ohio allow a motion to be made to recommit the bill to the Committee of Ways and Means?

Mr. GARFIELD declined to enter into such an agreement. He desired that the bill should meet its fate now.

Mr. CONKLING inquired of the Speaker whether if the vote was reconsidered, a motion to recommit would be in order.

The Speaker replied that it would, if the previous question on the passage of the bill was not moved and seconded.

Mr. STEVENS asked whether the gentleman from Ohio would allow a motion to recommit, with instructions to report Mr. HOOPER'S bill, so as to test the question of the House on that bill.

Mr. GARFIELD replied that the Committee had considered that bill, and believed that there was a fatal clause in it, which tied up the hands of the Secretary, and made it almost valueless. He therefore could not accede to that.

Mr. KELLEY desired to make a remark, stating that he did not desire to be misrepresented by the gentleman from Ohio, who had said that his bill proposed to redeem the bonds of the Government with greenbacks.

Mr. GARFIELD declined to withdraw the demand for the previous question.

The previous question was seconded, and the House was brought directly to a vote on the motion to reconsider.

The vote was taken and resulted—yeas, 81; nays, 67.

So the vote rejecting the bill was reconsidered.

The following is the vote in detail:

YEAS—Messrs. Alley, Allison, Ames, Ashley of Ohio, Baldwin, Banks, Baxter, Bergen, Bidwell, Blaine, Boyer, Brandagee, Brooks, Broomall, Chanler, Coffroth, Conkling, Cullom, Dawes, Dawson, Delano, Denison, Donnelly, Dumont, Eldridge, Farnsworth, Farquhar, Garfield, Glossbrenner, Grider, Hale, Harding of Kentucky, Hogan, Hubbard of Connecticut, James M. Humphrey of New-York, Jones, Kasson, Kerr, Ketcham, Laflin, Latham, Lawrence of Pennsylvania, Le Blond, Marshall, Marston, Marvin, McCullough, McRuer, Morrill, Moulton, Nicholson, Noell, Perham, Randall of Pennsylvania, Randall of Ky., Raymond, Ritter, Rogers, Rollins, Ross, Rousseau, Sawyer, Scofield, Sitgreaves, Smith, Spalding, Stillwell, Strouse, Taber, Taylor, Francis Thomas, John L. Thomas, Jr., Thornton, Van Horn of Missouri, Ward, Warner, Washburn of Illinois, Washburn of Massachusetts, Wentworth, Whaley, Winfield, Woodbridge.

NAYS—Messrs. Anderson, Baker, Barker, Beaman, Bingham, Blow, Boutwell, Bromwell, Buckland, Bundy, Clarke of Ohio, Cobb, Cook, Dixon, Eggleston, Eliot, Ferry, Goodyear, Grinnell, Harding of Illinois, Hart, Hayes, Henderson, Higby, Hill, Holmes, Hubbard of Iowa, Hubbard of West Virginia, Hubbard, Jr., of New-York, Hubbell of New-York, Hubbell of Ohio, Hulburd, Ingersoll, Jenckes, Julian, Kelley, Kelso, Kuykendall, Lawrence of Ohio, Loan, Lynch, McClurg, Miller, Moorhead, Morris, Myers, O'Neill, Paine, Pike, Plants, Price, Rice of Massachusetts, Rice of Maine, Shellabarger, Sloan, Stevens, Thayer, Trimble, Trowbridge, Upson, Van Aernam, Van Horn of New-York, Walker, Williams, Wilson of Iowa, Wilson of Pennsylvania, Windom.

Mr. CONKLING rose to move to recommit the bill. He said before doing so he wished to relieve the Union members of the House who had felt constrained to vote against the measure from the injurious construction which would in some quarters be put upon their opposition. Having voted for the bill himself, he felt no need of personal explanation; but a majority of the Union Party on the floor had recorded their votes in opposition, and had done so, upon deliberation, from a clear and discriminating sense of duty. Their objections were founded in matters of detail, and did not go to the principle or policy involved. Yet it was to be proclaimed that the vote on Friday indicated a determination to persist in a policy of paper money and to resist a return to specie payments. Nothing could be further from the truth. Gentlemen on this side, without exception, deemed the whole subject of prices and finance in an unwholesome condition, and they all mean to do everything possible to improve it, and to do it as speedily as is safe and conservative. Issuing paper money was only a temporary expedient, an expedient deemed necessary in the midst of a great and sudden war. Gold and silver were the true standard of value; the world's standard; the only enduring standard—why? Not because they are money. "The rank is but the guinea's stamp." But because, besides being money, they represented the cost of production. This paper can never do; and paper can never, except temporarily, be the sole currency of this country. Common sense said this; common interest said it; the laws of trade say it, and the people say it. The Secretary of the Treasury, in his Fort Wayne speech, and in his annual report, and the President, in the clear and wise and patriotic passage in his message treating financial theories, only record the sentiment of the country that the earliest practicable moment we were to come back to a wholesome condition of things—to a specie basis. His distinguished friend from Illinois (Mr. WENTWORTH) was not at all to assume that his colleagues on this floor stand in need of advice on this subject. He (Mr. CONKLING) happened to be one of those who at the outset had given his vote and his voice in this House against beginning the paper money. He knew then what evils it would bring with it, and how hard it would be and how long it would take to get rid of it. He believed then, and he believed now that at the time it was adopted it was premature; that it could have been postponed and the evils in some degree avoided.

Mr. WENTWORTH asked the privilege of the floor to state that he was not a member of the House at that time.

Mr. CONKLING—No; my friend from Illinois has been here many times when he was useful, but he was not here at that time. [Laughter.]

Mr. CONKLING went on to say, that opposed as he was to a paper policy, dreading the result, as he had done when we were to it, he confessed that his fears had been only in part realized, and he was thankful for it. He was thankful that the people, and especially the poor people and those dependent on fixed incomes, were no worse off. They were suffering, and nothing was so desirable or more sacred in legislation, than that which would bring down prices and make a dollar buy all a dollar used to buy. We were making progress in the right direction. He had just received a dispatch announcing that at this moment gold is selling at 128⅜. He rejoiced, and took courage from that. It ought not to be worth more than the currency of the country. He hoped for the time when it would not be; but it is idle and mad to talk about descending in a single leap to a specie bottom. If such a jump should be ventured upon, it would dash us to pieces. We must make haste gradually, if not slowly, or we shall wreck half the material interests in the country. Nobody knew this better than the present able head of the Treasury. The President of the United States felt it when he adopted the well-chosen words of his message. The Union men in this House did not decide at this point at all except in opinion as to how soon specie payment can be resumed. Those who have voted for the bill do not mean that we can do it at once; those who voted against it do not mean that we shall do it as soon as we can safely. All mean a resumption of specie as soon as practicable. All were united, and the only practical question was as to the best way of getting at it. Gentlemen differed as to the measure of power which the Secretary has already, and differed about the precise arrangement and degree of additional power to be conferred; but they would get it substantially right, and, at the same time, in such form as will command the whole Union vote of the House, as he (Mr. CONKLING) hoped and believed. One thing he did not propose to consent to: he did not want to pass a bill, unsatisfactory to a large part of the Administration party by the aid of votes from the other side of the House. Those who throughout the war were idle, if not unfriendly spectators, on the shore, when the ship was drifting on the rocks, would not be trusted now to lay down or carry a financial policy for the country or a measure for the Administration. The Committee of Ways and Means, and the majority, would save them that trouble, and endeavor, in the right of the discussion, to bring in an acceptable and sufficient bill.

Mr. RANDALL, of Pennsylvania, desired to know with which side of the House the gentleman had voted when he voted against the Legal-tender Bill.

Mr. CONKLING replied that the gentleman from Pennsylvania, had he been here at the time, would know that there was no "which side of the House" on that question.

Mr. RANDALL (of Pennsylvania)—On the contrary, I recollect that the gentleman voted with the Democrats who were then in the House.

Mr. CONKLING—The gentleman does not understand the fact aright, if he supposes it was a party question. One member of the Committee of Ways and Means being absent, the Committee was left composed of eight, four of whom went for the Legal-Tender Bill and four against it, and the House was divided very much after the same fashion.

Mr. ELDRIDGE—I inquired whether the question was any more a party question now than it had been then.

Mr. CONKLING—The gentleman understands, no doubt, the present situation, and has counted the advantage of appearing, with his friends, to be so urgent in the support of an Administration measure, the details of which have divided the Union vote.

Mr. BROOKS—I am puzzled how to vote on the motion of my honorable colleague, Mr. CONKLING; I wish information from him on the subject. If I and some thirty other gentlemen on this side vote the recommittal of this bill, will the other side of the House vote against it? [Laughter.]

Mr. CONKLING said his colleague put that question for the sake of the fun it might make, and the attention it might help to divert; it was well put for that purpose.

Mr. BROOKS—I have been trying to support the Administration in this measure. The President recommends the course of policy which we have been pursuing; the Secretary of the Treasury recommends it; the Committee of Ways and Means recommends it; and the majority of the House have voted that way to-day, and now are the members on the other side going to turn on themselves because some thirty gentlemen on this side of the House help them? I wish an answer to my question how I am to vote on the motion to recommit.

Mr. CONKLING—I will endeavor to answer my colleague, and I suppose the House will answer him too in a few minutes. I understand, as everybody else understands, what gentlemen on the other side of the House are doing. Just as they voted on negro suffrage in the District of Columbia with the most extreme men; the fanatics of the House, if there are any, in order to divide or drive us into a false position. (Laughter on the Democratic side of the House.) So now for more political manœuvre; for another purpose they vote for this bill. (Laughter.) We all understand that. It is not necessary to explain it, because it explains itself as it goes along. I have moved to recommit to secure unanimity. We have had two or three illustrations of the wisdom of recommitting with this view. The Constitutional Amendment and the Civil Rights Bill are such illustrations.

Mr. BROOKS raised a question of order, that negro suffrage or constitutional amendment were not the subject of discussion, but money-finance.

The Speaker overruled the point of order, holding that the reference to those matters was only in illustration.

Mr. CONKLING resumed his argument. His motion, he said, was for a practical purpose. He believed the Union Party in this House was competent to lay down a sound financial policy, looking to a restoration of specie payment, and he should be glad to have all the votes on the Democratic side for it, too, just as often as gentlemen on the other side, either by accident or design, stood on the right side of any question. It was encouraging, if not as a sign of reformation, as a sign of party skill.

Mr. ROSS inquired whether that would not compel the gentleman from New-York to vote the other way.

Mr. CONKLING—That was not a very luminous suggestion; it was the first time it had been made. No, Sir; we will not vote for or against a measure because it is supported or opposed by that side; nor will we be wheedled into any position that would deprive the majority of the House of a fair opportunity of doing just what it means to do, and that is the thing nearest right that can be devised on all these questions, I move that the bill be recommitted, without instructions, to the Committee of Ways and Means, and on that I move the previous question.

Messrs. STEVENS, WENTWORTH and others appealed to Mr. CONKLING to withdraw the previous question, but he declined to do so.

Mr. WENTWORTH said that he wanted to show to the House that there was another party here acting with the gentleman from New York, but who differed as widely from him as the men over there (on the Democratic side) differed from him.

Mr. CONKLING—I propose to my friend from Illinois to admit that, and then I insisted on the previous question.

The previous question was seconded—ayes, 97; nays not counted—and then the bill was, without division, recommitted to the Committee of Ways and Means, without instructions.

THE APPROPRIATION BILL.

The House then went into Committee of the Whole on the state of the Union, Mr. CONKLING in the chair, and took up the bill making appropriations for the Legislative, Executive and Judicial expenses of the Government for the year ending June 30, 1867. After discussion on the expenses of the Agricultural Bureau and other matters, the Committee rose and reported the bill with amendments.

Mr. STEVENS said he would not ask a vote on it in the House this evening, as there were some other amendments to be offered.

THE CATTLE PLAGUE.

Mr. BIDWELL presented a letter in regard to the cattle disease, and had it referred to the Committee on Agriculture.

EMIGRATION.

Mr. WASHBURNE, of Illinois, introduced a bill to amend the act to encourage immigration, and the act for the safety of passengers in steamships. Read twice and referred to the Committee on Commerce.

THE DEPARTMENT OF MISSOURI.

Mr. WASHBURNE, of Illinois, offered a resolution, which was adopted, directing the Secretary of War to communicate the report of Maj.-Gen. POPE, in regard to the condition and necessities of the Department of Missouri.

THE DEFICIENCY BILL.

On motion of Mr. STEVENS the Senate amendments to the Deficiency bill were taken from the Speaker's table and referred to the Committee on Appropriations.

The House at 5:30 P. M., having previously agreed to omit the evening session this evening, adjourned.

Amusements.

ACADEMY OF MUSIC.—"Ione" was given here last evening for the benefit of Mlle. BOSISIO. The house was not well attended, but the lady appeared to be warmly regarded by her friends, who bestowed on her many beautiful floral tokens of their appreciation. A couple of brilliant trifles from PETRELLA'S new opera, "Il Folleto di Gresly," was sung by the lady and Signor BRANDINI with spirit. Whatever may be said of Mlle. BOSISIO'S ability as a vocalist, there can be no doubt that she is a graceful and charming actress.

To-night Signor BELLINI, an artist of the first class, whose services have contributed largely to the success of the season, and whose cheerful alacrity in the discharge of his very arduous duties is known to every *habitue* of the opera, takes his benefit, when the "African" will be played. On the following evening Miss KELLOGG, the only fine artist America has produced—for ADELINA PATTI was a Spaniard—will also take her benefit. The most brilliant house of the season may be expected.

ARTISTS' RECEPTION TO-NIGHT.—The Brooklyn Art Association hold a reception this evening at the Brooklyn Academy of Music, which promises to be one of the pleasantest gatherings and most delightful exhibitions of the season. Many beautiful pictures are on the catalogue. The growth, progress and success of the Association, mainly due to the exertions of a few vigorous, pushing men, are matters of congratulation in the history of the City of Churches; they are but another evide [illegible] elevated sentiment and tone of social life [illegible] Brooklyn as *sui generis*.

Rents.

NEW-YORK, Monday, March 19, 1866.

To the Editor of the New-York Times:

After reading your article of some three weeks since about rents, I took the hint and withdrew my "early application" for a house in the country, near the City. Last week I applied to the same agents, and have now hired a furnished house for $1,200 per annum, equal in every respect, and better located, than the one I was about to take in February last for $2,000. A friend of mine hired the $2,000 house and six acres last week for $1,600. So, you see, you have saved two of us a nice little sum of rent to go toward paying for the TIMES for our Summer reading.

GRATEFUL.

Throat Affections.—A Physician writing from Newfane, N. Y., speaking of the beneficial effects resulting from the use of "BROWN'S BRONCHIAL TROCHES," says: "For alleviating that horrid irritation only felt by those who have suffered from any *Bronchial affection*, and for hoarseness and sore throat too, I am free to confess (though I am an M. D.) they answer all you claim for them." To avoid disappointment, be sure to obtain the *genuine* "BROWN'S BRONCHIAL TROCHES."

A.—That Noble Animal, the Horse, if fed occasionally with Alden's Condition Powders, will always be able to fulfil his task. They cure most diseases of horses, increase the appetite and spirits and give a bright glossy appearance to the hair. No man who feeds those Powders regularly will ever lose any time by sickness or disability of his horses. We are permitted to refer to C. W. McCune, Esq., No. 36 Murray-st.; L. W. Winchester, Esq., Superintendent Harnden Express; Major J. A. Pullen, Superintendent National Express, No. 65 Broadway. DEMAS BARNES & CO., No. 21 Park-row, Wholesale Agents.

Brilliancy of Complexion is desirable in a lady; and for the preservation of it BURNETT'S KALLISTON is guaranteed to be a most powerful auxiliary. Inflammation from sunburn and the dryness caused by the wind and air is remedied by its application. It softens the skin, and is admirably adapted for gentlemen's use after shaving. For sale by all druggists.

Artificial Flowers.
Where is the largest and choicest stock to be found?
At the PARISIAN FLOWER COMPANY'S,
Nos. 561 and 563 Broadway,
Wholesale and Retail.

If you want to get rid of a bad Cough, or any bronchial or pulmonary complaint, use at once Dr. D. Jayne's Expectorant. Sold everywhere.

One and a Half Millions!!!
EVERY MAN
HIS OWN BANKER.
DO NOT WAIT
TILL THE HORSE IS STOLEN
TO LOCK
THE STABLE DOOR!
HERRING & CO.'S
NEW PATENT CHAMPION
BANKER'S SAFE,
MADE WITH WROUGHT IRON AND
FRANKLINITE, OR
"PATENT CRYSTALIZED IRON."
The only metal known which will
Effectually resist the burglar's drill.
THE NOVELTY IRON WORKS, THE MORGAN IRON WORKS, DELAMATER'S IRON WORKS, } New-York,
MERRICK & SONS, (builders of the great *New Ironsides*,) MORRIS, TASKER & MORRIS, } Philadelphia,
EAGLE IRON WORKS, Chicago,
and all who have tested it, agree that it is the only perfect resistant against a burglar's drill ever manufactured.
All holders of Government Securities, and other valuables, have it in their power to purchase from us for their own house or counting-room,
BETTER PROTECTION THAN IS AFFORDED
TO THE SPECIE AND SECURITIES
OF MANY OF THE LARGE BANKS IN WALL-ST.,
a number of whom are still clinging to their old-fashioned vaults, locks and "burglar-proofs" (?) any one of which, made
FIVE YEARS AGO,
are in constant danger of being drilled or picked. If people will cling to old-fashioned safes and locks, they must expect to be made the sport of burglars and the astonishers of honest men.
HERRING & CO.,
NO. 251 BROADWAY,
only manufacturers of the Franklinite (or Patent Crystalized Iron) Drill-resisting Safe, with LINUS YALE, JR.'S DOUBLE AND SINGLE COMBINATION DIAL LOCKS.

Debility and Emaciation result from a lack of ability in the stomach to convert the food into nutriment. Strengthen the digestive powers with HOSTETTER'S BITTERS, and vigor will return to the muscles, flesh reclothe the attenuated frame, and the cadaverous complexion lose its sickly tint.

Awnings.—Plain and fancy awnings for stores, offices, dwellings, &c.; bunting flags, banners, hammocks, bags, tents, boat sails, merchandise covers, and canvas articles. C. H. TYLER, Manufacturer, No. 25 East Broadway, New-York. Established 1849.

Marshall's Uterine Catholicon
Will positively cure "Female Weakness" and all "Uterine Complaints" of women.
PRICE $1 50 PER BOTTLE. *Sold everywhere.*

The Graefenberg Vegetable Pills.
The best Pill in the world. Does not gripe nor leave the bowels costive. PRICE 25 CENTS PER BOX. *Sold everywhere*, and by the GRAEFENBERG COMPANY, NO. 139 WILLIAM-ST., NEW-YORK.

We would call attention to the following valuable property to be sold at auction by E. H. LUDLOW & CO., on TUESDAY, at 12 o'clock, at the Exchange Salesroom, No. 111 Broadway:
9TH-AV.—Three lots, west side, near 34th-st.
WEST 84TH-ST.—Four gores.
WEST 187TH AND 188 STS.—One lot, north side.
EAST 16TH-ST.—House and lot No. 12 East 16th-st.
EAST 30TH-ST.—Two lots west of 1st-av.
EAST 31ST-ST.—One lot west of 1st-av.
AVENUE A.—Two lots near 18th-st.
AVENUE B.—Four lots near 17th-st.
EAST 18TH-ST.—Two lots near Avenue A.
WILLIAM AND DUANE.—No. 238 William-st.

Batchelor's Hair Dye.
The best in the world, the only reliable and perfect dye known. Instantaneous and harmless. The genuine is signed WILLIAM A. BATCHELOR. Sold by all druggists and perfumers. Factory No. 81 Barclay-st.

Dr. Sherwood, No. 545 Broadway, has the cheapest, lightest and easiest Trusses, the most efficient supporters for the abdomen, the uterus and the rectum, and suspensory bandages the most like nature of any in the City, at wholesale or retail. A lady in attendance.

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Forty Drops of Metcalfe's Rheumatic REMEDY contain as much virtue as forty bottles of many other medicines, and will instantly cure Nervous Headache, Neuralgia, &c. Try it. For sale by all druggists.

Dame's Pulmo-Bronchial Troches for Coughs, Colds, Catarrh, Bronchitis, Hoarseness, &c. DAME & CO., No. 438 4th-av., or C. FOX, 81 Barclay-st.

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Grover & Baker's Highest Premium Elastic Stitch Sewing Machines for family use, No. 495 Broadway.

Trusses, &c.—MARSH & CO.'S Radical Cure Truss Office, only at No. 2 Vesey-st. Also supporters, bandages, silks, elastic stockings, &c. A lady attendant.

The Florence Gold Medal Lock-stitch Sewing Machine, with self-adjusting double feed.
NO. 505 BROADWAY, New-York.

Wigs, Toupees and Ornamental Hair, Hair Dye and Dyeing at BATCHELOR'S, 16 Bond-st.

Wheeler & Wilson's Lock-Stitch Sewing-machine and button-hole machine, 625 Broadway.

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Raven & Bacon's Pianos—Established 1829. Warerooms No. 135 Grand-st., near Broadway, New-York.

MARRIED.

POWELL—ADAMS.—In Stamford, Conn., on Thursday, March 15, by Rev. R. B. Thurston, Major A. M. POWELL, U. S. A., of Maryland, and Miss JULIA H. ADAMS, only daughter of N. E. Adams, Esq., of the former place.

DIED.

BECANNON.—At Harlem, on Monday, March 19, of congestion of the lungs, HIRAM, the beloved son of Hiram and Mary L. Becannon, aged 4 years, 7 months and 19 days.

The relatives and friends of the family are respectfully invited to attend the funeral from the residence of his parents, No. 1 West [illegible]-st., third house east of 6th-av., on Wednesday morning at 11 o'clock.

☞ California papers please copy.

BIGLOW.—In Pittsfield, Mass., suddenly, on Sunday morning, March 18, LILLA G. BIGLOW, aged 18 years.

Notice of funeral in Thursday's New-York papers.

BURROWES.—On Tuesday, Feb. 27, at Pau, Basse Pyrenees, France, PHILIP BURROWES, of the City of New-York.

DAVIS.—At Greenpoint, Brooklyn, E. D., on Sunday evening, March 18, of apoplexy, JOB DAVIS, M. D., aged 44 years.

The funeral will take place at the Reformed Dutch Church, Java-st., Greenpoint, on Wednesday afternoon at 3 o'clock. The relatives and friends of the family are invited to attend without further notice.

DYMOCK.—On Monday, March 19, LOUISA, only daughter of Thomas and Mary Dymock, in the 5th year of her age.

The relatives and friends of the family are respectfully invited to attend her funeral from the residence of her parents, No. 430 West 44th-st., on Wednesday afternoon at 1 o'clock.

ELLISON.—At Charleston, S. C., on Thursday, March 15, MARIA HOLT, wife of Capt. F. B. ELLISON, U. S. N., and daughter of the late Geo. Holt, of Montreal.

Notice of funeral hereafter.

☞ Montreal papers please copy.

KING.—At Paris, France, on Tuesday, March 6, MARK J. KING, of this city, in the 63d year of his age.

Notice of funeral hereafter.

MCLACHLAN.—At Rahway, Saturday, March 17, Mrs. ANN MCLACHLAN, widow of John McLachlan, of Albany, in her 88th year.

The relatives and friends of the family are invited to attend her funeral, without further notice, from the residence of her son-in-law, William Forbes, (Milton,) Rahway, N. J., on Tuesday, the 20th inst., at 1 o'clock P. M. Carriages will be in waiting at the station on the arrival of the 12 o'clock train from New-York.

OSBORN.—On Friday night, March 16, ANN LAUGHTON, widow of Dr. Samuel Osborn.

The funeral service will take place at Trinity Church on Tuesday, the 20th inst., at 2 o'clock P. M. The friends of the family are invited to attend.

RUSSELL.—In this City, on Monday morning, March 19, ISRAEL RUSSELL, aged 76 years.

Relatives and friends of the family are invited to attend the funeral on Wednesday, 21st inst., at 1 o'clock P. M., from the Church of the Annunciation, 14th-st., between 6th and 7th avs.

SMITH.—Saturday evening, March 17, PRISCILLA B. SMITH, widow of the late James Smith, aged 61 years.

Her funeral will take place from her late residence, No. 96 Lawrence-st., Brooklyn, on Tuesday afternoon, at 3 o'clock. The friends of the family are respectfully invited to attend.

THOMSON.—On Monday morning, March 19, HENRY VAN DYCK, only son of Dr. Wm. H. and C. S. V. D. Thomson, aged 4 years.

Funeral at Broadway Tabernacle Church on Wednesday, March 21, at 1½ P. M.

WOODWORTH.—On Sunday, March 18, at the house of her parents, Mrs. CAROLINE VIRGINIA WOODWORTH, wife of Charles H. Woodworth, of Yonkers.

Funeral from No. 5 Madison-st., New-York, this day, (Tuesday,) March 20, at 11 o'clock A. M. The friends of the family are invited to attend.

NEW PUBLICATIONS.

THE CATHOLIC WORLD;
A MONTHLY MAGAZINE
OF
GENERAL LITERATURE AND SCIENCE.
Edited by Rev. I. T. HECKER,
and published with the approbation of the
MOST REV. ARCHBISHOP OF NEW-YORK.

The second year of the CATHOLIC WORLD begins with the number for April, 1866. It will in future contain
ORIGINAL ARTICLES,
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OUR YOUNG FOLKS
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Has sixteen pages more than usual, and contains the first of a series of papers on the "Last Days of Walter Savage Landor, by one who knew him intimately; an elaborate essay by J. Foster Kirk, author of "History of Charles the Bold," on Sainte-Beuve, editor of the *Revue des Deux Mondes*, and one of the foremost of French writers; a paper of remarkable power, setting forth the causes which produced the late insurrection in Jamaica, and vividly describing the horrible massacres which attended its suppression; and a pungent article discussing the issue between Congress and the President. The Tales by Charles Reade and Donald G. Mitchell are continued with undiminished interest; additional Passages from Hawthorne's Note-Books reveal the singular conceits and rare qualities of Hawthorne's mind; Mrs. Stowe, from her Chimney-Corner, discourses on Dress; H. W. Longfellow, O. W. Holmes and C. G. Leland contribute characteristic Poems.
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TRAVELERS EXPECTING TO VISIT Paris this season, on application to us will be provided with letters of introduction to our Paris establishment, No. 35 Rue d'Hauteville, which they can make the depot for their purchases, which will be taken charge of, carefully packed by experienced hands, and shipped according to instructions.
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CASH CAPITAL	$250,000 00
ASSETS, MARCH 1, 1866	281,831 06
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NEW-YORK, March 1, 1866.

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OFFICE OF THE CHICAGO AND ALTON RAILROAD COMPANY, CHICAGO, Ill., March 1, 1866.

NOTICE TO STOCK AND BONDHOLDERS.—Notice is hereby given to the stock and bondholders of the Chicago and Alton Railroad Company, that the annual meeting of said Company for the election of three Directors, as required by the amended charter, and transaction of other business, will be held at the office of the Company, in Chicago, Ill., on MONDAY, the 2d day of April next, at 10 o'clock A. M.

The transfer books will be closed at the close of business hours March 22, and opened April 3 next.

W. M. LARABEE, Secretary.

TREASURY DEPARTMENT,
OFFICE OF COMPTROLLER OF THE CURRENCY,
WASHINGTON, Dec. 23, 1865.

WHEREAS, BY SATISFACTORY EVIDENCE presented to the undersigned, it has been made to appear that the Mechanics' and Traders' National Bank, in the City of New-York, in the County of New-York and State of New-York, has been duly organized under and according to the requirements of the act of Congress entitled an Act to provide a national currency, secured by a pledge of United States bonds, and to provide for the circulation and redemption thereof, approved June 3, 1864, and has complied with all the provisions of said act required to be complied with before commencing business under said act.

Now, therefore, I, FREEMAN CLARKE, Comptroller of the Currency, do hereby certify that the Mechanics' and Traders' National Bank of the City of New-York, in the City of New-York, in the County of New-York and State of New-York, is authorized to commence the business of banking, under the act aforesaid.

[SEAL.] In testimony whereof, witness my hand and seal of office, this 23d day of December, 1865.

FREEMAN CLARKE,
No. 1,624. Comptroller.

FIDELITY INSURANCE COMPANY,
March 12, 1866.

NOTICE.—THE SUBSCRIBERS TO THE CAPITAL stock of the Fidelity Insurance Company are hereby notified to pay the amount remaining due on the shares allotted to them respectively, at the Mechanic's Bank, No. 33 Wall-st., in the City of New-York, on Saturday the 24th day of March instant, between the hours of 10 A. M. and 3 P. M. By order of the Board.

SHEPHERD KNAPP, President.
GEO. W. PRATT, Secretary, pro tem.

OFFICE OF THE NEW-YORK AND BOSTON SILVER LEAD COMPANY, No. 22 WILLIAM-ST.,
NEW-YORK, March 16, 1866.

THE ANNUAL MEETING OF THE stockholders of the New-York and Boston Silver Lead Company for the election of Trustees for the ensuing year will be held at this office, on TUESDAY, March 27. Polls open from 1 to 2 o'clock P. M.

S. M. COCKEIN, Secretary.

NEW-YORK, March 12, 1866.

THE ANNUAL MEETING OF THE STOCKHOLDERS OF THE SWIFT FARM PETROLEUM AND MINING COMPANY will be held at the Erie Hotel, corner of Washington and Jay sts., on FRIDAY, March 23, from 12 to 1 o'clock, for the election of seven trustees for the ensuing year. By order of

A. A. GADDIS, President.

COMMISSIONER FOR MASSACHUSETTS and other States—No. 5 Beekman-st., Room No. 6, first floor over Park Bank.

FINANCIAL.

THE HOPE FIRE INSURANCE CO.,

OFFICE NO. 92 BROADWAY.

CASH CAPITAL	$200,000 00
ASSETS, MARCH 9, 1866	252,559 22
TOTAL LIABILITIES	26,850 00
LOSSES PAID IN 1865	201,588 14

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FRANCIS TURNER, Esq., of Messrs. J. A. Turner & Co., of Manchester.

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IN LIVERPOOL—The Royal Bank of Liverpool.
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IN INDIA, CHINA AND AUSTRALIA—The Oriental Bank Corporation.

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NEW-YORK ASSISTANT MANAGER—GEORGE BURGHALL WATTS, ESQ.
LONDON MANAGER—SAMUEL GRAY, ESQ.
LIVERPOOL MANAGER—WILLIAM WILLIAMSON, ESQ.

SOLICITORS,
NEW-YORK—Messrs. FOSTER & THOMPSON.

THE ENGLISH AND AMERICAN BANK, (LIMITED,) Having opened offices at No. 63 Wall-st., New-York, is prepared to sell Bills of Exchange on the English and American Bank, (Limited,) London, and on the Union Bank of London; to buy Bills of Exchange and to issue Commercial and Traveler's Credits, available in all parts of the world. COMMERCIAL CREDITS ISSUED FOR USE IN THE EAST INDIES, CHINA, AND AUSTRALIA WILL BE UPON THE ORIENTAL BANK CORPORATION OF LONDON.

Further particulars may be ascertained on application at the Office, No. 63 Wall-st.

WILLIAM WOOD, Manager.
GEO. BURGHALL WATTS, Ass't Manager.
NEW-YORK, March 10, 1866.

STATEMENT
OF THE
UNITED STATES LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY,
IN THE CITY OF NEW-YORK,
No. 40 Wall-st.,
FOR THE YEAR 1865.

Assets, 1st of January		$1,304,828 55
RECEIPTS.		
Premiums and charge for policies	$421,872 42	
Interest, premium on gold, &c.	118,706 41	540,578 83
Total		$1,845,407 38
DISBURSEMENTS.		
Paid claims by death	$84,100 00	
Endowments and other policies purchased	13,619 86	
Dividends and profits paid with claims	54,011 00	
Reinsurance, taxes, commissions, physician's fees, annuities	57,654 22	
Office expenses, advertising, printing and stationery	35,882 85	
Total		$245,267 93
ASSETS.		
Cash in bank on call	$75,609 82	
Bonds and mortgages	397,000 00	
United States securities, ($744,350, par,) cost	740,491 00	
New-York City bonds, par	30,000 00	
Brooklyn City bonds, par	24,000 00	
New-York State bonds, ($18,000, par,) cost	17,940 00	
Due by agents	38,182 35	
Loans on policies	185,306 01	
Deferred premiums	58,623 70	
Interest accrued or due	32,986 57	
Assets, 1st of January, 1866		$1,600,139 45
Total		$1,845,407 38

There are no losses due and unpaid; no claims in dispute.

BOARD OF DIRECTORS.

Joseph B. Collins,
James Suydam,
James Marsh,
John J. Cisco,
Isaac A. Storm,
Chas. M. Connolly,
Thos. C. Doremus,
B. F. Wheelwright,
Wilson G. Hunt,
Dan. H. Arnold,
W. R. Vermilye,
William Tucker,
Shepherd Knapp,
Edward S. Clark,
Isaac N. Phelps,
Charles E. Bill,
John J. Phelps,
Clinton Gilbert,
William B. Bolles,
Hanson K. Corning,
John C. Baldwin,
Edward Minturn,
Augustus H. Ward,
James Gallatin,
Jer'h P. Robinson,
Chas. P. Leverich,
Wm. M. Halstead,
Henry W. Ford,
Apol. R. Wetmore,
Fred'k Sheldon,

JOSEPH B. COLLINS, President.
N. G. DE GROOT, Actuary. JOHN EADIE, Secretary.
James W. G. Clements, M. D., Medical Examiner.
William Detmold, M. D., Consulting Physician.

J. B. Gates, General Agent, and James Stewart, Henry Perry, Albert O. Wilcox, A. Whitney, Hiram P. Crozier, Grenville R. Benson, Charles Northshield, J. J. Whitney, William H. Wilson, H. F. Winslow, S. S. Anderson, James C. Bayles and Quackenboss Brothers, Local Agents in the City of New-York and vicinity.

New and important plans of life insurance have been adopted by this company. See the new prospectus.

JOHN J. CISCO & SON,
BANKERS,
No. 33 WALL-ST.,
New-York.

Receive money on deposit and allow interest at the rate of four per cent. per annum on daily balances, which may be checked for at sight.

Negotiate Loans and Business paper.

Execute promptly orders for the purchase and sale of Gold.

Buy and sell Government and other Securities on commission.

MAKE COLLECTIONS
on all parts of the United States and Canada.
JOHN J. CISCO,
(Late of the United States Treasury in New-York.)
JOHN ASHFIELD CISCO.

JAMES GOOLD & CO., ALBANY, NEW-YORK,
Manufacturers of
CARRIAGES, SLEIGHS,
and
RAILROAD CARS.
Established 53 years.

VENANGO AND MILL CREEK OIL AND COAL COMPANY, OFFICE NO. 5 WALL-ST.,
NEW-YORK, March 17, 1866.

THE ANNUAL MEETING OF THE STOCKholders of this Company, for the election of Trustees, will be held at the office of the Company, on the 12th day of April next, at 12 o'clock at noon. By order of the Trustees.

L. J. LANSING, Secretary.

OFFICE OF THE WASHINGTON LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY, No. 98 BROADWAY,
NEW-YORK, March 19, 1866.

THE ANNUAL ELECTION FOR SIXTEEN directors of this Company, constituting the third class, will be held at this office on TUESDAY, the 3d of April, prox., from 12 to 1 P. M.

W. A. BREWER, Jr., Secretary.

OFFICE OF THE MANHATTAN INSURANCE CO.,
NO. 68 WALL-ST., NEW-YORK,
March 14, 1866.

THE ANNUAL ELECTION FOR DIRECTORS of this Company will be held at the office, on MONDAY, the 26th instant. The poll will be opened from 12 o'clock M. until 1 o'clock P. M. By order,

GEO. B. HODGSDON, Secretary.

OFFICE OF THE NEW-YORK AND KENTUCKY OIL AND MINING COMPANY,
No. 60 JOHN-ST., NEW-YORK.

NOTICE.—THE ANNUAL MEETING OF THE Stockholders of this Company for the election of trustees, will be held at this office on MONDAY, April 2, 1866, at 12 o'clock M.

E. R. THOMPSON, Secretary.

AN ANNUAL MEETING OF THE NASSAU PETROLEUM CO. will be held on the 28th of March, at 11 o'clock, at the company's office.

JOHN F. BAKER, Secretary,
No. 170 Broadway.

NEW-YORK, March 17, 1866.

HOLDERS OF THE BONDS OF THE NASHVILLE AND CHATTANOOGA RAILROAD COMPANY are hereby notified that the past due coupons of said bonds will be paid in full within a few days.

By order of M. BURNS, President N. & C. R. R. Co.

FINANCIAL.

LAWRENCE BROTHERS & CO.,

BANKERS, NO. 16 WALL-ST., NEW-YORK.

Collections made on all parts of the United States.

Deposits received from Banks, Bankers, Merchants, and others.

THE FRANKLIN INSURANCE IRON AND COAL COMPANY,
CAPITAL STOCK $600,000, IN 6,000 SHARES OF $100 EACH.
SUBSCRIPTION PRICE PAR.

Redemption of working capital stock at par one year from date, and dividend of 10 per cent. per annum guaranteed.

SOLID ENTERPRISE vs. SPECULATION.
Office No. 57 Broadway, New-York.
TRUSTEES:
Col. M. N. WISEWELL,
(late Military Governor of Washington, D. C.)
GEORGE HARDMAN, Esq.,
(Franklin Iron Works, Preston Co., West Va.)
ALGERNON S. SULLIVAN, Esq.,
(Attorney and Counselor at Law, No. 20 Wall-st.)
C. S. STEVENSON, Esq.,
(Cashier Ocean Bank, New-York.)
ERIE B. CORDES, Esq.,
(Nos. 423 and 425 Broadway.)

President—M. N. WISEWELL.
Superintendent—GEORGE HARDMAN.
Secretary—JOHN B. BOUTON.
Treasurer—C. S. STEVENSON.
Attorney—A. S. SULLIVAN.

Bankers—JAY COOKE & CO., corner of Nassau and Wall sts., New-York.

NO SPECULATION.

This Company has nothing in common with the numerous speculative undertakings of the day, except that it is organized under the liberal Mining and Manufacturing Law of New-York, and that stockholders are exempt from all liabilities.

The property has been purchased by the Company at its actual appraised value of $500,000, which is believed to be far below its real value. No stock has been or can be subscribed for or obtained at less than its par value in cash or Government securities. The Trustees, and those who have taken stock up to the present time, have no other interest in the enterprise than any other bona fide subscriber. All enjoy the same privileges, with the exception in favor of the working-capital subscribers—that the Company guarantees to them 10 per cent. dividend per annum, and to redeem their stock at par one year from the date thereof, or exchange it for common stock, at the holders' option. This guarantee, which is printed on the face of the working-capital stock, makes the investment absolutely safe.

LOCATION.

The extensive property and works of the Company are located in Preston County, West Va., within a few miles of the Pennsylvania State Line, on the Three Forks River, 65 miles from Pittsburgh, 110 miles from Wheeling, and directly on the line of the Baltimore and Ohio Railroad. The site was selected and purchased in 1859 by George Hardman, Esq., one of the oldest and most experienced iron manufacturers in the United States, who, after a careful examination of numerous properties in Pennsylvania and Virginia, chose this as combining every conceivable advantage for a first-class and complete iron establishment. The tract is about 6¾ miles in length by 1½ to 3 miles in width, and comprises 1,120 acres. Over $350,000 cash has already been expended in the improvements thereon, including all the profits since the works have been in operation.

The capital stock has been placed at such a low figure that the present profits at the works would pay a 10 per cent. dividend upon it, without any additional improvements.

THE VILLAGE OF FRANKLIN FURNACE,

owned by the Company, consists of 26 well-built and comfortable dwellings for employes, and 17 other buildings of all classes.

Among the latter are a grist mill with two runs of burrs, a saw-mill, (driven by water-power obtained from a dam across the "Three Forks,") a pattern-maker's shop, wagon-maker's shop, and smith's shop, all fully equipped and in perfect order. There are, also, a storehouse, warehouse, office, &c., &c.; everything required to carry on the works is supplied on the premises.

THE FURNACE

is of the capacity of eight tons per day, with stack in good order and in full blast. The engine is 175-horse power, sufficient for two such stacks. The boilers are heated by the escape from the furnace, thus saving a great expense of fuel. In connection with the furnace is a foundry capable of turning out five tons of castings.

THE COMPANY'S RAILROAD.

The Company own a railroad known as the "Iron Valley," 3½ miles in length, built in a most substantial manner, with a heavy T rail, at a cost of about $100,000, and furnished with locomotive and cars. The road connects with B. and O. R. R., enabling the Company to ship products directly to Baltimore, Wheeling and intermediate markets. A railroad connection will soon be made to Pittsburgh, only 65 miles distant.

THE IRON BEDS.

Adelberg and Raymond, the well-known mining engineers, carefully examined the property before it was purchased by the Company, and report the existence of three iron beds, opened and thoroughly developed, and covering about 900 acres. Total thickness from 2½ to 3½ feet. The main body of ore actually proved to exist, taking the lowest average thickness as a basis of calculation, is 4,800,000 tons.

COAL SEAMS.

The same engineers report three coal seams (bituminous) fully opened and worked, with a total thickness of 15 feet, and covering a great portion of the property.

OTHER VALUABLE PRODUCTS.

Heavy timber—oak and hickory—suitable for "charcoaling" covers the principal part of the estate. Limestone, fire-clay and sandstone are in abundance.

WORKING CAPITAL—HOW EXPENDED.

The working capital of $100,000 will be expended in the erection of a second furnace, with a capacity of 10 to 12 tons, (to be driven by the present engine,) 20 additional dwellings for employes, a free church capable of seating 300 persons, a good school-house, and in making the village otherwise attractive as a place of residence.

PROFITS.

Adelberg and Raymond report that the total cost of mining, manufacturing and delivering the Franklin iron in market in 1865, (when expenses were at the highest,) Government tax included, was $29 40 per ton. The iron being of very superior quality, sells at Wheeling at $55 per ton, netting $25 per ton profit.

Estimating the cost of production at the rates for 1865, (it will undoubtedly be less,) and the daily yield at 20 tons when the second furnace is in operation, and we have a net profit in 300 working days of $153,600, equal to over 20 per cent dividend upon the whole capital stock.

SUBSCRIPTION BOOKS NOW OPEN

and stock ready for delivery at the Company's Office, No. 57 Broadway, New-York. Post-office Box, No. 5,974.

Orders by mail promptly attended to. Government securities received at par.

PERU STEEL AND IRON COMPANY,
NEW-YORK, March 19, 1866.

THE ANNUAL MEETING OF THE stockholders of this Company, for the election of seven Trustees for the ensuing year, and for three Inspectors of Election, will be held at the office of the Company, No 24 Cliff-st., New-York, on THURSDAY, April 5, proximo.

Polls open at 3, and close at 4 o'clock P. M.

F. J. DOMINICK, Secretary.

OFFICE OF THE JEFFERSON INSURANCE CO.,
No. 60 WALL ST., NEW-YORK, March 12, 1866.

THE BOARD OF DIRECTORS HAVE this day declared a semi-annual dividend of Six per Cent. free of Government tax, payable on demand.

SAMUEL E. BELCHER, Secretary.

WANTED—$10,000 TO $15,000, SPECIAL CAPITAL, by two young and energetic men, who desire to open a jobbing-house in the fur and wool hat trade; first class references furnished. Address for three days, T. & C., Box No. 2,071 Post-office.

$75,000 TO LOAN ON BOND AND mortgage on first-class City property at 7 per cent. Apply to JOHN T. IRVING, No. 24 Pine-st.

SAVINGS BANKS.

MECHANICS' AND TRADERS' SAVINGS INSTITUTION,
NO. 283 BOWERY.

Six per cent. interest allowed on sums of $1,000 and under—five per cent. on larger sums.

Deposits made on or before April 2, will draw interest from April 1.

Open daily from 10 A. M. to 4 P. M., and on Mondays and Wednesdays from 10 to 7 P. M.

STEPHEN CUTTER, President.
HENRY C. FISHER, Sec'y.

SIX PER CENT. INTEREST PAID,
FREE FROM GOVERNMENT TAX.
CITIZENS'
SAVINGS BANK,
No. 58 Bowery, corner of Canal-st.

Open every day from 10 to 3 o'clock. Money deposited now will draw interest from April 1.

UNION DIME SAVINGS BANK.
CANAL-ST., COR. OF VARICK.
DEPOSITS from 10 CENTS to $5,000 received.
SIX PER CENT. INTEREST, free of tax.
Deposits in March draw interest from April 1.
ASSETS, $1,802,236 38.

SIX PER CENT. INTEREST PAID.
Free from government tax.
THIRD-AVENUE SAVINGS BANK,
Corner of Twenty-sixth-street and Third-avenue.
Money deposited now will draw interest from April 1

IRVING SAVINGS INSTITUTION,
No. 96 Warren-st.
Open daily from 10 A. M., to 3 P. M.
SIX PER CENT. INTEREST, free of Government tax

BROADWAY SAVINGS INSTITUTION
Chartered, 1851.
No. 237 Broadway, entrance on Park-place.
Open daily, from 10 to 3 o'clock.
FRANCIS P. SCHOALS, President
WADE B. WORRALL, Sec'y. PETER CUMMING, Acc't.

METROPOLITAN SAVINGS BANK,
NO. 10 COOPER INSTITUTE.
SIX PER CENT. INTEREST PAID
free from Tax, commencing from April 1.

PROPOSALS

PROPOSALS FOR BRASS HINGES, BOLTS, &c.

NEW YORK, March 17, 1866.

Sealed proposals will be received at the offices of the undersigned until TUESDAY, 27th instant, for furnishing a number of first-class heavy brass butt, angle, and T hinges and brass bolts, required for the edifice known as the "Hotel Militar," at Havana, Cuba. Patterns and specifications can be seen at No. 1 Market-st, New-York.

Proposals to be addressed to the undersigned, Agent of the Inspeccion de Presidios, of the Island of Cuba.

GUILLERMO HALFORD,
No. 1 Market-st., New-York, or
No. 80 Market-st., Paterson, N. J.

TO CONTRACTORS—SEPARATE SEALED proposals, each indorsed with the title of the work to which it relates, also with the name of the bidder and the date of its presentation, will be received at this office until eleven o'clock, A. M., of Friday, March thirtieth, eighteen hundred and sixty-six, at which they will be publicly opened, for the construction of sewers in the following streets, viz: In Eldridge-street, between Canal and Division-streets; also in Seventh-avenue, between Forty-second and Forty-fifth-streets, and in Broadway between Forty-second and Forty-third-streets; also in First-avenue from Fifty-third-street to and through Fifty-second-street to near Avenue-A; also in Fifty-second-street between Fifth and Sixth-avenues; also in First-avenue between Sixth and Seventh-streets; and also in Fifty-first-street between Seventh and Ninth-avenues, with branch in Broadway between Fifty-first and Fifty-second-streets. Plans of the works may be seen and specifications obtained on application at this office.

THOMAS STEPHENS,
ROBERT L. DARRAGH, Croton Aqueduct Board.
A. W. CRAVEN.

Office Croton Aqueduct Department, March 19, 1866.

LOST AND FOUND.

NEW-YORK, March 18, 1866.

$100 REWARD—STOLEN FROM FIFTH-av. Hotel, a sorrel HORSE, 15¾ hands, 6 years old, star in forehead, one white hind-foot, and a shifting-top WAGON, Parker, Brewster & Co.'s make; also, a Hudson Bay wolf ROBE and a Kersey BLANKET, marked C, and a set of silver-mounted HARNESS.

H. R. HARRIS, No. 225 West 26th-st.

LOST OR STOLEN—A PACKAGE CONTAINing Government securities and 400 shares stock of the Bennehoff Run Petroleum Company; a liberal reward will be paid for its return.

E. R. McILVAINE, No. 29 Broad-st.

AUCTION SALES.

A. S. RICHARDS & CO., Auctioneers.

ATTRACTIVE SALE OF BOOTS, SHOES, BROGANS, BALMORALS AND GAITERS, AT AUCTION, BY A. S. RICHARDS & CO., AT STORE, NO. 44 CORTLANDT-ST., ON WEDNESDAY, MARCH 21, AT 10½ O'CLOCK.

These goods comprise almost every kind of staple goods, suitable for all sections. Catalogues ready day before the sale.

UNITED STATES MILITARY RAILROADS.

OFFICE OF ASSISTANT QUARTERMASTER,
WASHINGTON, D. C., March 14, 1866.

AUCTION SALE OF U. S. MILITARY RAILROAD MATERIAL.

Will be sold at public auction, at Alexandria, Va., on TUESDAY, April 10, 1866:
2 first-class locomotive engines, 4 feet 8½ inch-guage; cylinders, 15x22; weight, 25 tons
4 passenger cars.
20 box freight cars.
2 stock cars.
4 platform cars.
30 small truck cars.
21 trucks for freight cars.
16 pairs of wheels on axles.
2 steam-pumping engines.
1 stationary engine.
12 Henderson pumps.
300 tons second-hand railroad iron, (good)
A large quantity of frogs, nails, switch fixtures, car couplings, bar iron, springs, nuts, chain, mauls, axes, picks, stocks, files, sperm oil, &c.
20 buildings, from 10x12 to 200x40 feet.
Lot of office furniture.
Contents of printing office.
A large quantity of new shelf hardware.
1 Herring safe.
1 saloon car, 4 feet 8½-inch guage, elegantly finished and furnished with black walnut, trimmed with green plush; double trucks, with broad tread wheels.
Sale to commence at 10 A. M.
Terms cash, in Government funds.

H. L. ROBINSON,
Brevet Brig.-Gen., A. Q. M.

20,000 TONS SCRANTON COAL AT AUCTION, MARCH 22, 1866.

NEW-YORK, March 16, 1866.

THE DELAWARE, LACKAWANNA AND WESTERN RAILROAD COMPANY will hold their thirty-fourth auction sale of coal on THURSDAY, the 22d day of March, 1866, at 12 o'clock noon, at their new sales room, No. 26 Exchange-place, corner of William-st. New-York, at which time they will sell, by Messrs. JOHN H. DRAPER & CO., Auctioneers,

TWENTY THOUSAND TONS

of FRESH MINED SCRANTON COAL, of the usual sizes, deliverable at their depot, Elizabethport, N. J., during the month of April next.

The sale will be positive; each lot put up will be sold to the highest bidder—no bids, in any form whatever, being made for account of, or on behalf of the Company. The conditions will be fully made known at the time of sale.

TERMS—Fifty cents per ton, in current funds, payable on the day of sale, and the balance, with the Government tax of seven cents per ton, in current funds, within ten days thereafter, at the office of the Company.

JOHN BRISBIN, President.

SALE OF GOVERNMENT AMBULANCES AND ARMY WAGONS.

CHIEF QUARTERMASTER'S OFFICE,
DEPOT OF WASHINGTON,
WASHINGTON, D. C., March 15, 1866.

Will be sold at public auction, at Lincoln Depot, Washington, D. C., under the direction of Brevet Col. C. H. Tompkins, Q.M., on MONDAY, April 2, 1866, at 10 o'clock A. M., the following mentioned Government property:
100 to 200 light ambulances,
300 to 500 army wagons,
which will be sold singly, and must be removed within five days from date of sale.
Terms: Cash, in Government funds.

D. H. RUCKER, Brevet Major-General
and Chief Quartermaster, Depot of Washington.

SALE OF CONDEMNED MEDICAL AND HOSPITAL PROPERTY.

WASHINGTON, D. C., March 10, 1866.

Will be sold at public auction on THURSDAY, the 22d day of March next, at 10 o'clock A. M., at the Purveying Depot, 18th and F sts., in this city, a large quantity of condemned medical and hospital property, consisting of: Splints, air rubber cushions, slates, clocks, inkstands, water-coolers, spoons, knives and forks, spatulas, funnels, lamps and lanterns, tin cups and plates, gutta percha bed-covers, water-beds, sheepskins dressed, tourniquets, trusses, mortars, medicine pannier chests, knapsacks and field companions, leather buckets, cots, basins, iron washstands, bed-side tables, mess chests, cooking utensils, bedding, &c.

Forty-eight hours allowed to purchasers to remove property.

Terms, cash, in Government funds.

CHAS. SUTHERLAND,
Surg. U. S. A., Medical Purveyor.
C. W. BOTELER, Auctioneer.

BENJ. F. THEALL, Auctioneer—Late Salesman with E. H. Ludlow & Co.

HANDSOME HOUSEHOLD FURNITURE AT AUCTION.

THEALL & CURTIS will sell by auction, on TUESDAY, March 20, 1866, at 11 o'clock, at the residence of Alex. Hawkins, Esq., on the road from Eastchester to Westchester, Westchester County, New-York, all the furniture, &c., of said house, viz.: Five mahogany sofas, lounges, easy and side chairs, in hair-cloth; mirrors, dining-tables, arm-chairs, fine mahogany bedsteads, marble-top bureaus, washstands, toilet crockery, pailiasses, hair-mattresses, feather-beds, bolsters and pillows, &c., together with an assortment of china and glass ware, kitchen utensils, &c.

Catalogues now ready at the auctioneers, No. 28 Liberty-st., New-York.

Carriages may be obtained at the Williams' Bridge Station, Harlem Railroad.

MORRIS WILKINS, Auctioneer.

VALUABLE DWELLING-HOUSE ON MACDOUGAL-ST. AT AUCTION.

E. H. LUDLOW & CO. will sell at auction on THURSDAY, March 22, 1866, at 12 o'clock, at the Exchange Salesroom, No. 111 Broadway, New-York:

MACDOUGAL-ST.—The desirable dwelling-house No. 99 Macdougal-st., north side, between Bleecker and Amity sts.; house three-story and basement, brick, 25x70 feet, including extension; in perfect order throughout, and contains all the modern improvements; lots 25x100 feet. Sale positive.

Maps, &c., at the office of the auctioneers.

E. H. LUDLOW & CO.,
No. 3 Pine-st., near Broadway.

JOHN H. DRAPER & CO., Auctioneers.

WILL SELL WITHOUT RESERVE TO the highest bidder, at the Erie Basin, Brooklyn, on THURSDAY, March 22, at 11 o'clock A. M., the following named Government steamers, to wit:
ILLINOIS, side-wheel, 2,123 tons.
EMPIRE CITY, side-wheel, 1,751 tons.
McCLELLAN, side-wheel, 1,003 tons.
THOMAS COLLYER, side-wheel, 446 tons.
JOHN RICE, propeller, 782 tons.

All these vessels, with the exception of the first, are fully equipped and ready for immediate service. The *Thomas Collyer* is admirably adapted for service on the Sound and rivers.

Ten per cent. to be paid down, and the balance on delivery in Government funds.

Also will be sold at the same time, the BOILER of the steamer *Harriet A. Weed*, and SHAFTING, &c., of the steamer *Delaware*.

STEWART VAN VLIET,
Brev. Major-Gen. and Chief Q. M.
QUARTERMASTER'S OFFICE, NEW-YORK, March 8, 1866.

ADRIAN H. MULLER, Auctioneer.

PEREMPTORY SALE OF FORTY VALUABLE LOTS SITUATE ON ELEVENTH-AV., SEVENTY-EIGHTH AND NINETY-SECOND STS., BY ORDER OF EXECUTORS.

ADRIAN H. MULLER, P. R. WILKINS & CO. will sell at auction on WEDNESDAY, March 21, at 12 o'clock, at the Exchange Salesroom, No. 111 Broadway, by order of the executors of Peter Murray, deceased:
11TH-AV.—4 lots on west side, 25.6 south of 75th-st.
11TH-AV.—4 lots west side, 25.6 north of 75th-st.
11TH-AV.—2 lots east side, 100 feet north of 75th-st.
11TH-AV.—1 lot northwest corner of 76th-st.
11TH-AV.—4 lots commencing on the northwest corner of 77th-st.
11TH-AV.—3 lots on southwest corner of 11th-av. and 76th-st.
78TH-ST.—4 lots south side, 475 feet east of 10th-av.
92D-ST.—14 lots south side, 150 feet west of 9th-av.
11TH-AV.—7 lots west side, commencing on the northwest corner of 147th-st.
Seventy per cent. can remain on bond and mortgage.

BENJ. F. THEALL, Auctioneer,
Late salesman with E. H. Ludlow & Co.

HANDSOME HOUSEHOLD FURNITURE, MIRRORS, CARPETS, CHINA, GLASSWARE, &c.—THEALL & CURTIS will sell by auction on THURSDAY, March 22, 1866, at 10½ o'clock, at No. 193 Prince-st., between Sullivan and Macdougal sts., all the furniture, &c., of said house, viz: Carved rosewood parlor suites in satin and brocatel, marble-top tables, fine French plate pier mirrors, damask and lace curtains, walnut and mahogany bedsteads, marble-top bureaus, washstands, fine "Plimpton bedstead," palliasses, hair mattresses, large feather beds, bolsters and pillows, blankets, sheets, quilts, china and glassware, velvet, Brussels and ingrain carpets, oil-cloths, &c., together with the kitchen utensils. Catalogues at the auctioneer's office, No. 28 Liberty-st.

DOCKS AND SLIPS, MARKET CELLARS and other property belonging to the Corporation of the City of New-York to be leased at public auction.

Notice is hereby given that the Comptroller will, on TUESDAY, the 17th day of April, 1866, at 11 o'clock A. M., at the City Hall, lease on bids at public auction, docks and slips, market cellars and other Corporation property, for a term of years from the 1st day of May, 1866.

Catalogues, containing the description, location and terms of sale, may be had on application to the Collector of the City Revenue, at this office.

By order of the Commissioners of the Sinking Fund,
MATTHEW T. BRENNAN, Comptroller.
DEPARTMENT OF FINANCE,
COMPTROLLER'S OFFICE, N. Y., March 15, 1866.

GEO. A. LEAVITT, Auctioneer.

BOOK TRADE SALE ROOMS, NO. 498 BROADWAY.—LEAVITT, STREBEIGH & CO., Auctioneers. WEDNESDAY, March 21, and following days, at 7 o'clock P. M.: Executor's sale of a valuable Private Library, comprising a very choice and select collection of books; best English and American editions of standard works; also many scarce books, among which may be mentioned Dr. Dibdin's Bibliographical Works, in elegant condition; Valuable MSS. of the XIVth Century; Second Folio Shakespeare; Knight's Shakespeare, 8 vols.; unique copy of the Rosetta Stone; scarce, curious and important works relating to Mary Queen of Scots; numerous rare, desirable, large paper and privately printed works relating to America, &c., &c. Catalogues ready and books on exhibition.

A. M. MERWIN, Auctioneer.

BY BANGS, MERWIN & CO., AT THEIR salesrooms, Nos. 694 and 696 Broadway, corner of 4th-st., TUESDAY, WEDNESDAY and THURSDAY EVENINGS, March 20, 21 and 22, at 7 o'clock:

CHOICE BOOKS, ANTIQUITIES, CURIOSITIES, &c.—A gentleman's private collection of choice and scarce books in history, travels, biography, sciences and arts, and general literature, including superbly illustrated works and a number of beautiful missals on velium, choice manuscripts, autograph letters, engravings, embracing an immense number of portraits, and a variety of curiosities, antiquities, &c. Catalogues are ready, and the articles are on view.

A. JOURNEAY, Auctioneer—Office No. 6 Pine-st.

GENTEEL HOUSEHOLD FURNITURE AT AUCTION.—A. JOURNEAY will sell at auction on WEDNESDAY, March 21, at 10½ o'clock, A. M., at the residence No. 211 West 22d-st., near 9th-av., a general assortment of parlor, chamber and dining-room furniture, consisting in part of velvet, Brussels and three-ply carpeting, rosewood and brocatel suites, marble-top centre-table, French plate pier mirrors, rosewood etageres, curtains, cornices, mahogany bureau, cottage suite, hair mattresses, feather beds, &c. Also an assortment of kitchen furniture, with which the sale will commence.

A. JOURNEAY, Auctioneer, Office No. 6 Pine-st.

ADMINISTRATOR'S SALE OF LEASEHOLD PROPERTY ON WEST 24TH-ST.—A. JOURNEAY will sell at public auction on THURSDAY, March 22, at 12 o'clock M., at the Exchange Salesroom, No. 111 Broadway, the three-story and attic brick house known as No. 256 West 24th-st., and lease of lot. Maps, with further particulars, at the auctioneer's office, No. 6 Pine-st., where the lease may be seen.

AUCTION SALES.

EDWARD SCHENCK, Auctioneer.

TWO ELEGANT SPANS OF CARRIAGE HORSES, ELEGANT BAY BLACK-HAWK TROTTING HORSE, SUPERB CIRCULAR FRONT CLARENCE, ELEGANT PARK PHAETON, TWO VERY ELEGANT SETS OF DOUBLE HARNESS. By EDWARD SCHENCK, THIS DAY, 20th inst., at 9½ A. M., at the private stable in 16th st., first door west of Broadway.—Two elegant spans of carriage horses, long tail bays, black points; one pair 16 hands, the other 15¾ full, warranted perfectly sound and kind, and coming seven years. Also, an elegant bright mahogany bay Black Hawk trotting horse, 15½ high, 6 years old, very stylish; can trot in 2:42, and has trotted five miles in fifteen minutes. Is warranted perfect in every way. Also, a long tail gray horse, 15½ hands, 7 years, warranted perfect and a fine saddle horse. Also, a span of long tail dark bays, 15 hands, 5 and 7 years old, warranted sound and kind in all harness, fast travelers. Also, a four-seat wagon, made by Stivers. Also, light double harness. Also,

AN ELEGANT SHIFTING-TOP WAGON, built by Wood Brothers, latest style. Also,
AN ELEGANT SINGLE COUPE HARNESS.
"C" SPRING CIRCULAR FRONT CLARENCE, fully as good as new, cost $2,200. Also, a fine
PARK PHAETON.
Both of the above built by Wood Bros.

Also, a very elegant double harness, covered and gilt mountings, cost $650. Also, a fine double phaeton, do. Also, a fine single harness, all made by Louden to order. Also, blankets, robes, &c., &c.

All the above can be seen by applying to Mr. Schenck, No. 60 Liberty-st., and will be on exhibition at the stable on Monday afternoon, the 19th inst., from 4 to 5 P. M.

SALE OF
GOVERNMENT PROPERTY,
AT
MACON, GA.

By direction of the Secretary of War, all the
BUILDING MATERIALS,
STEAM ENGINES,
MACHINERY, TOOLS,
IRON, COPPER, LUMBER,
AND STORES OF VARIOUS KINDS,
Which were collected at Macon, Ga., by the Confederate Government for the erection and permanent operation of a large armory, laboratory and arsenal; and also
TOOLS, MACHINERY AND MATERIALS
collected from iron works and armories in the States of Alabama and Georgia, will be sold at
PUBLIC AUCTION.

Among the articles to be sold are:

9,000 lbs.	COPPER—pigs.
42,000 lbs.	COPPER—round rod.
33,000 lbs.	COPPER—bar.
20,000 lbs.	COPPER—sheet.
200,000 lbs.	WROUGHT IRON—bar and rod.
500 tons	PIG IRON.
750 tons	CAST IRON—unserviceable shells.
54,000 lbs.	LEAD—pigs.
45,000 lbs.	TIN—block and sheet.
4,000 lbs.	CHAIN—crane and cable.
15,000 yards	CLOTH—Cotton, English Serge, oiled and enameled.
32,000 lbs.	POWDER.
8,000 feet	BELTING—gum and leather, assorted sizes.
200	MACHINES—drills, planers, milling, screw-cutting, steam and trip hammers.

Besides—Harness, Saddles, Horse Equipments, Infantry and Cavalry Accoutrements, Blankets, Wagon and Gun Carriage Irons, 35 unserviceable Canon, iron and bronze, 80 broken Gun Carriages, Laboratory Stores and Materials, Spare parts (new) for Springfield Muskets and Colt's Revolvers, and an assortment of
PAINTS AND OILS.

The attention of Northern buyers is called to this sale, which is a large one and of valuable property.

Full printed catalogues of the property to be sold can be obtained from the Chief of Ordnance at Washington, D. C., and from the Commanding Officer of the Augusta Arsenal, Georgia.

The sale will commence on
WEDNESDAY, April 4, 1866,
and continue every day until all the property is sold.
Terms cash, in United States currency.

D. W. FLAGLER,
Capt. Ord. Brev. Lt.-Col., Com. Augusta Arsenal.

LARGE SALE OF ARMY TENTS AND TENT FLIES.

DEPOT QUARTERMASTER'S OFFICE,
BALTIMORE, Md., March 5, 1866.

Will be sold at public auction, on THURSDAY, March 22, 1866, at 10 o'clock A. M., at the Government Storehouse, No. 66 Conway-st., Baltimore, Md.:

6,200 (more or less) unserviceable, worn and condemned Tents and Tent Flies, consisting in part as follows:

713	HOSPITAL TENTS.
612	WALL TENTS.
2,757	COMMON TENTS.
55	SIBLEY TENTS.
2,051½	SHELTER TENTS.
682	Hospital Tent Flies.
497	Wall Tent Flies.

Five (5) days allowed for removal of property.
Terms cash in Government funds.

G. W. BRADLEY,
Colonel, Chief Quartermaster,
Middle Military Department.

ADRIAN H. MULLER, Auctioneer.

THOMPSON, CHARLTON AND 40TH-ST. PROPERTY AT AUCTION.

ADRIAN H. MULLER, P. R. WILKINS & CO. will sell at auction on TUESDAY, March 20, at 12 o'clock, at the Exchange Salesroom, No. 111 Broadway:

THOMPSON-ST.—The 3 lots of land, with the 3 frame houses and stables thereon, situate on west side of Thompson-st., 100 feet north of Bleecker-st., known as Nos. 207, 209 and 211. Lots each 25x100 feet. Also, the two-story and attic brick house and lot adjoining on north side, known as No. 213. Lot 25x100 feet.

CHARLTON-ST.—Two-story and attic brick house and lot on south side of Charlton-st., 105 feet west of Macdougal-st., No. 10. Lot 22x86 feet.

40TH-ST.—The two-story brick and frame house situate on the north side of 40th-st., 155 feet west of Second-av., No. 161. Lot 25x98.9.

ADRIAN H. MULLER, Auctioneer.

CENTRAL PARK AND OTHER LOTS AT AUCTION.

ADRIAN H. MULLER, P. R. WILKINS & CO. will sell at auction, on TUESDAY, March 20, at 12 o'clock, at the Exchange Salesroom No. 111 Broadway:

8TH-AV.—1 lot on the southwest corner of 8th-av. and 84th-st., 25x100 feet. This is one of the most desirable lots on the west side of the Park; ground high, and commands a fine view of the Park.

8TH-AV.—1 lot on the southwest corner of 8th-av. and 118th-st., 25.2x100 feet.

3D-AV.—1 lot on the northwest corner of 3d-av. and 58th-st., 25x100 feet.

1ST-AV.—2 lots on the northeast corner of 1st-av. and 72d-st., each 25.7x113 feet.

112TH-ST.—1 lot, north side, 475 feet west of 8th-av., 25x100 feet.

38TH-ST.—1 lot, north side, 200 feet west of 1st-av., 25x98 feet 9 inches.

ADRIAN H. MULLER, Auctioneer.

EXECUTOR'S SALE OF VALUABLE PROPERTY ON PRINCE-ST.

ADRIAN H. MULLER, P. R. WILKINS & CO. will sell at auction on TUESDAY, March 20, at 12 o'clock, M. at the Exchange Salesroom, No. 111 Broadway, by order of Wm. Adams and John G. Adams, executors of the estate of John Adams, deceased, the following-described real estate, viz.:

PRINCE ST.—Four three-story brick houses and lots situate on the southerly side of Prince-st. between Laurens and Thompson sts., and known as Nos. 158, 160, 162 and 164 Prince-st.

ADRIAN H. MULLER, Auctioneer.

VALUABLE LOTS ON 55TH AND 56TH STS. AT AUCTION.

ADRIAN H. MULLER, P. R. WILKINS & CO. will sell at auction, on TUESDAY, March 20, at 12 o'clock, at the Exchange Salesroom, No. 111 Broadway:

55TH-ST.—4 lots, north side, 200 feet west of 5th-av.; 2 lots, north side, 600 feet west of 5th-av.

56TH-ST.—1 lot, south side, 200 feet west of 5th-av.; 2 lots, south side, 600 feet west of 5th-av.

ADRIAN H. MULLER, Auctioneer.

AUCTION SALE OF HOUSE AND LOT NO. 374 HENRY-ST., BROOKLYN.

ADRIAN H. MULLER, P. R. WILKINS & CO. will sell at auction on TUESDAY, March 20, at 12 o'clock, at the Exchange Salesroom, No. 111 Broadway:

The three-story brown-stone front house and lot No. 374 Henry-st., Brooklyn. The house is 21.9 front by 50 in depth. Lot 21.9x98.

JOHN H. DRAPER, Auctioneer.

UNDERWRITER'S SALE OF DAMAGED COTTON.

JOHN H. DPAEER & CO.
Will sell on
FRIDAY, MARCH 23, 1866,
at 12 o'clock, noon,
on the Battery,
200 bales and parts of bales of cotton, partly damaged by fresh water, and saved from the fire at No. 4 Bridge-st.

MORRIS WILKINS, Auctioneer.

ADMINISTRATOR'S SALE OF VALUABLE IMPROVED PROPERTY ON 42D, 43D, 46TH, 82D AND 83D STS.—E. H. LUDLOW & CO. will sell at auction, on WEDNESDAY, March 21, 1866, at 12 M., at the Exchange Salesroom, No. 111 Broadway, N. Y., by order of H. W. Whitney, administrator:

WEST 42D-ST.—The valuable house and lot, No. 131 West 42d-st., near 6th-av.; house 20x50, four stories high, high-stoop, brown-stone, and contains all improvements; lot 20x100.5.

WEST 43D-ST.—No. 99, just west of 6th-av.; house 20.10x55 feet, four stories, brick, high-stoop, and contains all the improvements; lot 20.10x100.5.

WEST 43D-ST.—The two valuable four-story brown-stone, high-stoop houses and lots, Nos. 111 and 113 West 43d-st., just west of 6th-av.; houses each 20x56 feet, and contain the improvements; lot 20x100.5.

WEST 46TH-ST.—No. 95, just west of 6th-av.; house three stories, English basement, 16.8x45 feet, in good order; lot 16.8x100.5.

WEST 82D-ST.—Four lots, north side, 200 feet west of 11th-av., each lot 25x102.2.

WEST 83D-ST.—Four lots, south side, 200 feet west of 11th-av., directly in the rear of the above; each 25x102.2.

Maps, &c., at the office of the auctioneers.

E. H. LUDLOW & CO., No. 3 Pine-st.,
near Broadway.

HENRY H. LEEDS, Auctioneer.

HENRY H. LEEDS & MINER WILL sell at auction on WEDNESDAY, March 20, at 11 o'clock, at our salesroom, No. 93 Liberty-st.:

TWO DISTINCT STOCKS OF GOODS—The balance of an old importing and jobbing house declining business; also the stock (a small reserved stock only) of an old grocer deceased, of a rare quality, viz.: Old Portilla Sherry, 1850; old Gordon and Sazerac brandy; very old rye whisky; celebrated O. K. B. Bourbon, very choice. The principal invoice will include a general assortment of strictly fine and standard goods in bottles, cases, demijohns and casks, including several lines of brandies, gins, whiskies, Sherries, Maderias, Port, &c., imported in cases; fine invoice of high grade champagnes, hock, &c. The trade, as well as consumers, can confidently rely upon the quality of these goods. No other goods admitted. Also a few lots of choice Havana cigars, consisting of H. de Carbanas, Carbajil, Brevas, La Arruncigs, Londres, Flor de Oorneaga, O. Puras, Rosade, Santiago, Concha, Abbrin de Figaro, Londres de Coste, and other favorite brands.

ADRIAN H. MULLER, Auctioneer.

PEREMPTORY SALE, BY ORDER OF THE EXECUTORS, OF VALUABLE PROPERTY ON LEWIS AND 114TH-ST.—ADRIAN H. MULLER, P. R. WILKINS & CO., will sell at action on TUESDAY, March 20, at 12 o'clock, at the Exchange Salesroom, No. 111 Broadway, by order of the Executors of Anthony J. Allaire, deceased:

LEWIS-ST.—The lot of land, with the two-story shed on the rear thereof, situate on the westerly side of Lewis-st., between 7th and 8th sts., known as No. 228; being 24 feet 6 inches in width in front, 25 feet in the rear, by 88 feet 9 inches in depth on the northerly side, and 90 feet 11 inches on the southerly side.

114TH-ST.—Two lots on the south side 114th-st., 200 feet west of 1st-av.; each 25 feet in width by 100 feet 10 inches in depth.

A. J. BLEECKER, Auctioneer.

A. J. BLEECKER, SON & CO. WILL sell at the Exchange Salesroom, in the City of New-York, on WEDNESDAY, the 21st, at 12 o'clock,
BY ORDER OF EXECUTORS AND TRUSTEES,
350 DESIRABLE BUILDING LOTS OF THE COLES' ESTATE, in the most central and choice parts of
JERSEY CITY.

Terms most liberal. Maps at the office of the auctioneers, No. 77 Cedar-st., New-York.

T. R. MINTURN, Auctioneer.

THIS DAY, TUESDAY, MARCH 20, AT 12 o'clock, on Pier No. 3 East River:
3,788 boxes fresh Sicily Oranges, part mountain;
1,295 boxes fresh Sicily Lemons.
Cargo brig *Guiletta*, from Palermo.

AUCTION SALES.

HENRY D. MINER, Auctioneer—Office 37 Nassau-st., opposite the Post-office.

IMPORTANT SALE OF A CHOICE COLLECTION of modern OIL PAINTINGS and DRAWINGS by leading artists, American and foreign, most of which were painted to order for the present owner, who is about traveling abroad.

MINER & SOMERVILLE will sell at auction, on THURSDAY and FRIDAY EVENINGS, March 22 and 23, at 7½ o'clock, at the Somerville Art Gallery, No. 845 Broadway, near 14th-st., a very fine and carefully selected collection of Oil Paintings and Drawings, comprising the entire gallery of a well-known connoisseur, forming one of the most varied and attractive assemblages of works of art offered at auction this season, among which will be represented, in their best manner, the following eminent artists, viz:

F. E. Church, N. A.,
A. Bierstadt, N. A.,
Thos Cole, N. A.,
Jas. M. Hart, N. A.,
V. Nehlig, N. A.,
D. Huntington, P.N.A.,
S. J. Guy, N. A.,
E. Johnson, N. A.,
J. F. Kensett, N. A.,
A. B. Durand, N. A.,
S. R. Gifford, N. A.,
S. Colman, N. A.,
G. H. Houghton, N. A.,
J. Suydam, N. A.,
Ed. White, N. A.,
A. F. Tait, N. A.,
M. F. H. De Haas,
H. P. Gray, N. A.,
A. D. Shattuck, N. A.,
J. G. Brown, N. A.,
W. Whittredge, N. A.,
Wm. Hart, N. A.,
J. R. Brevoort, N. A.,
A. Chappel,
George Owen,
Julia Beers,
W. T. Richards,
W. J. Hennessy,
W. Homer,
C. Ogilvie,
Rosa Bonheur,
Gerome,
Ed. Frere,
Troyon,
F. Willems,
Chavet,
Fichel,
Merle,
Duverger,
Patrois,
Lafont de Metz,
Lemmens,
Veyrasset,
Accard,
De Vos,
Seignac,
D. Roberts, R.A.,
H. LeJeune, R.A.,
H. B. Willis,
H. L. Rolfe,
D. Passmore,
E. C. Barnes,
G. Pope,
Anderson,
Weir,
Watelet,
Scheeres,
Norterman,
Janssens,
C. Verlat,
Achenbach,
Verboekhoven,
Adolf Dillens,
Robie,
Louis Robbe,
Roffiaen,
Sonderland,
Denoter,
Brillouin,
De Heuvel,
F. Musin,
Verschuur,
Carl Becker,
H. Burgers,
Van Wyngaerdt,
Koek Koek,
Rosierse,
L. de Beul,
H. Le Beul,
Serrure,
Boulanger,
Kersch,
Winterberger,
De Byland,
Philippeau,
Artz,
Reyntiens,
Couturier,
Escosura,
Herzog.

Including also a grand work by
LOUIS ROBBE,
ENTITLED
"THE SHEEPFOLD,"

being the largest and most important picture by this celebrated artist in America. They are now on exhibition, free, day and evening until evening of sale, and we most cordially invite an examination by all lovers of art. Catalogues can be obtained at the gallery or at our office, No. 37 Nassau-st.

SALE OF RARE BOOKS AND MANUSCRIPTS.

Messrs. BANGS, MERWIN & CO., No. 694 Broadway, have on hand and will sell, on WEDNESDAY and THURSDAY EVENINGS, March 21 and 22, a very curious collection of rare books and manuscripts. Of the valuable and fine things among the MSS., there are Popes' Bulls, Missals, French manuscript documents extending from the time of Louis XIV. and his Ministers to Napoleon the First and his Generals, all illustrating the history of their times, and a carefully written volume in French (No. 642 of Catalogue,) giving an authentic account of much of Napoleon's career, with a fine map of his Italian campaigns.

Also, a very rich volume (No. 584 of Catalogue,) written in Spanish in the year 1809. It is a beautiful specimen of modern chirography, and very interesting in its historic allusions to Napoleon the First and Ferdinand the VII. of Spain.

Besides these, which are indeed but a small part of the collection, there are others, among which are some valuable mathematical works (MSS.,) Venetian and Italian State papers, autograph notes of Macaulay, Tom Moore, Miss Hannah Moore, &c., &c. Among the American manuscripts are letters of Patrick Henry, Richard Henry Lee, old Gov. Dinwiddie, of Virginia, and an interesting Revolutionary War order, signed by John Hancock; also an important anti-revolutionary document (No. 731) of the "Province of New-Hampshire," which goes to show that Boston was not the only place where they had "tea parties" before our forefathers resorted to arms. Besides the MSS., of which there are many, there are not a few deeply interesting historical works, illustrated with maps and plates, relating to the early history of this country. The whole collection must command the attention of the antiquary and the historian, for it is seldom they have the opportunity of adding to their collection such rarities.

HENRY H. LEEDS, Auctioneer.

H. H. LEEDS & MINER WILL SELL by auction, on
TUESDAY, MARCH 20,
At 10 o'clock, at the private stables, No. 170 Greene-st.,
THE COMPLETE AND VALUABLE ESTABLISHMENT OF A GENTLEMAN GOING ABROAD,
Consisting of
VALUABLE TROTTING AND BLOOD HORSES, VEHICLES, HARNESS,
All made to order by the best makers, without regard to cost, viz.:

BAY MARE HARRIET LANE—By Rysdicks, Hamiltonian, out of a bay Richmond mare; 10 years old; can trot now in the 30s.

GRAY MARE—12 years old, known in Boston as the Sweetzer Mare; can trot in 2:45.

BAY FILLY—Yearling, by Hamiltonian, out of the Sweetzer Mare.

BLACK MARE—6 years old, 15 hands high; can trot in 2:50.

JUPITER FILLY—5 years old this Spring; can trot in 3 minutes or less, untrained; perfectly broken; out of the Pendleton Mare.

HAMILTONIAN FILLY—4 years old this Spring; out of "Belle of Bristol," fast Bashaw mare; perfectly broken, single and double, and shows great speed.

HAMILTONIAN FILLY—4 years old this Spring, now entered in colt stake next Fall; well broken, single and double.

STUD COLT—By "Norman," out of "Julia Patchen," 2 years old, and well marked for a stallion; shows fine gait; is halter broken.

STUD COLT—2 years old, by "Jupiter Abdallah," dam the Van Wyck trustees mare; is full brother to the celebrated Van Wyck colt, that won two year old stake of 1863, and trotted at Poughkeepsie last Fall down in the 30s.

A TWO-YEAR OLD GELDING—Out of Hamiltonian mare, by Shoreham's "Black Hawk;" promises speed.

STUD COLT—Out of "Lady Thompson's" sister, by Shoreham's "Black Hawk."

Square box shifting top wagon. pole and shafts, by Dubois.
Jagger wagon, 150 pounds, by Dubois.
Single-seat bolster wagon, by Brewster & Baldwin.
Square box shifting top wagon, by Dubois.
Cradle-spring wagon, do., by Stivers & Smith.
Shifting prunella top wagon, by Dubois.
Coach, either close or open, in fine running order; cost $1,100.
Portland sleigh, by Pennell & Martin, pole and shafts.

Double trotting harness; single do.; plated metal do.; plated, brass-mounted tandam do.; extra fine, covered and lined, gilt-mounted coach do.: oval, silver-mounted, heavy do.; 2 silver-mounted, covered and lined coupe single do.; light buggy do. All made to order by Lowden, Broadway. Fancy bear and wolf robes, lap, dress and sweat blankets, from do.; nets, whips, sheets, extra harness, bitts, plated bells, &c., &c., of the best quality, to order, all of which will be sold without reserve, as the owner is going abroad. They can be seen as above, at the stables, on Monday, 19th, day before sale.

ADRIAN H. MULLER, Auctioneer.

LOTS ON 51ST AND 52D STREETS AT AUCTION.

ADRIAN H. MULLER, P. R. WILKINS & CO. will sell at auction on TUESDAY, March 20, 1866, at 12 M., at the Exchange Salesroom, No. 111 Broadway:

51ST-ST.—7 lots on the north side of 51st-st., 350 feet west of 11th-av., each 25x100 feet.

52D-ST.—2 lots on south side of 52d-st., 275 feet east of 12th-av., each 25x100 feet. Lots Nos. 3 to 7, both inclusive, are excavated ready for building; lots 8 and 9 are partly excavated.

ADRIAN H. MULLER, Auctioneer.

ABOUT EIGHT ACRES OF LAND IN THE CITY OF BROOKLYN AT AUCTION.

ADRIAN H. MULLER, P. R. WILKINS & CO. will sell at auction on TUESDAY, March 20, at 12 o'clock M., at the Exchange Salesroom, No. 111 Broadway:

About eight acres of land, situate on 46th, 47th and 48th sts., 7th and 8th avs., City of Brooklyn.

ADRIAN H. MULLER, Auctioneer.

HOUSE AND LOT NO. 245 EAST 13TH-ST., AT AUCTION.

ADRIAN H. MULLER, P. R. WILKINS & CO. will sell at auction on TUESDAY, March 20, at 12 o'clock, at the Exchange Salesroom, No. 111 Broadway:

EAST 13TH-ST.—The four-story brown-stone house and lot situate on the north side of East 13th-st., west of and near 2d-av. The house is in good order and has modern improvements.

ADRIAN H. MULLER, Auctioneer.

LOTS ON ELEVENTH-AV. AT AUCTION.

ADRIAN H. MULLER, P. R. WILKINS & CO. will sell at auction on WEDNESDAY, March 21, at 12 o'clock, at the Exchange Salesroom, No. 111 Broadway:

11TH-AV.—Two lots situate on the southeast corner of 11th-av. and 51st-st. These lots will be sold under restrictions as against nuisances.

ADRIAN H. MULLER, Auctioneer.

CONTINUATION SALE OF FIFTY LOTS ON AVENUES A AND B, 1ST AND 2D AVS. AND 82D-ST. AT AUCTION.—ADRIAN H. MULLER, P. R. WILKINS & CO. will sell at auction, on FRIDAY, March 23, at 12 M., at the Exchange Salesroom, No. 111 Broadway, New-York:

1ST-AV.—2 lots southeast corner of 82d-st.; 1 lot northeast corner of 82d-st.

AVENUE A—2 lots northeast corner of 82d-st.; 1 lot southeast corner of 82d-st.

AVENUE B—4 lots west side, between 81st and 82d sts.; 4 lots, with water front, on southeast corner of Avenue B and 82d-st.

82D-ST.—14 lots between 1st and 2d avs.; 9 lots between 1st av. and Avenue A; 7 lots between Avenues A and B.

Maps at the office of the Auctioneers, No. 5½ Pine-st., New-York.

ADRIAN H. MULLER, Auctioneer.

EXECUTOR'S SALE OF VALUABLE PROPERTY ON CHAMBERS AND READE STS. ADRIAN H. MULLER, P. R. WILKINS & CO. will sell at auction on TUESDAY, March 20, at 12 o'clock, at the Exchange Salesroom, No. 111 Broadway, by order of the Executers of Amelia Hertell, deceased:

CHAMBERS-ST.—The lot of land, with the three-story brick store thereon, situate on the north side of Chambers-st., between Washington and West sts., and known as No. 193.

READE-ST.—The lot of land, with the three-story brick store thereon, situate on the south side of Reade-st., between Washington and West sts., known as No. 185, and being in the rear of the Chambers-st. store.

MATRIMONIAL.

MATRIMONIAL.—WITH A VIEW TO MATRIMONY, the advertiser wishes the acquaintance of a fair-haired, blue-eyed, kind-hearted girl. Address A. M. A., Station G.

DRY GOODS.

A. RUNYON,
NO. 27 CORTLANDT-ST., NEW-YORK.
MANUFACTURER OF
TRANSPARENT WINDOW-SHADES,
GOLD BORDER WINDOW-SHADES.
OIL WINDOW-SHADES.
JOBBER OF
CORDS, TASSELS,
AND ALL KINDS PATENT FIXTURES.
☞ PRICES CORRESPOND WITH THE TIMES.

A. T. STEWART & CO.,
will offer at retail on
MONDAY, MARCH 19,
a large lot of
ENGLISH TAPESTRY BRUSSELS CARPET,
at the extremely low price of
ONE DOLLAR AND A HALF PER YARD.
Broadway and 10th-st.

NOVELTIES IN SILKS AND FANCY ARTICLES.
AU BON MARCHE.
Nos. 135 and 137 Rue du Bac, corner of Rue de Sévres.

Ladies visiting Paris, should, before effecting their purchases elsewhere, visit this establishment; they will find an immense assortment of every NOVELTY of the finest quality and real cheapness.

DRESS TRIMMINGS AT REDUCED prices, No. 418 4th-av. THOS. C. McRAE & CO. will offer their stock of buttons, braids, silk, cotton, needles, &c.; also, bead gimps and ornaments, alpaca braids, machine twist, skirt braids, &c., all at less than regular prices, until the 1st of May next, in consequence of removal.

DRY GOODS

GRENADINES, ORGANDIES, LAWNS, Percales, Printed Linens, French and English Prints, French and Dublin Poplins, Alpacas, Printed Mohairs, Delaines, Bareges, Embroidered Silk Tissues, &c., &c., and every variety of
FASHIONABLE DRESS GOODS
At retail.
LORD & TAYLOR,
Nos. 461 to 467 BROADWAY,
Nos. 255 to 261 GRAND-ST.,
Nos. 47 and 49 CATHARINE-ST.

UPHOLSTERY DEPARTMENT.
Large additions have been made to our upholstery department, and we are now prepared to execute orders in all its branches.
LACE CURTAINS, DRAPERIES,
Brocatels, reps, printed lastings, chintzes, furniture coverings, damask, cornices, tassels, bands and fixtures of every kind,
BELOW REGULAR PRICES.
LORD & TAYLOR,
Nos. 461 to 467 BROADWAY,
Nos. 255 to 261 GRAND-ST.,
Nos. 47 and 49 CATHARINE-ST.

RICH LACES AND EMBROIDERIES.
Latest designs at retail.
LORD & TAYLOR,
Nos. 461 to 467 BROADWAY,
Nos. 255 to 261 GRAND ST.,
Nos. 47 and 49 CATHARINE-ST.

MOURNING GOODS FOR SPRING.
A full assortment at Retail.
LORD & TAYLOR,
Nos. 461 to 467 BROADWAY.
Nos. 255 to 261 GRAND-ST.
Nos. 47 and 49 CATHARINE-ST.

BLACK, COLORED AND FANCY
SILKS, IN GREAT VARIETY,
FOR SPRING,
AT RETAIL.
LORD & TAYLOR,
Nos. 461 to 467 BROADWAY.
Nos. 255 to 261 GRAND-ST.
Nos. 47 and 49 CATHARINE-ST.

SPRING SHAWLS, CLOAKINGS,
CLOTHS,
CASSIMERES, &c., at retail.
LORD & TAYLOR,
Nos. 461 to 467 BROADWAY,
Nos. 255 to 261 GRAND STREET,
Nos. 47 and 49 CATHARINE STREET.

LADIES' AND CHILDREN'S
DEPARTMENT.
A full assortment of UNDER CLOTHING, ROBES DE CHAMBRE, BREAKFAST ROBES, CAPS, &c., &c., including the latest Spring novelties.
LORD & TAYLOR,
Nos. 461 to 467 BROADWAY,
Nos. 255 to 261 GRAND-ST.,
Nos. 47 and 49 CATHARINE-ST.

HOSIERY, GLOVES, TIES, SCARFS, &c., for Spring, at retail.
LORD & TAYLOR,
Nos. 461 to 467 BROADWAY.
Nos. 255 to 261 GRAND-ST.,
Nos. 47 and 49 CATHARINE-ST.

A GREAT FALL IN DRY GOODS.

LE BOUTILLIER BROS. have bought much at late auction sales, and have reduced other goods to the SAME LOW RATES.
They invite attention to
SILKS in choice colors, at less than cost to import.
BLACK SILKS for dresses and mantles.
REAL IRISH POPLINS in all colors.
ALPACAS and MOHAIRS in black and colors.
GRAY, CHINE and STRIPED GOODS in new fabrics, for traveling.
ENGLISH BAREGES, new styles, good quality.
FRENCH and ENGLISH CALICOES.
CASSIMERES and CLOTHS for ladies' sacks.
RIBBONS of all kinds, and EMBROIDERIES, HOSIERY, GLOVES, &c.
MARSEILLES, PIQUE and BRILLIANTS, very cheap.
LINENS, TOWELINGS and other DOMESTIC DRY GOODS.
No. 423 Broadway and No. 305 Canal-st.

GREAT BARGAINS
will be offered on MONDAY, from the heavy auction sales of last week, comprising
BLACK AND COLORED SILKS,
in PLAIN STRIPES, CHECKS, CORDED CHINE,
from $1 upward.
Also,
PRINTED FOULARD PARIS POPLINS,
and other desirable DRESS GOODS.
Also,
BROCHE SHAWLS, in all qualities.
LLMA LACE POINTS, in White and Black.
REAL SHETLAND SHAWLS,
LACE CURTAINS less than gold costs.
STRANG & ADRIANCE,
No. 355 Broadway.

R. H. MACY.
All the POPULAR BRANDS of
MUSLINS AND SHEETINGS.
Full stock of Muslins, Sheetings, Linens, Housekeeping Goods, White Goods, Lace Curtains, &c.
TARLATANS, BALMORAL SKIRTINGS,
AT POPULAR PRICES.
HOSIERY AND GLOVES,
LACES, EMBROIDERIES, RIBBONS,
MILLINERY GOODS AND TRIMMINGS,
LINEN HANDKERCHIEFS,
CORSETS, TUCKED AND HOOP SKIRTS,
LADIES' UNDERWEAR, IN STOCK AND TO ORDER,
FANCY GOODS, BUTTONS, NOTIONS, &C.,
AT POPULAR PRICES.
ALWAYS A FULL ASSORTMENT OF LADIES', GENTS' AND CHILDREN'S BEST QUALITY FRENCH KID GLOVES.
14th-st. and 6th-av.

GRAND OPENING
OF
SPRING AND SUMMER
SILKS, SHAWLS AND DRESS GOODS,
ON
MONDAY, MARCH 19,
AT
W. K. PEYTON'S, Nos. 272 and 274 Bowery,
(Near Houston-st.)

SILKS! SILKS! SILKS!
SPECIAL ANNOUNCEMENT.

In addition to our large stock of NEW SILKS recently purchased, we will offer for sale,
ON MONDAY, MARCH 19,
two large invoices of BLACK SILKS, BLACK and WHITE CHECK SILKS, and PLAIN-COLORED SILKS, bought at auction at about gold cost, to which we desire to direct particular attention.
W. K. PEYTON,
Nos. 272 and 274 Bowery.

SHAWLS! SHAWLS! SHAWLS!
PAISLEY, PALE INDIA SHAWLS,
in White and Scarlet Centres.
OPEN CENTRE PARIS CASHMERE LONG SHAWLS,
in New Patterns and Colorings.
RICH PARIS CASHMERE BROCHE SHAWLS,
Square and Long.
FANCY BERLIN WOOL SHAWLS.
PLAIN BLACK CASHMERE SHAWLS,
with Wool and Silk Fringes, Square and Long.
W. K. PEYTON,
Nos. 272 and 274 Bowery.

NEW SPRING DRESS GOODS
OF THE CHOICEST STYLES,
including every novelty of BRITISH and FRENCH GOODS imported, together with an immense stock of medium-priced goods, purchased during the past week at auction.

FANCY MOHAIRS, neat designs, only 25c. per yard, cost about 40c. to import.
CHENE POPLINS, very handsome, only 33c. per yard, cost over 50c. to import.
FOULARD POPLINS, very choice goods, double fold, only 37½c., cost 70c. to import.
WHITE AND BUFF GROUND PURE MOHAIR POPLINS, double width, only 50c., cost nearly $1.
REAL FRENCH PRINTED JACONETS, only 37½c.
REAL FRENCH PRINTED PERCALES, only 37½c.
POPLIN ALPACAS, in delicate and beautiful Spring colors, just landed, from 45c. to 85c. per yard.
W. K. PEYTON,
Nos. 272 and 274 Bowery.

HOUSEKEEPING GOODS.
We have now in stock, splendid value in
SHIRTING AND SHEETING LINENS,
BLEACHED, HALF-BLEACHED AND BROWN
TABLE DAMASKS,
TABLE-CLOTHS, HUCKABUCKS AND TOWELS.
ALSO,
SATIN-DAMASK TABLE-CLOTHS AND NAPKINS, EN SUITE.
ALSO,
The best brands of Bleached and Unbleached Shirting and Sheeting Muslins, Ticks, Prints, Ginghams, Flannels.
ALSO,
SPRING CLOAKINGS, CLOTHS AND CASSIMERES, VERY CHEAP.
W. K. PEYTON,
Nos. 272 and 274 Bowery.

A. T. STEWART & CO.
HAVE POPULARIZED THE PRICES OF EVERY DESCRIPTION OF DRESS GOODS
IN THEIR RETAIL DEPARTMENT,
COMPRISING
THE LARGEST, RICHEST, AND MOST ELEGANT ASSORTMENT,
NOW IN THE CITY.
Purchasers are respectfully invited to examine.
Broadway and 10th-st.

SPECIAL NOTICE.

We have just received from auction, and per late steamers, a splendid stock of SPRING and SUMMER GOODS; some great novelties and SPLENDID BARGAINS.

N. B.—100 pieces finest ENGLISH MOURNING PRINTS at 20c. per yard; COLORADA, EMPRESS and CRAPE CLOTH at $8 and $10 per dress. HANDSOME GOODS, and very serviceable.

W. JACKSON, Importer of Mourning Goods,
No. 551 Broadway, opposite Tiffany & Co.'s.

MOURNING BONNETS.

A very large and handsome stock of SPRING STYLES in every variety, now open for inspection. Prices very reasonable.

N. B.—ENGLISH AND FRENCH BOMBAZINES, DE LAINES, TAMISE CLOTH, BUSHIRE AND SPANISH CRAPES, CRAPE MARETZ, CHALLI CLOTH, TAMARTINES, GRENADINES AND GRENADINE BAREGES, FLORENTINES AND ARGENTINES, CRAPE VEILS, GLOVES, HANDKERCHIEFS, SETS, &c., at prices to suit the most economical. JACKSON'S MOURNING STORE,
No. 551 Broadway, between Spring and Prince sts.

BLACK ALPACAS—BLACK ALPACAS.

We offer a very superior make and finish, at 62½c., 75c., 87½c. and $1—PURE MOHAIR DEMI LUSTRE. Ladies requiring such goods should take a look at our stock before purchasing elsewhere.

W. JACKSON, Importer, No. 551 Broadway,
Between Spring and Prince sts., opposite Tiffany & Co's.

SHIPPING.

ONLY DIRECT LINE TO FRANCE.

THE GENERAL TRANSATLANTIC COMPANY'S MAIL STEAMSHIPS BETWEEN NEW-YORK AND HAVRE, CALLING AT BREST.

The splendid new vessels on this favorite route for the Continent will sail from Pier No. 50, North River, as follows:

WASHINGTON	SURMONT	SATURDAY, April 7
PEREIRE	DUCHESNE	SATURDAY, April 21
NAPOLEON III	BOCANDI	SATURDAY, May 5
LAFAYETTE	LEMARIE	SATURDAY, May 19

PRICE OF PASSAGE IN GOLD.

First cabin, $135; second cabin, $80, including table wine in either class.

Passengers intending to land at Brest will be furnished here with railroad coupon tickets, and their baggage checked to Paris, at an additional charge of $5 for first and $3 for second class.

Medical attendance free of charge.

For further information apply to GEO. MACKENZIE, Agent, Removed from No. 7 to 58 Broadway.

At Paris, 12 Boulevard des Capucines, (Grand Hotel.)

At Havre, WM. ISELIN & CO.

NATIONAL STEAM NAVIGATION CO.

(Limited.)

NEW-YORK TO LIVERPOOL,

Calling at Queenstown to land passengers.

Ships.	Tons.	Commanders.
QUEEN	3,412	Grogan.
ERIN	3,310	Cutting.
PENNSYLVANIA	2,872	Lewis.
LOUISIANA	2,166	Thomson.
ENGLAND	3,450	Grace.
SCOTLAND	3,695	Hall.
VIRGINIA	2,876	Prowse.
HELVETIA	3,815	Ogilvie.

Leaving Pier No. 47, North River, as follows:

THE QUEEN ... SATURDAY, March 24

PENNSYLVANIA ... SATURDAY, March 31

AND EVERY SATURDAY THEREAFTER.

The size of these steamships admits of very spacious state-rooms, all opening directly into the saloon; the accommodations and fare are unsurpassed, and the rates lower than by any other line.

An experienced Surgeon on each ship free of charge.

Steerage passage tickets to bring parties from Liverpool or Queenstown, for $40 currency.

Cabin passage, $90; Steerage, $30—payable in currency.

The owners of these vessels will not be accountable for specie or valuables unless bills of lading, having their value expressed therein, are signed therefor.

For freight or cabin passage, apply at the office of the Company, No. 57 Broadway.

J. D. NAAR, Acting Manager.

For steerage passage at THOMPSON'S Passage Office, No. 273 Pearl-st., and at the Company's Office, No. 57 Broadway.

THE BRITISH AND NORTH AMERICAN ROYAL MAIL STEAMSHIPS.

BETWEEN NEW-YORK AND LIVERPOOL, CALLING AT CORK HARBOR.

AND

BETWEEN BOSTON AND LIVERPOOL, CALLING AT HALIFAX AND CORK HARBOR.

JAVA leaves New-York Wednesday, March 21.
AFRICA leaves Boston Wednesday, March 28.
AUSTRALASIAN leaves New-York Wednesday, April 4.
CHINA leaves Boston Wednesday, April 28.
CUBA leaves New-York Wednesday, April 18.
ASIA leaves Boston Wednesday, April 25.

FROM NEW-YORK TO LIVERPOOL.

Chief Cabin Passage ... $132 50
Second Cabin Passage ... 80 00

FROM BOSTON TO LIVERPOOL.

Chief Cabin Passage ... $112 50
Second Cabin Passage ... 65 00

payable in gold, or its equivalent in United States currency.

Berths not secured until paid for.

An experienced surgeon on board.

The owners of these ships will not be accountable for Specie or Valuables unless bills of lading, having the value expressed, are signed therefor.

For freight or passage, apply to E. CUNARD, No. 4 Bowling-green.

ONLY AMERICAN LINE TO ENGLAND AND FRANCE.

The New-York and Havre Steamship Company's first-class mail steamships ARAGO and FULTON, having been thoroughly refitted, will leave Pier No. 37 North River for Havre, calling at Falmouth, on the following days, at noon, precisely:

ARAGO	HENRY A. GADSDEN	March 17, 1866.
FULTON	JAMES A. WOTTON	April 14, 1866.
ARAGO	HENRY A. GADSDEN	May 12, 1866.
FULTON	JAMES A. WOTTON	June 9, 1866.
ARAGO	HENRY A. GADSDEN	July 7, 1866.

And every twenty-eight days thereafter.

PRICES OF PASSAGE IN GOLD.

First cabin ... $132 50 | Second cabin ... $80 00

Through tickets to London, $5 extra.

An experienced surgeon on board.

The company will not be responsible for specie or valuables unless bills of lading, having the value expressed, are signed therefor.

For further information, apply to JOSEPH J. COMSTOCK, Agent, No. 7 Broadway, New-York.

THE NORTH AMERICAN LLOYD.

New line of first-class side-wheel steamers between NEW-YORK AND BREMEN VIA COWES, with comfortable accommodations for passengers of all grades, carrying the U. S. Mail. Leave New-York on THURSDAYS:

Atlantic, 3,000 tons, CHAS. HOYER, Comm. ... 12th April.
Western Metropolis, 2,600t., 1,000 horse power ... 26th April.
Baltic, 3,000 tons, 1,600 horse power ... 10th May.
Atlantic, 3,000 tons, 1,600 horse power ... 31st May.

An experienced surgeon on board.

The Company will not be responsible for specie or valuables unless bills of lading, having the value expressed, are signed therefor.

Rates of passage, payable in gold, or its equivalent: First cabin, $105; second cabin, $52 50; steerage, $37 50.

For freight and passage apply to RUGER BROS., General Agents, No. 45 Beaver-st.

For subscription to the stock of this Company, offering a very remunerative investment, apply to V. PRECHT, Secretary, Office of the North Am. Lloyd, No. 45 Beaver-st.

STEAM TO LIVERPOOL—CALLING AT Queenstown. The Inman Line, sailing semi-weekly, carrying the United States Mails.

ETNA	WEDNESDAY	March 21
CITY OF BOSTON	SATURDAY	March 24
KANGAROO	WEDNESDAY	March 28
CITY OF WASHINGTON	SATURDAY	March 31
CITY OF DUBLIN	WEDNESDAY	April 4

and each succeeding SATURDAY and WEDNESDAY, at noon, from Pier No. 44 North River.

RATES OF PASSAGE, PAYABLE IN CURRENCY, BY THE MAIL STEAMER SAILING EVERY SATURDAY.

First Cabin	$129	Steerage	$35
First Cabin to London	125	Steerage to London	40
First Cabin to Paris	135	Steerage to Paris	50

Passage by the Wednesday steamers: First Cabin, $90; Steerage, $35.

Passengers also forwarded to Havre, Hamburg, Bremen, &c., at moderate rates.

Steerage passage from Liverpool or Queenstown, $45. Tickets can be bought here by persons sending for their friends.

For further information apply at the Company's Offices. JOHN G. DALE, Agent, No. 15 Broadway, New-York.

FOR HAVANA DIRECT.

The elegant steamship YAZOO, JOHN THOMPSON, Commander, Will sail from Pier No. 21 North River, foot of Fulton-st., for the above port, on THURSDAY, March 22, at 3 o'clock P. M. Bills of lading signed at the wharf.

For freight or passage, with superior accommodations, apply to the agents, G. HENEIKEN & PALMORE, No. 115 Broadway.

The CREOLE will follow on Tuesday, March 27.

FOR HAVANA DIRECT.

THE ELEGANT STEAMSHIP CREOLE, N. ANDERSON, Commander, Will sail from Pier No. 21 North River, foot of Fulton-st., on TUESDAY, March 27, at 3 o'clock P. M., for the above port.

Bills of lading signed at the wharf.

For freight or passage, with superior accommodations, apply to the agents, G. HEINEKEN & PALMORE, No. 115 Broadway.

FOR HAVANA DIRECT.

The United Steam Mail Sidewheel Steamship MORRO CASTLE, R. ADAMS, Commander, Will leave Pier No. 4 North River, on WEDNESDAY, March 21, at 3 o'clock P. M. precisely, for Havana direct.

For freight or passage apply to SPOFFORD, TILESTON & CO., No. 29 Broadway.

N. B.—The favorite steamer EAGLE will succeed the MORRO CASTLE and leave on March 28.

UNITED STATES MAIL LINE FOR RIO DE JANEIRO,

CALLING AT ST. THOMAS, PARA, PERNAMBUCO AND BAHIA EVERY TRIP.

The United States and Brazil Mail Steamship Company will dispatch regularly, on the 29th of each month, at 3 P. M., from Pier No. 43 North River, one of their new first-class steamships.

THE HAVANA, M. R. GREENE, Commander, WILL LEAVE ON THURSDAY, 29TH MARCH.

An experienced surgeon is attached to each steamship. All letters must pass through the Post-office.

Large lots of heavy freight at low rates.

For freight or passage, apply to THOMAS ASCENCIO & CO., No. 17 Broadway.

FOR RICHMOND, CITY POINT AND NORFOLK.

GOES TO THE WHARF AT RICHMOND.

The new and elegant SIDE-WHEEL steamships HATTERAS, Capt. LEWIS PARRISH, every SATURDAY, at 12 M.

ALBEMARLE, Capt. H. A. BOURNE, every WEDNESDAY, at 12 M.

FROM PIER NO. 36 NORTH RIVER.

Freight for Newbern, N. C., and all points on Roanoke River, as far as Halifax, forwarded by our agent at Norfolk, free of charge.

For freight or passage, having unsurpassed accommodations. Apply to LIVINGSTON, FOX & CO., No. 141 Broadway.

Freight received on our covered pier, No. 36 North River, at all times during business hours.

Goods consigned to our address promptly forwarded.

All bills of lading signed on board the ship.

FOR NORFOLK CITY POINTAND RICHMOND.

The OLD LINE, from Pier No. 21, North River.

NIAGARA, Capt. COUCH, EVERY SATURDAY, at 3 P. M.

SARATOGA, Capt. KING, EVERY WEDNESDAY, at 3 P. M.

G. HEINEKEN & PALMORE, No. 115 Broadway, Agents New-York and Virginia Steamship Co.

FOR CHARLESTON, S. C.

PEOPLE'S MAIL STEAMSHIP COMPANY.

EMILY B. SOUDER ... Capt. E. LOCKWOOD.
MONEKA ... Capt. C. P. MARSHMAN.

The above splendid steamships will leave every THURSDAY, at 3 P. M., from Pier No. 37 North River, invariably landing cargo at Charleston on Monday morning.

The new and elegant steamship EMILY B. SOUDER, sails on THURSDAY, March 22, at 3 o'clock P. M.

For freight or passage, with unsurpassed accommodations, apply to LIVINGSTON, FOX & CO., No. 141 Broadway.

Consignees at Charleston, ARCHIBALD, GETTY & CO. All bills of lading signed on board the vessel.

FOR CHARLESTON, S. C.

REGULAR UNITED STATES MAIL LINE of first-class steamships.

The favorite and fast steamship ALHAMBRA is now receiving cargo and will be dispatched promptly at 3 o'clock, from Pier No. 14 East River, on WEDNESDAY, March 21.

For freight or passage, apply to ARTHUR LEARY, No. 73 William-st.

The elegant and popular sidewheel steamship QUAKER CITY, will follow on SATURDAY, March 24.

A handsome side-wheel steamer now connects between Charleston, Savannah and the Florida ports.

FOR WILMINGTON, N. C.

The splendid side-wheel steamship CUMBERLAND, Capt. J. A. JOHNSTONE, is loading at Pier No. 11, North River, and sails WEDNESDAY, 21st inst. Unsurpassed cabin accommodations.

Cabin passage, $25; steerage do., $15.

Apply to CHAS. H. PIERSON, No. 77 South-st., Or to GOODSPEED, No. 46 West-st.

SHIPPING.

PACIFIC MAIL STEAMSHIP COMPANY'S THROUGH LINE TO CALIFORNIA

AND CARRYING THE UNITED STATES MAIL, leave Pier No. 42 North River, foot of Canal-st., at 12 o'clock noon, on the 1st, 11th and 21st of every month, (except when those dates fall on Sunday, and then on the preceding Saturday,) for ASPINWALL, connecting, via Panama Railway, with one of the company's steamships from Panama for SAN FRANCISCO, touching at ACAPULCO.

MARCH.

1st, ARIZONA, connecting with GOLDEN CITY.
10th, HENRY CHAUNCEY, connecting with ST. LOUIS.
21st, NEW-YORK, connecting with SACRAMENTO.

Departures of 1st and 21st connect at Panama with steamers for SOUTH PACIFIC PORTS; 1st and 11th for CENTRAL AMERICAN PORTS. Those of 1st touch at MANZANILLO.

Baggage checked through. One hundred pounds allowed each adult.

An experienced surgeon on board. Medicines and attendance free.

For passage tickets or further information apply at the company's ticket office, on the wharf, foot of Canal-st., North River, New-York.

F. W. G. BELLOWS, Agent.

FOR CALIFORNIA VIA NICARAGUA.

EXTRAORDINARY LOW PRICES.

First Class.	Second Class.	Third Class.
$200 to $175.	$135.	$65.

THROUGH TO SAN FRANCISCO.

The Central American Transit Company having placed a fine new steamboat on LAKE NICARAGUA, thereby insuring passengers

A PROMPT AND RELIABLE TRANSIT, will dispatch the fast and elegant steamship SANTIAGO DE CUBA, JERRY H. SMITH, Esq., Commander, on TUESDAY, March 20, at noon, from Pier No. 29 North River, foot of Warren-st., at the above EXTRAORDINARY LOW PRICES.

For passage apply early, by mail or in person, at No. 177 West-st., corner of Warren-st.

D. N. CARRINGTON, Agent.

PACIFIC MAIL STEAMSHIP COMPANY.

NOTICE TO SHIPPERS TO SOUTH AND CENTRAL AMERICAN POINTS.

Having concluded arrangements with the PACIFIC STEAM NAVIGATION COMPANY and the CENTRAL AMERICAN STEAMSHIP COMPANY, we are now prepared to receive and forward WITH DISPATCH all kinds of goods, to and from points on the SOUTH PACIFIC and CENTRAL AMERICAN COAST, under THROUGH BILL OF LADING at GREATLY REDUCED RATES.

For further particulars, classification of goods and rates, apply at our office, No. 84 Broadway.

WELLS, FARGO & CO., Sole Freight Agents P. M. S. S. Co.

FOR CALIFORNIA VIA PANAMA.

The Pacific Mail Steamship Company's steamer NEW-YORK will sail from Pier No. 42 North River, on WEDNESDAY, March 21, at 12 noon.

Freight received as usual.

WELLS, FARGO & CO., No. 84 Broadway, Sole Agents for Pacific Mail Steamship Co.

SAVANNAH, GEORGIA.

EVERY SATURDAY, FROM PIER NO. 13, NORTH RIVER, in connection with railroads throughout Georgia and Florida.

EMPIRE SIDE-WHEEL LINE.

Passage tickets issued through to Augusta, Macon, Thomasville, Darien, Brunswick, St. Mary's, Fernandina, Jacksonville, and Picolatka.

The favorite side-wheel steamship SAN SALVADOR, JOSHUA ATKINS, Commander, Will sail for Savannah direct from Pier No. 13, North River, foot of Cedar-street, on SATURDAY, March 24, promptly at 3 o'clock.

Freight received daily and handled carefully.

Bills of lading furnished and signed on the pier.

For freight or passage, having elegant accommodations, apply to GARRISON & ALLEN, Agents, No. 5 Bowling-green.

Agent at Savannah, B. H. HARDEE.

FOR SAVANNAH, GA.

ATLANTIC COAST MAIL STEAMSHIP COMPANY. WEEKLY LINE. SIDE-WHEEL STEAMERS.

HERMAN LIVINGSTON ... Capt. J. B. BAKER.
GEN. BARNES ... Capt. THOS. H. MORTON.

The favorite and fast steamship FLAMBEAU, Capt. W. B. EATON, will leave on WEDNESDAY, March 21, at 3 o'clock P. M., precisely, from Pier No. 36 North River, connecting with all the railroads in Georgia, and Florida steamers.

All the connections to and beyond Augusta now complete. Through rates given to the interior of Georgia, Alabama, Mississippi and Tennessee.

For freight or passage, having splendid accommodations, apply to LIVINGSTON, FOX & CO., Agents, No. 141 Broadway.

The GEN. BARNES will follow on Saturday, March 24.

Agents in Savannah, WILDER & FULLERTON.

Goods to be forwarded by railroad should be marked care of "C. R. R. Agent."

FOR SAVANNAH, GA.

MURRAY'S WEEKLY LINE. THURSDAYS.

Cabin passage, $25; deck, $10.

Connecting with all railroads throughout Georgia and Florida.

LEO ... DEARBORN, Commander.
VIRGO ... BULKLEY, Commander.

The favorite steamship LEO, DEARBORN, Commander, will sail from Pier No. 16 East River, foot of Wall-st., THURSDAY, March 22, at 3 P. M.

For freight or passage, having elegant accommodations, apply to MURRAY, FERRIS & CO., Nos. 61 and 62 South-st.

OCTAVUS COHEN, Agent in Savannah.

FOR SAVANNAH.

PIONEER LINE.

Cabin passage ... $25 | Deck ... $10

EVERY THURSDAY.

Landing cargo in Savannah the following Monday morning.

The new first-class steamship HUNTER, Capt. W. D. ROGERS, will leave Pier No. 4 N. R. at 3 P. M., on THURSDAY, March 22.

For freight or passage, having first-class accommodations, apply to LEWIS L. JONES, No. 17 Broadway.

Agents in Savannah, HUNTER & GAMMELL.

FOR NEW-ORLEANS DIRECT.

BLACK STAR LINE.

The fast-sailing steamship FUNG SHUEY will leave Pier No. 13 North River, on SATURDAY, March 24, at 3 P. M. For freight or passage, having handsome accommodations, apply to R. LOWDEN, Ag't, No. 54 Wall-st.

Bills lading signed at the office, No. 98 West-st., corner of Cedar.

GEO. A. FOSDICK, Agent at New-Orleans.

FOR NEW-ORLEANS DIRECT.

The new and first-class steamship GEORGE WASHINGTON, Capt. E. V. GAGER, will leave Pier No. 9 North River, on SATURDAY, March 24, at 3 P. M. For freight or passage, having unsurpassed accommodations, apply to H. B. CROMWELL & CO., No. 86 West-st.

NEW-ORLEANS DIRECT.

The New-York Mail Steamship Company's steamship MORNING STAR will leave on SATURDAY, March 24, at 3 P. M., from the Company's pier, No. 46 North River.

For freight or passage apply to JAMES A. RAYNOR, No. 10 Barclay-st.

UNITED STATES PASSPORT BUREAU.—Citizens about to travel abroad may procure passports through A. C. WILLMARTH, U. S. Passport Agent, No. 41 Chambers-st.

STEAMBOATS.

MARCH, 1866. SHREWSBURY AND LONG BRANCH,

Sandy Hook, Highlands, Port Washington, Mount's and Brown's Dock, Fairhaven AND RED BANK.

THE STEAMER META, Capt. WM. F. CONOVER, will leave the short pier, foot of Barclay-st., as follows:

LEAVE NEW-YORK.	LEAVE RED BANK.
Thursday, March 8, 11 A. M.	Friday, March 9, 10 A. M.
Saturday, March 10, 1 P. M.	Monday, March 12, 12 M.
Tuesday, March 13, 3 P. M.	Wednesday, March 14, 2 P. M.
Thursday, March 15, 3 P. M.	Friday, March 16, 7 A. M.
Saturday, March 17, 3½ P. M.	Monday, March 19, 7½ A. M.
Tuesday, March 20, 9 A. M.	Wednesday, March 21, 9 A. M.
Thursday, March 22, 10 A. M.	Friday, March 23, 9 A. M.
Saturday, March 24, 12½ P. M.	Monday, March 26, 12 M.
Tuesday, March 27, 3 P. M.	Wednesday, March 28, 2 P. M.
Thursday, March 29, 3 P. M.	Friday, March 30, 2½ P. M.
Saturday, March 31, 3½ P. M.	Monday, April 2, 7 A. M.

THE GREAT INSIDE ROUTE FOR BOSTON.

AVOIDING POINT JUDITH.

STONINGTON LINE OF STEAMERS, being the safest and quickest between Boston and New-York. The staunch and splendid steamer

PLYMOUTH ROCK, Capt. B. BRAYTON, On TUESDAYS, THURSDAYS and SATURDAYS;

COMMODORE, Capt. R. F. CURTIS, On MONDAYS, WEDNESDAYS and FRIDAYS, at 5 o'clock P. M., from Pier No. 18 North River.

These boats are unsurpassed for comfort, strength and safety. State-rooms secured at the office, Pier No. 18, on board the boat, No. 76 Washington-st., Boston, and at the Providence Depot.

Return trains leave Boston at 5½ P. M.

M. R. SIMONS, Agent.

NAVIGATION OF THE HUDSON RESUMED.—The steamers ST. JOHN and DEAN RICHMOND commence their regular daily trips for the season (Sundays excepted) at 6 o'clock P. M. THIS DAY, from Pier No. 41 North River, foot of Canal-st.

MARCH 19, 1866.

FOR NEW-HAVEN, HARTFORD AND SPRINGFIELD.—Steamers leave Peck-slip for New-Haven at 3:15 and 11 P. M., connecting with Railroad.

STATIONERY.

THE BEST AND CHEAPEST INKS.—"Keys' National Writing Fluid" and "American Union Ink." No sediment; flow freely and do not corrode. Sold by the trade generally. Manufactured by REEVES & CO., successor to J. G. Keys. Removed to No. 303 Washington-st., near Reade.

PUBLIC NOTICES.

STREET DEPARTMENT,
NEW-YORK, March 17, 1866.

CHANGE OF GRADE.—PUBLIC NOTICE IS hereby given that propositions for the following improvements are pending before the Board of Aldermen, viz.: To change the grade of Worth-street, between Broadway and Centre; and of Elm-street, between Pearl and Leonard streets. Maps showing the proposed change of grade can be seen at this office.

All persons interested in the foregoing mentioned change of grades, and having objections thereto, are requested to present the same in writing to the undersigned, at this office, on or before the 30th day of March, 1866.—Dated STREET DEPARTMENT, March 17, 1866.

CHARLES G. CORNELL, Street Commissioner, No. 237 Broadway.

THE COMMITTEE ON LANDS AND Places of the Board of Aldermen will meet on TUESDAY, the 20th instant, at 1 o'clock P. M., in the Chamber of their Board, to consider the propriety or expediency of making the City Hall Park an open, paved plaza, and affording additional carriage way in the surrounding streets, by removing the present sidewalks of the Park. All persons interested are requested to attend without further notice.

W. L. ELY,
L. R. RYERS,
W. H. GEDNEY, } Committee.

THE COMMITTEE ON STREET OPENINGS of the Board of Councilmen will meet on FRIDAY, March 23, at 2 o'clock P. M., in Room No. 16, City Hall. All parties interested in the opening of Lewis and other streets are invited to attend.

STEPHEN ROBERTS,
MICHAEL HALLORAN,
JAMES G. BRINKMAN, } Committee.

RAILROADS.

HUDSON RIVER AND HARLEM RAILROADS.

On and after MONDAY, Jan. 1, 1866, trains for Albany and Troy, connecting with Northern and Western trains, will leave New-York as follows:

7:30 A. M. via Hudson River Railroad, 30th-st. and 10th-av., connecting with trains for North and West.

10 A. M. via Hudson River Railroad, connecting with Northern and Western trains.

11 A. M. via Harlem Railroad, 26th-st. and 4th-av., connecting with trains for North and West.

3:45 P. M. via Hudson River Railroad, connecting at Troy with train for Montreal, with sleeping-cars attached.

4 P. M. via Harlem Railroad, connecting at Albany with Western trains, and at Troy with Rensselaer and Saratoga and Troy and Boston, for points North, with sleeping-cars attached.

6 P. M. via Hudson River Railroad: sleeping-cars from New-York to Buffalo and Suspension Bridge without change. Also, to Montreal via Saratoga. This train runs on Sundays.

10 P. M. via Hudson River Railroad; with sleeping-cars attached, connecting at Albany and Troy with morning trains for North and West.

WM. H. VANDERBILT, Vice-President.

ERIE RAILWAY.—TRAINS LEAVE DEPOT foot of Chambers-st., via Pavonia Ferry:

7:00 A. M.—Day Express, for Canandaigua, Rochester, Buffalo, Salamanca and West. Connects at Buffalo with Lake Shore and Grand Trunk Railways, and at Salamanca, with Atlantic and Great Western Railway.

8:30 A. M.—Milk and Way Train, daily, for Otisville.

10:00 A. M.—Express Mail, for Buffalo, Salamanca, and Dunkirk, connecting with Lake Shore and Atlantic and Great Western Railways.

4:00 P. M.—Way Train, for Port Jervis and Newburgh.

5:00 P. M.—Night Express for Canandaigua, Rochester, Buffalo, Salamanca and West.

6:00 P. M.—Lightning Express, Daily, for Canandaigua, Rochester, Buffalo, Salamanca, Dunkirk and West; connects at Buffalo with Lake Shore and Grand Trunk Railways, and at Salamanca, with Atlantic and Great Western Railway.

8:00 P. M.—Emigrant Train, daily, for Buffalo, Salamanca, Dunkirk and West.

HUGH RIDDLE, General Superintendent.
WM. R. BARR, Gen'l Pass. Agent, N. York.

RARITAN AND DELAWARE BAY RAILROAD.

On and after MONDAY, Feb. 12, 1866, the express train for Camden will be discontinued. The steamer will leave Pier No. 2, North River, daily, Sundays excepted, at 4 P. M., connecting with train for Manchester, Tom's River, Long Branch &c.

FREIGHT FOR CAMDEN and intermediate stations will be taken at LOW RATES on the 4 o'clock line, reaching Camden the next morning.

PERTH AMBOY & WOODBRIDGE R. R.

From foot of Cortlandt-st.

Leave New-York for Perth Amboy and Woodbridge—7 and 10 A. M., 2, 4:10 and 5:40 P. M.

Leave Amboy—7:10, 8:45 A. M., 12 M., 3:55, 6:05 P. M.

Leave Woodbridge—7:25, 8:55 A. M., 12:15, 4:10, 6:20 P. M.

NORTHERN RAILROAD OF NEW-JERSEY—Trains leave Jersey City for Piermont at 9:15 A. M., 12:25, 4:25, and 6:12 P. M. The 9:15 and 4:25 run through to Monsey. On Monday only for Piermont at 5:15 A. M. THOS. W. DEMAREST, Superintendent.

TICKET OFFICE NO. 254 BROADWAY—(Opposite City Hall)—For all railroad lines running West and South.

EXPRESSES.

OFFICE OF THE UNITED STATES EXPRESS COMPANY, }
No. 82 BROADWAY, NEW-YORK. }

THE UNITED STATES EXPRESS COMPANY have made arrangements to extend their express lines, on the 1st of June next, west of the Missouri River to Denver and the mining districts of Colorado, and they will be prepared on the 1st of July next to extend their lines to Utah, Montana and Idaho.

They will also be prepared to give through bills of lading by their dispatch line for heavy freight to the above-named points.

C. A. DE WITT, General Superintendent.

FEB. 14, 1866.

MEDICAL.

MADAME ROSS, MEDICAL CLAIRVOYANT,

No. 98 West 27th-st., Between 6th and 7th avs.

TO MARRIED AND SINGLE LADIES.

M. DESOMEAUX' PORTUGUESE FEMALE MONTHLY PILLS.—Every lady uses them. In all cases of stoppage or irregularity, from whatever cause, they are safe, healthy and certain, as well as pleasant, being sugar-coated. They are scientifically prepared of costly and rare extracts. The only reliable specific for ladies. They cannot fail in any case. Price $3 and $5 a box. Dr. A. M. MAURICEAU, Professor of Midwifery, Sole Agent and proprietor for upward of twenty years. Office No. 129 Liberty-st., or sent by mail in letter envelope.

THOUSANDS ARE TIMELY SAVED BY Dr. KENNEDY'S skillful and improved treatment.—Private diseases cured in the shortest possible time by Dr. KENNEDY & CO., No. 195 Elm-st., New-York, without the use of mercury, loss of time or change of diet. Dr. KENNEDY, from the hospitals of London, Paris and Edinburgh, is the discoverer of the only certain and reliable remedies for diseases of a private character. In 22 years' practice he has cured more cases of Secret Diseases and Wrong Treatment than all others combined. I can and will cure you in less time and at less expense than any other can or will, and those who have been robbed of their money and health, call; it will take but little money and time to restore you. If you have been unfortunate, call at once. By his special experience in this much neglected branch of medical science, he is enabled to guarantee a cure in the most complicated cases. Recent cases of Gonorrhœa or Syphilis cured in a few days, without change of diet or hindrance from business. Secondary Syphilis—the last vestige eradicated without the use of Mercury. Involuntary emissions stopped in a short time. Sufferers from impotency, or loss of sexual power, restored to full vigor in a few weeks, permanently and speedily cured by a new treatment. Persons at a distance failing to receive prompt treatment elsewhere, may get a permanent cure effected by writing a full diagnosis of their case, addressed to Dr. KENNEDY, No. 195 Elm-st. Call, send or write.

MANHOOD AND THE VIGOR OF YOUTH regained in three days by Dr. POWERS' ESSENCE OF LIFE. This wonderful agent restores manhood to the most shattered constitutions, radically curing Seminal Weakness, Sexual Debility, and Impediments to Marriage generally; Nervousness, Mental and Physical Incapacity, resulting from self-abuse, &c. The time required to cure the most inveterate case is one week. Failure is impossible. This life-restoring remedy should be taken by all about to marry, as its effects are permanent. Young man, are you subject to that soul and body destroying disease, secret habits? Dr. POWERS' Invigorating Essence is a never-failing cure. Sold by WALTER POWERS, M. D. No. 195 Elm-st. New-York.

ADVICE TO MARRIED LADIES.—MADAME RESTELL, Professor of Midwifery, having over thirty years' successful practice in this city, guarantees a safe and immediate removal of all special irregularities and obstructions in females, with or without medicine, at one interview, or by mail. Can be consulted with the utmost confidence at No. 162 Chambers-st. Her infallible French Female Pills, No. 1, price $1, or No. 2, which are four degrees stronger than No. 1, and can never fail, are safe and healthy, price $5, can be sent by mail. Also sold at the druggist's, No. 152 Greenwich-st., near Liberty-st. Madame RESTELL deems it her duty to caution ladies against imitators, who not only deprive them of their means, but their health.

AFFLICTED RESTORED—IGNORANCE EXPOSED—FALLACIES UNMASKED.—Highly important to both sexes, married or single, in health or disease. Dr. Larmont's Paris, London and New-York MEDICAL ADVISER AND MARRIAGE GUIDE. New edition; 400 pages. Nearly 100 anatomical illustrations upon debility, affections of the bladder and kidneys, sexual diseases, European hospital practice, the author's unequaled Paris and London treatment, &c. Sold by E. WARNER, No. 1 Vesey-st., $1 50, closely sealed, or consult the doctor, No. 173 Broadway, New-York, from 12 A. M. to 6 P. M.

"We concur with other papers in recommending Dr. LARMONT and his work."—*Courrier des Etats Unis, German die Reform, Staats Zeitung, Atlas, Medical Review, &c.*

A PHYSIOLOGICAL VIEW OF MARRIAGE—Containing nearly 300 pages and 150 fine plates and engravings of the anatomy of the sexual organs, in a state of health and disease, with a treatise on self-abuse, its deplorable consequences upon the mind and body, with the author's plan of treatment—the only rational and successful mode of cure, as shown by the report of cases treated. A truthful adviser of the married and those contemplating marriage, who entertain doubts of their physical condition. Sent, free of postage, to any address on receipt of 25 cents, in specie or postage stamps. Address Dr. LA CROIX, No. 31 Maiden-lane, Albany, N. Y.

THE MARRIED WOMAN'S PRIVATE MEDICAL COMPANION, by Dr. A. M. MAURICEAU, Professor of Diseases of Women, strictly intended for those whose health or circumstances forbid a too rapid increase of family. Price $1. Sold at his office No. 129 Liberty-st., New-York; or can be sent by mail, free of postage, to any part of the United States and Canada, by inclosing $1, and addressing Box No. 1,224 New-York City.

DR. POWERS' PERIODICAL DROP are designed for both married and single ladies, and are the very best thing known for the purpose, as they will bring on the monthly sickness in case of obstruction from any cause, and after all other remedies of the kind have been tried in vain. Expressly for obstinate cases. Warranted as represented in every respect, or the price will be refunded. Beware of imitations! Purchase directly of Dr. POWERS, No. 195 Elm-st., New-York.

DR. HUNTER'S BOTANIC CORDIAL restores the vigor of youth in four days. Gives health, strength and vigor to the most shattered system. $5 a bottle. No. 3 Division-st., New-York. the only place.

DR. LARMONT, NO. 173 BROADWAY.—Treatment from 12 to 6. "Medical Adviser and Marriage Guide," $1 50. Sold by E. WARNER, 1 Vesey-st.

MANY THOUSANDS ARE RUINED BEYOND REDEMPTION in this life by not calling on Dr. HUNTER sooner or later. He can cure the worst cases of secret disease in a shorter time than any other physician, or no pay taken. Skeptics and doubters will please call and read hundreds of reliable certificates of cures made within the last thirty years of almost hopeless cases, that had had the benefit of dozens of our most eminent physicians and surgeons. Dr. Hunter is in constant attendance from 8 in the morning till 9 at night, at his old office, No. 3 Division-st., New-York City, since 1834. Charges moderate, and a cure guaranteed. Separate rooms, so that the patient sees no one but the Doctor himself. His wonderful medical discovery, DR. HUNTER'S RED DROP, cures private diseases when regular treatment and all other remedies fail; cures without dieting or restriction in the habits of the patient; cures without the disgusting and sickening effects of all other remedies; cures in new cases in less than six hours; cures without the dreadful consequent effects of mercury, and possesses the peculiarly valuable property of annihilating the rank and poisonous taint that the blood is sure to absorb unless his remedy is used. This is what he claims for it, and what no other will accomplish. $2 per vial. Book, 50 pages, gratis, on nervous debility, causes of impotency, marasmus, &c.

NEW PUBLICATIONS.

"WIT AND HUMOR;" OR, ODDS AND ENDS.

Being selections from the inimitably humorous writings of Artemus Ward, Orpheus C. Kerr, Josh. Billings, Mark Train, Mrs. Partington, The Disbanded Volunteer, MacArone, Figaro, Petroleum, V. Nasby, and a host of other popular humorists.

This volume will also contain the celebrated "CONDENSED NOVELS,"

By "Bret," of the *Californian*; a number of "COMIC ROMANCES" by various writers, and a melange of Jokes, Jests, Squibs, Conundrums, Darkey Wit and Humorous Anecdotes, upon which to "LAUGH AND GROW FAT."

In one thick volume; price in cloth $1 50; in paper $1. Mailed to any address on receipt of price by J. R. SUTHERLAND & CO., Publishers, Philadelphia, Penn.

MATRIMONY.—WHY EVERY MAN SHOULD marry. Why every woman should marry. All may marry. To know, read ILLUSTRATED MARRIAGE GUIDE AND MEDICAL ADVISER, by WM. EARL, M. D.; 240 pages. Mailed everywhere in double wrapper, on receipt of 30 cents. Address 12 White-st., New-York.

REYNOLDS TURBINE WATER WHEELS

Great improvements and reduction in prices. The best, cheapest, most reliable, and awarded the gold medal for superiority. Circular sent free.

GEORGE TALLCOT, No. 170 Broadway, New-York. Late Tallcot & Underhill.

AMUSEMENTS.

ACADEMY OF MUSIC—TO-NIGHT.

ITALIAN OPERA.

DIRECTOR ... MAX MARETZEK

This establishment does not advertise in the New-York Herald.

TO-NIGHT—L'AFRICAINE.
THIS (Tuesday) EVENING, March 20, at 8,
BENEFIT OF SIGNOR BELLINI.
L'AFRICAINE.
L'AFRICAINE.

With its unsurpassed mise en scene and ORIGINAL GREAT CAST.

MME. CAROZZI-ZUCCHI. MME. ORTOLANI.

MAZZOLENI, BELLINI, ANTONUCCI, LORINI, BARILI, MULLER, &c.

In the course of the evening will be repeated Arditi's National Hymn, IL GARIBALDINO, Received with great enthusiasm on its first production.

CONDUCTOR ... CARL BERGMANN

TO-MORROW (Wednesday,) March 21, BENEFIT OF MISS KELLOGG.

Last night of THE STAR OF THE NORTH.

THURSDAY—OPERA IN BROOKLYN—DON GIOVANNI.

BENEFIT OF SIGNOR BELLINI.

FRIDAY—BENEFIT OF SIGNOR MASSIMILIANI. NORMA, NORMA. MME. CAROZZI-ZUCCHI for the last time in her unsurpassed role of Norma.

SATURDAY—GRAND MATINEE at 11. LAST TIME OF CRISPINO.

NOTICE TO SUBSCRIBERS.—Suscribers desirous of retaining their boxes and seats for all or any one of the Benefit Nights will please give notice at the Box-office.

The sale of reserved seats and tickets for any of the above-named performances will commence THIS MORNING at all the regular ticket offices.

ACADEMY OF MUSIC.

DIRECTOR ... MAX MARETZEK

TO-MORROW (Wednesday) EVENING, March 21,

BENEFIT OF MISS CLARA LOUISE KELLOGG.

LAST NIGHT OF THE STAR OF THE NORTH.

BROOKLYN ACADEMY OF MUSIC.

ITALIAN OPERA.

Director ... MAX MARETZEK

ON THURSDAY EVENING, MARCH 22,

BENEFIT OF SIGNOR BELLINI.

Mozart's immortal masterwork, DON GIOVANNI.

Reserved seats and tickets may now be had at the usual places.

MR. JEROME HOPKINS'

MR. JEROME HOPKINS' FOURTH APRES-MIDI CONCERT. (For the Brooklyn Orpheon Free School Fund,) Assisted by MME. CLARA BRINKERHOFF, Soprano, And other able talent, WALLACK'S THEATRE, WEDNESDAY Afternoon this week, March 21, at 3¼ o'clock P. M. TICKETS, $1.

Sold only by BEER & SCHIRMER, No. 701 Broadway.

BRADY'S GALLERY,

No. 785 Broadway, corner 10th-st. FREE TO THE PUBLIC.

GRAND EXHIBITION of an entirely new and attractive collection of WAR VIEWS and PORTRAITS OF REPRESENTATIVE MEN.

This collection comprises more than 3,000 pictures, several hundred specimen copies of which have just been placed on exhibition as above.

LADIES' FAIR WILL OPEN MONDAY EVENING, March 19, in the Hall on Broadway, corner of 23d-st., for the benefit of an African Mission School, lately established in our City.

AN ART GALLERY will be connected with the Fair, consisting of works by our best American artists. Also a picture by Van Schendel, 8x12 feet, generously loaned by Mr. Le Grand Lockwood, and exhibited for the first time in this country. Also a picture by Merle, exhibited for the first time in this country, kindly loaned by Mr. W. T. Blodgett from his private collection.

The Fair will continue several days.

KENSETT'S PICTURES—"MASSACHUSETTS COAST" and "HUDSON RIVER"—A pair of fine works by Mr. J. F. KENSETT, on exhibition for one week, from 9 A. M. to 6 P. M., at the rooms of S. P. AVERY, No. 694 Broadway, corner of 4th-st.

LECTURES.

GEORGE WM. CURTIS, ESQ.,

Will deliver his celebrated lecture entitled "THE GOOD FIGHT," in the 21st-st. Reformed Dutch Church, between 5th and 6th avs., Rev. Dr. A. R. THOMPSON, Pastor, WEDNESDAY EVENING, March 21, at 8 o'clock.

Tickets 50 cents—for sale at the door.

COPARTNERSHIP NOTICES

PHILADELPHIA, 3D MO. 12, 1866.

NOTICE OF DISSOLUTION.—THE COPARTNERSHIP heretofore existing between the undersigned, under the name of R. ESTERBROOK & CO., for the manufacture and sale of Steel Pens at Camden, Philadelphia, and New-York, is this day dissolved by mutual consent, RICHARD ESTERBROOK, having purchased the interests of JOEL CADBURY, Jr., and JAMES BROMSGROVE, is alone authorized to settle the business of the late firm.

RICHARD ESTERBROOK.
JOEL CADBURY, JR.
JAMES BROMSGROVE.

NOTICE OF COPARTNERSHIP.—The undersigned have this day formed a copartnership, under the firm name of R. ESTERBROOK & CO., for the manufacture of Steel Pens, at their works, Camden, N. J.

RICHARD ESTERBROOK.
RICHARD ESTERBROOK, JR.

PHILADELPHIA, 3D MO, 12, 1866.

PHILADELPHIA, 3D MO. 12, 1866.

FOR THE PURPOSE OF EXTENDING OUR FACILITIES for supplying the trade with our pens, and that we may give our undivided attention to our manufactory, we have availed ourselves of the agency of Messrs. Woolworth & Graham, to whom we commit the management of the mercantile department of our business, and it will hereafter be conducted by them under the name of R. ESTERBROOK & CO. Woolworth & Graham sole Agents at our warehouses, Nos. 42 John-st., New-York, and 403 Arch-st., Philadelphia.

R. ESTERBROOK & CO.

These celebrated pens, of genuine American manufacture, are for sale to the trade at our warehouses, Nos. 403 Arch-st., Philadelphia, and 42 John-st., New-York, and at retail by all booksellers, stationers and paper-dealers throughout the United States.

R. ESTERBROOK & CO.

WOOLWORTH & GRAHAM, Sole Agents.

DISSOLUTION.—THE COPARTNERSHIP heretofore existing between the undersigned, under the firm of ROBINSON & REDMAN, is this day dissolved by mutual consent.

MARCH 15, 1866.

THOMAS S. ROBINSON,
JOSEPH E. REDMAN.

THE FIRM HERETOFORE EXISTING under the name and style of MRS. VAN SYCKEL & VAN DERVEER, No. 210 West Washington Market, has this day dissolved, by mutual consent.

MARCH 17, 1866.

L. C. VAN SYCKEL,
H. R. VAN DERVEER.

THE UNDERSIGNED FORMED A COPARTNERSHIP on Jan. 1, 1866, under the style or firm of HARLAN & LAWTON, for the purpose of buying, selling and shipping coal at Nos. 70 and 71 Trinity Building, New-York.

WM. J. HARLAN,
WALTER LAWTON.

MR. W. F. BOYLE HAS THIS DAY withdrawn, by mutual consent, from the firm of JAMES WADSWORTH & CO.

NEW-YORK, Feb. 6, 1866.

CIGARS AND TOBACCO.

VIGELIUS & SEYMOUR,
COMMISSION MERCHANTS IN
LEAF TOBACCO,
Nos. 182 and 184 Pearl-st.

Leaf tobacco received on consignment.

LUMBER.

WELLS & BONTECOU,

OLD FIRM—BAKER, WELLS & CO.,

LUMBER DEALERS. WHOLESALE AND RETAIL. ESTABLISHED 1839.

YARDS—On West-st., between Houston and King and Houston and Clarkson sts., and Nos. 572 and 574 Washington-st.

STEAM MILL, WASHINGTON-ST., corner of CLARKSON.

YARD OFFICE, No. 344 WEST-ST.

DOWN-TOWN OFFICE, No. 47 SOUTH-ST.

The particular attention of SHIPPERS and COUNTRY DEALERS is invited to our large first-class and well-assorted STOCK of LUMBER, including SCANTLING, SHINGLES, YELLOW PINE FLOORING, STEP PLANK, &c.; &c.

FURNITURE.

CLOSING OUT SALE.

On account of retiring from business the subscriber offers his entire stock of first-class and fashionable furniture, consisting of parlor, library, dining-room and bed-room suites, at great reductions, as the whole stock must be sold before the 1st of May next. JULIUS DESSOIR, No. 543 Broadway.

FINE ROSEWOOD PARLOR FURNITURE.

Patent rosewood bedsteads, patent rosewood bureaus, (the handling of a number of keys avoided, one lock controlling four drawers.) Also, rosewood, black walnut, and oak library, dining-room and chamber furniture, at SPRINGMEYER BROS., (late J. H. Belter & Co.) No. 722 Broadway, (established 1844,) opposite the New-York Hotel. Factory 3d-av., corner of 76th-st.

FURNITURE MANUFACTURERS.

WEIL & BRAUNSDORF, Nos. 125 and 127 Rivington-st., New-York, through their long experience and superior facilities in manufacturing first-class furniture, are prepared to supply the public at large on as favorable terms as can be had in this City. All purchasers are respectfully invited to call as above. Furniture of every kind always on hand, in full suites or otherwise.

CABINET FURNITURE.—MY LARGE stock of furniture and upholstery goods is now offered at cost; in consequence of declining business, every article must be sold before the 1st of May, as I am positively giving up the business. Examine styles, quality, and prices at my Warerooms, at No. 536 Broadway—25 years. HENRY STONEY.

BEDROOM ENAMELED FURNITURE of warranted manufacture. Also, solid chestnut and walnut chamber suites, plain and ornamental. At H. F. FARRINGTON'S, No. 368 Canal-st., opposite Wooster. Established 1843.

ENAMELED FURNITURE.—THE LARGEST assortment of enameled, chestnut and solid walnut bedroom suites, in this city; also, matresses, spring beds, &c.; all goods warranted as represented; at the old established house. WARREN WARD & CO., 277 Canal.

HORSES AND CARRIAGES.

A HANDSOME FAMILY HORSE FOR SALE.—Dark bay, 16 hands, 7 years old, stylish and fully warranted kind and gentle. Also, coupe rockaway, nearly new, with pole and shafts, and new harness. Seen at CROPMON'S stables, 32d-st., near Lexington-av.

AMUSEMENTS.

WINTER GARDEN.

This establishment does not advertise in the New-York Herald.

TUESDAY, MARCH 20,
LAST NIGHT BUT TWO,
LAST NIGHT BUT TWO,
LAST NIGHT BUT TWO,
OF
EDWIN BOOTH
EDWIN BOOTH

in Sir Bulwer Lytton's play of RICHELIEU, RICHELIEU, presented with all its SPLENDOR OF SCENERY, and PERFECTION OF CAST.

Mr. Stuart begs to announce that in consequence of the enormous crowds who were unable at the last Matinees to witness MR. BOOTH'S HAMLET, it will be presented at the MATINEE OF TO-MORROW (Wednesday) AFTERNOON, March 21, being THE LAST HAMLET MATINEE which can be given. Ladies are urged, for their own comfort, to secure seats beforehand.

ON WEDNESDAY EVENING, MARCH 21, THE FIRST BENEFIT in New-York of MR. J. H. TAYLOR, when will be presented THE WILLOW COPSE. MISS MARY MITCHELL, who has kindly volunteered, will appear as Rose Fielding.

Seats secured six days in advance.

Doors open at 7; to commence at 7½.

WINTER GARDEN.

MR. J. NEWTON GOTTHOLD, Who made so successful a debut at the THEATRE ROYAL, DRURY LANE, LONDON, Will make his FIRST APPEARANCE In this City, at the above theatre, on WEDNESDAY EVENING, MARCH 28, As OTHELLO.

Seats may now be secured.

A CARD.

"BENEFIT OF THE DESTITUTE CHILDREN OF THE SOLDIERS AND SAILORS OF THE WAR."—Mr. EDWIN BOOTH, the distinguished tragedian, will, immediately preceding the close of his present engagement, give a matinee at the Winter Garden on the 24th of March, P. M., for the benefit of the institution in 58th-st. for the support of the destitute children of the soldiers and sailors who have been killed in our recent struggle for the Union. The play will be one in which Mr. Booth has not appeared during the present season. As the proceeds will be devoted to aid the ladies of the institution in their efforts to increase their building that they may meet the incessant demands made upon them for the support of the orphans of the brave men who have fallen upon the battle-field and the ocean, they trust that the citizens of New-York will respond in a spirit evincing their sense of this national obligation.

Mrs. CHAS. P. DALY, Vice-President.

Mrs. DAVID HOYT, Secretary.

Seats may now be secured at Hall's music-store, No. 543 Broadway.

A CARD.

Mr. J. H. TAYLOR begs to announce to the public and his friends that his FIRST BENEFIT IN NEW-YORK will take place on next WEDNESDAY EVENING, MARCH 21, at the WINTER GARDEN, when will be presented the drama of THE WILLOW COPSE.

Miss MARY MITCHELL (who has kindly volunteered) will appear as ROSE FIELDING.

Seats may now be secured.

OLYMPIC THEATRE.

Sole Lessee and Manageress ... Mrs. JOHN WOOD
Stage Manager ... J. H. SELWYN

This establishment does not advertise in the New-York Herald.

THIS (TUESDAY) EVENING, March 20, will be presented for the second time, the beautiful drama entitled GRANDFATHER WHITEHEAD.

Grandfather Whitehead ... Mr. J. H. STODDART.

After which the successful burlesque extravaganza, CINDERELLA E LA COMARE.

Mrs. JOHN WOOD AS CINDERELLA, THE BARON'S YOUNGEST DAUGHTER.

Mrs. George Fawcett Rowe as ... Clorinda.
Mr. J. H. Stoddart as ... Baron Balderdash.

RECEIVED NIGHTLY WITH SHOUTS OF LAUGHTER, but must shortly be withdrawn on account of previous arrangements for the production of OTHER NOVELTIES.

WEDNESDAY, March 21, BENEFIT OF MR. C. H. MORTON. THE FOUNDLING AND CINDERELLA.

FRIDAY, March 23, BENEFIT OF MISS ELIZA NEWTON.

In active preparation, in a style of magnificence and with a cast of characters far surpassing any previous effort at this theatre, A ROMANTIC SPECTACULAR DRAMA.

Doors open at 7¼; curtain rises at 7¾.

NEW BOWERY THEATRE.

Sole Proprietor ... Mr. J. W. LINGARD.

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Grand drama of DER FREISCHUTZ; OR, THE SEVENTH CHARMED BULLET. New drama of THE FOREST KEEPER; farce of TURN HIM OUT.

BRYANT'S—MECHANICS' HALL,

No. 472 Broadway, above Grand-st. LES MISERABLES.

Cruelty to Johnny. ... Power of Music.

LITTLE MAC as Jocko, THE MONKEY.

La Sonnambula. ... The Hanlon Brothers.

THE LADY OF LYONS

Messrs. Reed, Seymour, Emmet, Prendergast, Hogan, Morrison, Savori, Fowler, Garatagua, Clarenton, Greer. LITTLE MAC, NEIL AND DAN BRYANT.

Parquette, 50 cts; Family Circle 30 cts. Commence at 7¾.

MISCELLANEOUS.

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THE HIGHEST CASH PRICES paid for OLD NEWSPAPERS of every description, old PAMPHLETS of every kind, old BLANK BOOKS and LEDGERS that are written full, and all kinds of WASTE PAPER from bankers, insurance companies, brokers, patent medicine depots, printing offices, bookbinders, public and private libraries, hotels, steamboats, railroad companies, express offices, &c.

STOCKWELL & EMERSON, No. 25 Ann-st.

ANOTHER VETERAN OF THE WAR OF 1812 GONE.—The Veterans of the War of 1812 will meet on WEDNESDAY, the 22d inst., at 12½ o'clock, in uniform, with the usual badge of mourning, crape on left arm and cockade on hat, to attend the funeral of our deceased brother-soldier, Ensign NATHANIEL HILER, from his late residence, No. 119 Grand-st., Williamsburgh. Preparations will be made to convey all the Veterans to our burial place at Cypress Hill.

H. RAYMOND, Brig.-Gen.
ABRAHAM DALLY, Col.
J. M. PHYFE, Adjt.

N. B.—A detachment of the Forty-seventh Regiment, N. G., (of which he was Armorer,) will act as a Guard of Honor.

METALS.—TIN PLATES AND SHEET IRON OF every description. Also, zinc, copper, wire, block tin, solder, &c., for sale by A. A. THOMPSON & CO., Nos. 215 and 228 Water-st.

I HAVE ON HAND AND MAKE TO ORDER at the shortest notice, all kinds of furniture at manufacturer's prices. J. T. C. PICKHARD, No. 167 Bleecker-st.; factory, Nos. 203 and 205 Sullivan-st.

RAILROAD CARS FOR SALE.—A NUMBER of one and two-horse cars for sale cheap. Apply at office of Second-av. Railroad Company, corner 63d-st.

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WELLAND HOUSE HOTEL,

ST. CATHARINES, CANADA WEST.

For sale, on favorable terms, one-third interest in the above-mentioned first-class hotel, and its furniture.

This house, which was designed expressly for the business, is substantially built and in good repair, and enjoys a fair share of the travel. Its original cost was upward of $60,000, and it has lately been improved at considerable outlay, by the erection of baths connected with it, into which the mineral waters of the place have been introduced.

To any person who understands and wishes to engage in the hotel business, and who would take the active superintendence of the house, this offers an excellent opportunity of embarking in a profitable business, as year by year the curative nature of the waters are becoming more widely known, and the business will naturally increase and extend itself.

For particulars apply to

Messrs. BELL & GUNDRY, Agents Bank of Montreal, No. 32 Pine-st., New-York,

R. REID, Esq., Agent Bank of Montreal, No. 44 La Salle-st., Chicago,

Or the Managers of the Bank of Montreal, at Hamilton or St. Catharines, Canada West.

WANTED—IMMEDIATELY, A STEADY, smart, business young man, an American Protestant preferred, to take a full interest as partner in a first-class good-paying cash business; duties light. Such a man who wants a safe business, with $1,500 cash, will meet with an opportunity rare to be found. To save trouble, none without the above amount, and no agents, need apply. Call, for particulars, for one week, at No. 88 4th-av., in the General Agency Office, near 11th-st., from 10 A. M. to 6 P. M.

$20,000.—TO HATTERS—FOR SALE—THE lease, stock, fixtures and goodwill of a long-established and well-known hat, cap, fur, straw goods and gents' furnishing goods business. Has paid $10,000 a year for 15 years. One hour from New-York. A splendid business opportunity. RIDER & FORD, No. 71 Broadway, Room No. 52.

FOOTE'S PATENT FENCE AND HOUSE COMBINED—A simple and cheap portable board fence for farm use in Summer. In the Winter, the panels, doubled together, will form an endless variety of symmetrical, house-form, rain-proof shelters for sheep, cattle and produce, huts, shanties, barracks, a sliding gate, &c. Rights for sale. Call and see the model at the Atlantic Hotel, Chatham-square, New-York.

ANY ONE DESIROUS TO ENTER INTO the manufacturing of a staple article, with a large sale and paying one hundred per cent., can learn particulars by calling on S. B. WARD, No. 17 Cortlandt-st.

MANUFACTURING BUSINESS FOR SALE—With a splendid run of custom. J. C. BAILEY, corner Bowery and 9th-st.

MACHINERY.

ERICSSON'S CALORIC ENGINES.—CLUTE BRO'S celebrated portable and stationary high and low pressure steam engines, grist and saw mills; pumps of every description, cotton gins, shafting, gearing, pulleys, &c.; jobbing of all kinds.

JAMES A. ROBINSON, No. 164 Duane-st., corner Hudson-st., New-York.

FOR SALE—AT A LOW FIGURE TWO SHODDY machines and dryer, shafting, pullies, belts, &c., all in perfect working order; steam power can be had if desired; also room. Address SPRINGMEYER BROS., No. 722 Broadway, New-York.

WANTED—A GOOD CEMENT DRAIN TILE machine. Address, by note, GEO. H. BROWN, care of Messrs. Brown Brothers & Co., No. 56 Wall-st.

AMUSEMENTS.

BARNUM'S AMERICAN MUSEUM,

Broadway, between Spring and Prince-sts.

This establishment does not advertise in the New-York Herald.

THE AFTERNOON PERFORMANCE HEREAFTER WILL COMMENCE AT 2 O'CLOCK.

EVERY AFTERNOON AT 2, EVENING AT 7¾, the Scriptural, Historical Drama,

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MOSES, OR ISRAEL IN EGYPT, founded on Ingraham's sacred work, called THE PILLAR OF FIRE.

THE GORGEOUS SCENERY, COSTUMES AND APPOINTMENTS.

THE MOVING PANORAMA OF THE NILE, felicitously representing the great EGYPTIAN RIVER under the various lights of the Sun, Moon and Twilight.

Together with the wonderful MECHANICAL ILLUSIONS AND EFFECTS have never been equalled for BEAUTY AND PERFECTION OF DETAIL.

WILLIAM H. HARRISON ... Extemporaneous Singer.

OPEN DAILY FROM SUNRISE UNTIL 10 P. M.

EXTRAORDINARY LIVING WONDERS,

TWO WILD AUSTRALIAN CHILDREN,

Captured two years ago by a party of Gold Hunters. They are singular and pleasing in appearance, and from their natural proclivities are supposed to have belonged to a RACE OF CANNIBALS.

TOWERING GIANTS AND DIMINUTIVE DWARFS.

BEAUTIFUL CIRCASSIAN GIRLS.

AN ALBINO BOY. A LEARNED SEAL.

SPLENDID AND ENTERTAINING COSMORAMAS.

INGENIOUS GLASS BLOWERS.

WONDERFUL HAPPY FAMILY.

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GEOLOGICAL, CONCHOLOGICAL AND NUMISMATIC COLLECTION, SPECIMENS OF NATURAL HISTORY, WAX STATUARY, PAINTINGS, HISTORICAL RELICS, &c.

Admission, 30 cents. Children under ten, 15 cents.

BROADWAY THEATRE—BEGINS AT 7¾.

THRONGED AUDIENCES.

LAST NIGHTS of the great comedian, MR. JOHN E. OWENS, as BUTTERBY and OLD SPRUGGINS.

Beginning at 7¾ with Tom Taylor's great comedy, VICTIMS.

Joshua Butterby ... Mr. JOHN E. OWENS.

SUPPORTED BY A SPLENDID CAST.

After which, at 9¾, the celebrated farce of FORTY WINKS.

Horatio Spruggins ... Mr. JOHN E. OWENS.

On SATURDAY AFTERNOON next, at 1½ o'clock, A LAST MATINEE OF VICTIMS.

On MONDAY, March 26, Mr. OWENS IN A NEW BILL.

In preparation for EASTER HOLIDAYS several beautiful attractions.

ADMISSION, FIFTY CENTS.

NEW-YORK CIRCUS—HIPPOTHEATRON

14th-st., opposite the Academy of Music.

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MATINEES WEDNESDAY and SATURDAY at 2½.

EVERY NIGHT AT 8.

First week of ROBINSON, In his great original TROTTING HORSEMANSHIP!

One of the most astounding and daring achievements ever witnessed in the arena.

Performances varied at every entertainment.

GREATEST TROUPE IN EXISTENCE! FIRST ARTISTS OF THE AGE!

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Superior advantages in English, Classics, Sciences, Commercial, French, German, Piano, Music and Painting. Lewis' gymnastics for ladies, and military drill for gents. Eighteen instructors. Term opens April 16.

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W. H. ARTHUR & CO., No. 39 Nassau-st., New-York, or BENJAMIN MASON, Yonkers

A GOOD HANDWRITING GUARANTEED in ten lessons; practical instruction in double-entry book-keeping, arithmetic, &c., at Goldsmith's Commercial Institute, No. 756 Broadway. Rooms for private instruction. Twenty-five years established. Call for circulars.

SEDGWICK INSTITUTE—GREAT BARRINGTON, Mass.—A boarding-school for 20 boys; pure mountain air; home influences and comforts, and thorough instruction. The next session will commence April 2.

S. P. PRATT, A. M., Principal.

IRVING INSTITUTE—TARRYTOWN, N. Y.—A boarding school for boys. The fifty-sixth semi-annual session will commence WEDNESDAY, Nov. 1. For circulars apply to the principal,

D. S. ROWE, A. M.

MOUNT WASHINGTON COLLEGIATE INSTITUTE, No. 126 West 4th-st., corner of Macdougal, on Washington Square, (Classical, Mathematical, Foreign Languages, Commercial and Primary,) GEO. W. CLARKE, A. M., Rector.

AT PAINE'S GENTLEMEN ARE FULLY qualified for the counting-room, ladies to manage a business and to correspond; 12 strictly private rooms, for day or evening, No. 62 Bowery. Brooklyn College removed to No. 349 Fulton-st., opposite City Hall.

WANTED TO PURCHASE—A PARTIAL interest in a well-established school in New-York or Brooklyn or vicinity. Parties desirous of disposing of well located schools, will find it to their interest to address KAPPA, Box No. 130 *Times* Office.

$30 UNDER 10, $40 UNDER 12, $50 UNDER 14, per term, for board and English branches, with use of books, washing, &c.; piano, $10; healthy location; excellent care of young children. Address ABEL WHITLOCK, Danbury, Conn.

MISS STILLMAN'S BOARDING AND DAY school for young ladies and misses, No. 278 ADELPHI-ST., BROOKLYN, will commence its tenth semi-annual session Feb. 5. Number limited.

FEMALE COLLEGE, BORDENTOWN, N. J.—A few vacancies for the summer term, commencing April 18. For catalogues containing terms, &c., address REV. J. H. BRAKELEY, President.

MILITARY BOARDING-SCHOOL—White Plains, N. Y., 23½ miles from the City.

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TEACHERS.

AN EDUCATED AMERICAN LADY DESIRES some employment by which she may support herself and two little girls, at home; is well qualified to teach English, French, Spanish, painting and embroidery; would copy manuscript or translate. Failing to obtain home employment, any occupation in which a lady might engage would be acceptable. The best of reference given. Address P. M. F., New-York Post-office

AN EXPERIENCED AND SUCCESSFUL teacher, now a student of theology, wishes to teach an hour or two a day in a private family or school. Address THEOLOGY, Box No. 116 *Times* Office.

LEGAL NOTICES.

SUPREME COURT.—IN THE MATTER OF the application of the Mayor, Aldermen and Commonalty of the City of New-York, relative to the widening and extending of Ann-street and Fulton-street, in the City of New-York.

Pursuant to statutes in such case made and provided, the Mayor, Aldermen and Commonalty of the City of New-York, hereby give notice, that they intend to apply to the Supreme Court of the State of New-York, at a Special Term of said Court, to be held at the City Hall, in the City of New-York, on SATURDAY, the twenty-fourth day of March, one thousand eight hundred and sixty-six, at the opening of the Court on that day, or as soon thereafter as counsel can be heard, for the appointment of Commissioners of Estimate and Assessment in the above-entitled matter; that the nature and extent of the improvement hereby intended, is the widening and extending of Ann-street and Fulton-street, in said City, in manner following, that is to say: on the northerly side of Ann-street, between Park-row and William-street, and on both sides of Ann-street, between William-street and Gold-street; also, on both sides of Fulton-street, between William-street and Ryder's alley; also, on the southerly side of Fulton-street, between Ryder's alley and Water-street, and on the northerly side of Fulton-street, between Front-street and South-street, in the City of New-York, as laid down and delineated on a certain map made by Edward Boyle, City Surveyor, on file in the office of the Clerk of the Common Council, of the City of New-York.

DATED NEW-YORK, February 27, 1866.

RICHARD O'GORMAN, Counsel to the Corporation.

SUPREME COURT.—MANUEL LOPEZ, plaintiff, against MIGUEL ARROYO, defendant.—Summons for relief—Complaint not served.—To the defendant: You are hereby summoned and required to answer the complaint in this action, which will be filed in the office of the Clerk of the City and County of New-York, at the City Hall in said City, and to serve a copy of your answer to the said complaint on the subscribers, at their office, No. 170 Broadway, in said city, within twenty days after the service of this summons on you, exclusive of the day of such service; and if you fail to answer the said complaint within the time aforesaid, the plaintiff in this action will apply to the Court for the relief demanded in the complaint.

MARSH, COE & WALLIS, Pl'ffs Att'ys, No. 170 Broadway.

DATED FEB. 8, 1866.

The complaint in this action was filed with the Clerk of the City and County of New-York, on the 12th day of February, 1866.

MARSH, COE & WALLIS, Plaintiff's Attorneys.

[U. S. Int. Rev. Stamp, 50c. cancelled.]

feb13-law6wTu*

SUPREME COURT—CITY AND COUNTY OF NEW-YORK.—DAVID GROESBECK, Assignee in trust for creditors of Charles Graham & Co., against CHARLES GRAHAM, GEORGE W. VAN LOAN and others. This action being brought to close the assignment made by the firm of Charles Graham & Co. to plaintiff, in trust for creditors. Notice is now given, pursuant to the decretal order therein entered on the fifth day of March inst., that all creditors of the firm of Charles Graham & Co., and of Charles Graham, are required to present their claims against those parties, by filing the same, duly verified, with the undersigned Referee, at his office, No. 63 Wall-street, in the city of New-York, on or before the second day of April next; and that in default of presenting and proving such claims, they will be barred of the benefit of said assignment and order, and of the final judgment in said action.—Dated New-York, March 6, 1866.

DANIEL P. INGRAHAM, Jr., Referee, No. 63 Wall-st., New-York City.

MAN & PARSONS, Att'ys, 64 Wall-st.

IN PURSUANCE OF AN ORDER OF ROSWELL C. BRAINARD, Esq., Surrogate of the County of Kings, notice is hereby given, according to law, to all persons having claims against GERARD C. LESTER, late of the City of Brooklyn, deceased, that they are required to exhibit the same, with the vouchers thereof to the subscriber at his office, No. 49 West-st., in the City of New-York, on or before the twentieth day of May next. Dated Nov. 13, 1865.

n14-law6mTu* JOSEPH H. LESTER, Administrator

IN PURSUANCE OF AN ORDER OF THE Surrogate of the County of New-York, notice is hereby given to all persons having claims against HENRY STEVENS, late of the City of New-York, deceased, to present the same with vouchers thereof to the subscribers, at the residence of Augustus Stevens, No. 703 Greenwich-st., on or before the 6th day of June, 1866, next. Dated New-York, the 5th day of December, 1865.

AUGUSTUS STEVENS,
EDMUND STEVENS, } Executors.

AMUSEMENTS.

WALLACK'S.

Proprietor and Manager ... Mr. LESTER WALLACK.

This establishment does not advertise in the New-York Herald.

Open at 7½ ... Begins at 8.

TUESDAY, SECOND TIME

This season, the beautiful five-act play, by Planché, THE KNIGHTS OF THE ROUND TABLE.

Produced with appropriate scenery, costumes and appointments and novel cast, in which will appear Messrs. Charles Fisher, Frederick Robinson, Mark Smith, J. G. Williamson, Norton, B. T. Ringgold, Pope, Miss Mary Gannon, Miss Madeline Henriques, Miss Green and Miss Carman.

WEDNESDAY—BENEFIT OF MRS. CLARA JENNINGS.

Never acted here, the highly interesting drama of SECOND LOVE, to be produced with beautiful scenery, appropriate costume, and attractive distribution. Concluding with (first time this season) the favorite afterpiece, HIGH LIFE BELOW STAIRS.

THURSDAY—MARRIED LIFE and the ETON BOY.

FRIDAY—BENEFIT OF MR. GEO. HOLLAND, two pieces never acted here, the celebrated Comedy of PAUL PRY and the laughable farce DEAF AS A POST.

SATURDAY—THE RENT DAY and the ETON BOY.

The highly attractive new Comedy SOCIETY, will shortly be repeated.

WALLACK'S.

BENEFIT of MR. GEORGE HOLLAND FRIDAY, MARCH 23, (Never acted here,) The famous Comedy of PAUL PRY, With Appropriate Scenery, Elegant Appointments and Capital Cast.

Concluding with (first time) the celebrated afterpiece, DEAF AS A POST.

BOX BOOK NOW OPEN.

WALLACK'S.

BENEFIT OF MRS. CLARA JENNINGS, WEDNESDAY, MARCH 21.

NEVER ACTED HERE.

The highly interesting Drama (with beautiful scenery, correct costumes, and fine distribution,) entitled SECOND LOVE, and first time this season the favorite afterpiece HIGH LIFE BELOW STAIRS.

BOX BOOK NOW OPEN.

NIBLO'S GARDEN.

Lessee and Manager ... WM. WHEATLEY

This establishment does not advertise in the New-York Herald.

Fifth week of the brilliant engagement of the charming young comedienne, Miss MAGGIE MITCHELL, who will appear in her celebrated role of MARIE, in the interesting drama, translated and adapted expressly for her by the author of Fanchon, called the PEARL OF SAVOY; OR, THE MOTHER'S PRAYER, which must be withdrawn on Saturday, March 24, TO GIVE PLACE TO OTHER ATTRACTIONS.

The piece will be produced with BEAUTIFUL SCENERY, ELEGANT COSTUMES, RICH APPOINTMENTS, AND A FULL CHORUS.

Mr. J. W. Collier, D. E. Ralton, J. G. Burnett, E. Lamb, E. S. Holmes, W. H. Danvers, E. Barry, Neel Nolan, Rendle, Misses Mary Wells, Maeder, H. Chapman, Whitlock, Cave, &c.

Act 1st—THE PRAYER.
Act 2d—THE TRIUMPH.
Act 3d—THE ABDUCTION.
Act 4th—DESPAIR.
Act 5th—HAPPINESS.

On Monday, March 26, MISS MAGGIE MITCHELL will appear for the FIRST TIME DURING THE PRESENT ENGAGEMENT, as AMRY, in the five-act drama entitled LITTLE BAREFOOT.

Admission, 75 cents; Reserved Seats, $1; Orchestra Chairs, $1 50; Seats in Dress Circle private boxes, $1 50; Family Circle, (entrance on Crosby-st.,) 50 cents. Private Boxes, $8, $9, $10.

SEATS SECURED SIX DAYS IN ADVANCE.

WOOD'S THEATRE.—ADMISSION 50 CENTS.

Broadway, opposite St. Nicholas Hotel.

FIFTH WEEK OF THE BRILLIANT ENGAGEMENT OF MISS LUCILLE WESTERN, supported by Mr. BARTON HILL and a superior CORPS DRAMATIQUE.

EVERY EVENING (excepting Wednesday) and WEDNESDAY MATINEE, EAST LYNNE; OR, THE ELOPEMENT, supported in part by the following powerful cast:

LADY ISABEL AND MADAME VINE ... LUCILLE WESTERN

Sir Francis Levison, Mr. Barton Hill; Archibald Carlyle, Mr. W. Leffingwell; Mount Severn, Welsh Edwards; Barbara Hare, Miss Henrietta Osborne; Miss Corney, Mrs E. Wright; other characters by Messrs. Keene, Goodman, James; Mesdames Tyrell, Seidler, Browning, &c., &c.

WEDNESDAY EVENING, March 21, Miss WESTERN will appear as DON CÆSAR DE BAZAN.

FOX'S OLD BOWERY THEATRE.

Lessee, Director and Manager ... G. L. FOX

This establishment does not advertise in the New-York Herald.

EVERY NIGHT, AND SATURDAY AFTERNOON, The new Comic Pantomime, JACK AND GILL WENT UP THE HILL.

Mr. G. L. FOX AS THE INIMITABLE CLOWN.

Mr. C. K. Fox ... as ... Pantaloon

TWO FAVORITE PIECES.

W. H. Whalley. Lewis Mestayer, Miss S. Steele.

SINGING CLASSES—THE THIRD QUARTER of MR. THOMSON'S classes for ladies and gentlemen in reading music at sight, will commence at his residence No. 139 8th-st., near Broadway, on WEDNESDAY EVENING, March 21. All who are interested are invited first evening.

DO YOU WEAR SPECTACLES? ARE YOU NEAR-SIGHTED? Have you Weak Eyes, or Sore Eyes, or any Disease of the Eye? Write J. Ball & Co., 128 Nassau St., (Box 701 P. O.,) N. Y., for their TREATISE ON THE EYE. Mailed free to any address.

"They are responsible men incapable of intentional deception or imposition."

MUSICAL.

THE WEBER PIANO-FORTE

is called the best instrument made by all the leading musicians of this city and elsewhere. It is pronounced by the National Piano-forte Association, after a trial in their rooms with the first manufacturers of this country, eminently the *best piano in America*, and used by the Conservatory of Music and other high music schools, altogether because of their immense power, equality, sweetness and brilliancy of tone, elastic touch and great durability. Warerooms No. 429 Broome-st., near Broadway.

BEST PIANOS, CHORAL ORGANS and melodeons. Prices reduced. Some fine second-hand pianos at great bargains. Old pianos taken in exchange for new ones. Pianos and organs to let, and rent applied on purchase. Pianos tuned and repaired.

T. S. BERRY, No. 593 Broadway, Between Prince and Houston sts.

STEINWAY & SONS' GRAND, SQUARE AND UPRIGHT PIANOFORTES

Have taken thirty-two First Premiums Gold and Silver Medals, at the principal fairs held in this country within the last ten years, and in addition thereto they were awarded a First Prize Medal at the Great International Exhibition in London, 1862, in competition with 269 Pianos from all parts of the world.

That the great superiority of these instruments is now universally conceded is abundantly proven by the fact that Messrs. Steinway's "scales, improvements and peculiarities of construction" have been copied by the great majority of the manufacturers of both hemispheres (as closely as could be done without infringement of patent rights) and that their instruments are used by the most eminent pianists of Europe and America, who prefer them for their own public and private use, whenever accessible.

STEINWAY & SONS direct special attention to their PATENT AGRAFFE ARRANGEMENT, which, having been practically tested in all their Grand and highest priced Square Pianos, and admitted to be one of the greatest improvements of modern times, will hereafter be introduced in every piano manufactured by them without increase of cost to the purchaser, in order that all their patrons may reap its benefit.

STEINWAY & SONS' PIANOS are the only American instruments exported to Europe in large numbers, and used in European concert rooms.

WAREROOMS, Nos. 71 & 73 EAST FOURTEENTH-STREET, between Union-square and Irving-place, New-York.

PIANOS TO LET, Or sold on installment. *A fine assortment.*

J. M. PELTON, NO. 841 Broadway, New-York, General Depot of the PELOUBET ORGANS AND MELODEONS.

HAZELTON BROTHERS,

PIANO-FORTE MANUFACTURERS, No. 99 Prince-st., New-York, near Broadway.

THE SONG OF THE TIMES.—PROTECT THE FREEDMEN—By J. P. WEBSTER, author of "Get out of Mexico," "Our Neutral Friend," &c. This beautiful and effective song and chorus, although before the public but one week, has already reached its tenth edition. Copies mailed, prepaid, on receipt of 30 cents, by OLIVER DITSON & CO., Boston. For sale by music-dealers everywhere.

HAINES BROS.' SUPERIOR OVERSTRUNG PIANOFORTES.—Dealers and the public will find it to their advantage to call and see for themselves at our large and extensive warerooms, Nos. 356, 358, 360, 362, 364, 366, 368, 370, 372 2d-av., both corners of 21st-st.

UNITED PIANO-FORTE MAKERS, No. 84 Walker-st., New-York.

Our company being composed entirely of superior workmen, we are enabled to produce a more perfect Piano-forte than any other house.

Every instrument guaranteed for five years.

WANTED—BY A YOUNG LADY, A SITUATION as soprano singer in a C choir; this lady would also go as visiting governess. Address No. 236 Ewen-st., between Powers and Ainslie sts., Williamsburgh, for one week.

ORGANS.—W. H. DAVIS, CHURCH ORGAN builder, established 25 years, offers for sale one very sweet-toned organ of 8 stops; one organ, 12 stops; one second-hand, two rows of keys, 18 stops; one of 5 stops; warranted in perfect order. Factory, 40 Downing-st.

PIANOS, &C.—SELLING OFF, AND SELLING out, to close the business, pianos, stools, paintings, mirrors, sewing-machines, cigars, blank books, wallets, watches, jewelry, albums, desk, elegant curtains, &c., at bargains. Lofts to let. I. F. JONES, No. 52 Ann-st.

FOR SALE—A CHICKERING SEVEN-OCTAVE rosewood PIANO, four round corners, rich mouldings all around, carved legs, sliding desk, $450. Apply to-day. Mrs. BENJAMIN, No. 139 5th-st., between 1st and 2d-avs.

PIANO-FORTES AT GREAT REDUCTION IN PRICES UNTIL MAY 1.—One second-hand, $40; one grand, $250; one four-round seven-octave, every modern improvement, in perfect order, at a bargain. CUMMINGS & JENNYS, No. 726 Broadway.

PIANOS—WITH ALL THE RECENT IMPROVEMENTS, fully warranted for five years, at greatly reduced prices, at STEEDMAN'S, No. 79 West 14th-st. Second-hand taken in exchange and for sale.

CHAMBERS & GABLER, NO. 14 6TH-ST., are manufacturing a NEW UPRIGHT PIANO; also Square Pianos, to which they invite the special attention of DEALERS. Send for a circular.

THE CELEBRATED PIANOS OF J. & C. FISCHER, the best and most reliable Pianos made, Agraffe, overstrung, and all improvements. Nos. 241 to 249 28th-st., near 9th-av.

A. H. GALE & CO., PIANO-FORTES. Manufactory and Warerooms, No. 107 East 12th-st., New-York.

TWO DAYS LATER FROM EUROPE.

ARRIVAL OF THE PERUVIAN AT PORTLAND.

Opposition to the Reform Bill in England.

The Church Rates Bill Passed to a Second Reading in the House of Commons.

A CRISIS IMMINENT IN GERMANY.

Probability of War Between Prussia and Austria.

FINANCIAL AND COMMERCIAL INTELLIGENCE.

PORTLAND, Maine, Monday, March 19.

The steamship *Peruvian*, which left Liverpool at 2 P.M. of the 8th, and Londonderry 9th, arrived at this port at 6:30 this evening.

The steamship *Moravian*, from Portland, arrived at Liverpool early on the morning of the 8th.

The steamship *City of Baltimore*, from New-York, arrived off Crookhaven early on the morning of the 8th.

The steamship *Bremen*, from New-York, arrived at Southampton on the night of the 7th.

The Cunard Company announce that with the steamer *Tripoli*, on the 20th of March, they will temporarily resume the weekly line of emigrant vessels from Liverpool to New-York.

Great Britain.

THE REFORM BILL.

The *Times* of March 9 says: We have reason to believe that at the meeting of the Conservative party, held yesterday at the house of the Marquis of SALISBURY, it was resolved that no opposition should be offered to the introduction of the Reform Bill on on Monday next; but during the interval between its introduction and the second reading, which, it was understood, would be fixed for after Easter, the party would consider what course should be pursued, and Lord DERBY would take another opportunity of meeting his supporters.

The *Post* asserts that public feeling is dead about reform.

The *Times* continues to protest against dealing with Parliamentary Reform, and leaving untouched small sores.

THE RUMORED MINISTERIAL CHANGES.

The *Morning Post* contradicts its announcement that DISRAELI had proclaimed among his friends his readiness to assume the Government with the obligation of bringing in the Reform Bill.

The *Post* now says that DISRAELI made no such announcement.

THE IRISH CHURCH.

Sir JOHN GRAY's motion for the Irish Church has been fixed for Tuesday.

The resolution he proposes is that the Church establishment in Ireland is a grievous wrong to the people of that country, and its continued maintenance prevents them from having confidence in the justice or in the wisdom of the Imperial Parliament.

AMERICAN SECURITIES.

SATTERTHWAIT's Circular of the evening of the 7th says: "The dealings in American securities have been on a somewhat limited scale. Toward the close of last week there was a strong disposition to buy five-twenty bonds, and on Saturday, prior to the *Australasian's* news, they were bought up to 71, but have since reacted on sales to realize profits, closing at 70¾. Railway shares have sympathized in the downward movement, Illinois closing at 77¾@78¼, and Eries 53¾@54¼."

THE FENIAN AGITATION.

The *Owl* says: "The American Government has intimated that it is in possession of full information as to the movements of the Fenians in the United States, and will not permit any acts obnoxious to the British Government, of which its laws can take cognizance."

Fenian affairs are unchanged. Unimportant arrests continue.

The Dublin *Evening Mail* says the number of prisoners committed in Dublin since the suspension of the *habeas corpus* is 173.

The total number of persons arrested under the suspension of the *Habeas Corpus* Act up to the 6th inst. is 176, of whom 42 are Irish-Americans. Four have been discharged.

THE BILL TO ABOLISH CHURCH RATES.

In the House of Commons, on the 7th, the annual bill for the abolition of church rates was debated. Messrs. GLADSTONE and BRIGHT spoke in favor of the question being compromised in some way or other.

The bill was passed to a second reading by 285 to 252. The announcement of the vote was received with loud cheering. It is thought that the vote indicates an early solution of the question, although the present bill will doubtless be rejected by the House of Lords, as usual.

THE ATLANTIC CABLE.

A London dispatch of the 9th says that the Atlantic Telegraph meeting unanimously approved the arrangements of the directors for laying the cable this year.

France.

The French Government has issued a circular to all the maritime powers of Europe, requesting their support of their exhibition of fishing-boats and implements, to be held near Bordeaux, next September.

The Paris Bourse was unsettled. Rentes 69f., 67c.

Austria and Prussia.

The London *Owl* says: "A German crisis is imminent. The Prussian Government has dispatched to Vienna a summons in respect to Holstein, which is as peremptory in its tone as its demands. BISMARCK is ready to face a war and its consequences. Austria must at once take up the gauntlet or yield to the pretensions of Prussia in a somewhat ignominious manner.

The Principalities.

The *Moniteur* says a majority of the plenipotentiaries have already been invested with the necessary powers to attend the Conference relative to the principalities about to be held at Paris.

The Turkish corps of observation on the Danube is stated at over 22,000. The reserve corps, 18,000 men, is to be stationed at Schumla.

It is stated that Austria will probably take precautionary military measures in Transylvania and Bukowina.

India.

The Bombay mail of Feb. 3 is received. The details are unimportant.

BOMBAY, Friday, March 2.

Cotton declining; shipments of the week 14,000 bales. Exchange, 2s. 3½d.

CALCUTTA, Thursday, March 1.

Exchange 2s. 3½d.

CANTON, Thursday, Feb. 15.

Tea unchanged. Exchange 4s. 7½d.

SHANGHAI, Friday, Feb. 9.

Tea unchanged. Silk inactive. Exchange 6s. 4½d.

FINANCIAL AND COMMERCIAL.

LONDON MONEY MARKET.

Consols are steady, but rather firmer. Discount is unchanged. The Bank rate remains at 7.

ENGLISH FUNDS.

The *Times* says English funds continue weak, the market being influenced at present by results of the difficulties of the Joint Stock discount Company, with regard to which nothing further of a definite character has yet transpired. The Discount demand at the Bank continues heavy, all other establishments being disposed to restrict their transactions within the most cautious limits.

BRITISH EXPORTS.

Official returns of British exports for January show an increase of twenty-seven per cent. over those of January last year. America took by far the largest portion of the increase.

LIVERPOOL MARKETS.

LIVERPOOL, Tuesday, March 8.

RICHARDSON, SPENCE & CO., WAKEFIELD, NASH & CO., and others report: FLOUR dull and nominal. WHEAT quiet and steady at 10s.@10s. 6d. for Winter Red. CORN very dull, and declined 3d.; sales at 28s. 6d. for Mixed.

LIVERPOOL PROVISION MARKET.

The usual authorities quote BEEF active and firm. PORK firm. BACON firmer. BUTTER quiet. LARD tends upward.

LIVERPOOL PRODUCE MARKET.

TALLOW firm. ASHES steady. SUGAR firm. COFFEE quiet and steady. RICE quiet and steady. RESIN flat at 7s. 6d. SPIRITS TURPENTINE nominal. PETROLEUM quiet and steady.

LONDON MARKETS.

LONDON, Thursday, March 8.

BREADSTUFFS quiet and steady. SUGAR flat. COFFEE firmer. TEA firm. RICE quiet. TALLOW tends upward; sales at 49s. 6d.@50s.

Latest Commercial.

LIVERPOOL COTTON MARKET—MARCH 9.

The sales of Cotton for the week foot up 74,000 bales, including 6,500 bales to speculators, and 13,000 bales to exporters. The market is firm but unchanged for American, while Egyptian has advanced ⅛d.@1d. The sales to-day were 20,000 bales, including 7,000 bales to speculators and exporters, the market closing buoyant at unchanged prices. The authorized quotations are:

New-Orleans	20½d.	Middling Orleans	19½d.
Fair Mobile	20d.	Middling Mobile	19d.
Fair Uplands	19 13-16d.	Middling Uplands	18¾d.

Stock in port, 387,000 bales, including 204,000 bales of American.

TRADE REPORT.—The Manchester Market was active, with an advancing tendency.

BREADSTUFFS—The market was very dull except for Corn, which was advancing.

PROVISIONS—The market is firm; Lard has an upward tendency.

LONDON, Friday, March 9.

CONSOLS close at 86⅝@86¾ for money. The weekly return of the Bank of England shows an increase in bullion of £84,000.

AMERICAN SECURITIES.—United States Five-Twenties, 70⅝@70¾; Illinois Central, 77¾; Erie Railway, 53¾@54¼.

Arrival of the City of Washington.

The Inman steamer *City of Washington*, Capt. BROOKS, which left Liverpool at 1 o'clock on the afternoon of the 7th of March and Queenstown on the 8th, arrived here at 1¾ o'clock this morning.

PASSENGERS.

Mr. G. Stephens, E. Hughes, Mrs. Kidner, E. Grant, H. Windler, E. Bailey, J. Henderson, J. Davis, J. Dufreen, Mrs. Dufreen, E. Morgan, J. Morgan, J. Jones, H. Le Grand, R. Parker, J. Staeni, Gen. Paz, A. Gornsier, F. Perrett, H. Hart, Henry Ospen, E. Ospen, Mr. White and lady, J. Graham, C. Manning and son, S. Collins, J. Goodman, J. Perrett and lady, J. Mackey, J. Strange and lady, R. Watt, W. Winfred, L. Mead and lady, H. Denington, Mrs. Scanlon and 4 children, Miss Hogan, J. Hopkins, Miss Fisher, E. Baker, A. Gould, and 661 steerage passengers.

SOUTH AMERICA.

NEWS FROM THE THEATRE OF WAR.

Difficulties of Obtaining Information from the Army—Four Sovereigns and Chief Magistrates in the Field—A Private in the Union Army, Torpedo Manufacturer for Paraguay—Preparations to Invade Paraguay—Arrival of the United States War Steamers Tuscarora, Vanderbilt, Powhattan and Monadnoc.

From Our Own Correspondent.

BUENOS AYRES, S. A., Saturday, Jan. 27, 1866.

The distance of 1,000 miles from the army, with no telegraphs, makes news a rare commodity. We seldom have advices here at the National Capital less than four days old, and then six days elapse before we hear again. With such a distance, and with the liability of false rumors acquiring the value of news, we are often incommoded. The reports that issue from the newspapers are often as uncertain as news from the army used to be in the Philadelphia papers. But I use a great deal of care to send you only facts, so that your readers may rely on my letters as being a correct view of the state of the case, and the latest up to the hour of departure of the mail.

The allied army is still in camp at or near Corrientes. The Brazilians are chiefly under the command of Gens. OSORIO and NETTO, and they are near the city. Gen. HORNAS, a noted Argentine warrior, is guarding Paso de la Patria, he is a brave dashing cavalry officer. Gen. CACERES holds together the militia of Corrientes, and is stationed at San Cosme. Gen. FLORES, one of the most daring officers, holds command of the troops of Uruguay, and a few Brazilians, at Itati. The bulk of the Argentine army is with the Argentine President, MITRE, at Ensenadita, about five miles from the Paso de la Patria. The allied fleet is at anchor at Corrientes.

This war has called to the field four sovereigns and Chief Magistrates. While the army was in the Province of Rio Grande, the Emperor of Brazil was with it. The Argentine President, MITRE, is Commander-in-Chief. Provisional Governor FLORES, virtual President, of Uruguay, has a division of the army of the allies, and President LOPEZ, of Paraguay, directs the war in person, against them all.

Both armies are largely indebted to foreign countries for officers or men. The Paraguayan Chief of Artillery is a Hungarian, and the Surgeon is English. An American from Washington is engaged in making torpedoes for the Paraguayans for the river opposite the fortress of Humaita. He gave an illustration in presence of President LOPEZ, of the power of such machines, and blew a raft out of the river. He has a larger salary than a member of Congress at Washington, and he bids fair to make his mark. He served as a private in the cause of the Union against secession, and now turns up in Paraguay.

The allies have delayed for nearly a month at and near Corrientes. At that point they must make their preparations to invade Paraguay. President MITRE has ordered the construction of a large number of flat-boats capable of holding 800 men. Small steamers are collected; the Brazilians have landed 200 68-pounders; cattle and horses are accumulating under large contracts, and provisions of every kind are gathered at Corrientes preparatory to the invasion.

The Brazilian Admiral has remained some weeks behind the fleet to purchase supplies of salt beef for the Brazilian army and navy. It has always been believed that the beef of this country, either from its nature or the climate, could not be salted. A grand experiment to the amount of 300,000 pounds a month will soon be made.

An American gentleman, long a resident of New-York and who speaks the native Indian language as well as Spanish, has gone to remain with the army through this campaign. By him we have news that is trustworthy. He reports the constant arrival of Brazilian troops, and the whole army in a good state as to health and order. The allies have now in camp about 57,000 troops.

One of the steamers of the fleet is commanded by Capt. WM. LAWRENCE, a down-easter.

There was great excitement here a few days ago on the arrival of the United States war steamers for this station, and the *Tuscarora, Vanderbilt, Powhattan* and *Monadnoc*, a double-turreted monitor en route for California. The latter was visited by hundreds of Americans and natives. Our English friends were less interested in the monitor. She is of 6,000 tons burden, carries 75 men under water, and seems perfectly invulnerable. Those destined for the Pacific sailed yesterday, and they will call at Valparaiso on the way, perhaps in time to regulate affairs there.

Any one of the parties at war here would give three times the cost for that powerful engine of war. At an expense of $800,000 it is of more worth than a whole harbor full of such vessels as are playing at war in this river, to the number of over 30.

It is supposed that no invasion of Paraguay can occur for at least another month, so vast are the necessary preliminary arrangements. They have no dependence on Paraguayan swamps and plains for even food for animals. And the fortress of Humaita must be attacked from land and river simultaneously.

There are twelve ships loading in this harbor for New-York and six for Boston. Of the former are the American vessels *B. Aymar, Faustina, Damon, Tallavera*, of the lattem all are British or Argentine. But many of these eighteen vessels now under foreign flags were originally American, and were changed during the war.

The troops of Entre Rios have been again collected, various mutineers have been punished, and all seems harmonious in that Province.

The quantity of wool arrived thus far this month is is 2,640,000 lbs. From Nov. 1, the beginning of the wool season, 9,060,000 lbs., about half of which has been sold to be shipped. This year about half of all the wool shipped goes to the United States.

A very serious drought has commenced, and in some parts the locusts are devastating whole farms, taking fruits, leaves and grass. The wheat harvest has been gathered, and is large beyond all precedent. We shall import no more flour.

There have been some gold fields discovered in Tacuarembo, in Uruguay, and they are making a great noise just now. Advise your readers not to be dazzled by distant gold mines. I will report if they prove real. Too much has been lost by young Americans in such enterprises in this country.

Gold has gone up in value recently about three per cent. A large business is done just now at the cattle-killing establishments. The railroads are doing a splendid business. The Argentine Central extends 70 miles toward Cordoba from Rosario.

COMISARIO.

Projects to Destroy Broadway.

To the Editor of the New-York Times:

The apathy of the merchants and others on Broadway, in view of the different projects at Albany for its destruction as a business street, is amazing. Some four or five elevated plans are before the Railroad Committees, which are scarcely less absurd than imprudent, and yet I am told they are being seriously considered. If it were possible to construct them on the plans suggested, and make them useful for rapid traveling, there might be some excuse for entertaining the projects, but even then their effect upon Broadway itself would be worse than that of a pestilence.

Business would desert the street as if flying from the cholera. Ladies could not be persuaded to do their shopping there, and no horse could be driven through the street in sight of a train of cars rumbling overhead.

But the roads cannot be constructed as proposed. The airiness and lightness of the structures cannot be combined with the solidity required, and it has therefore been suggested that the projects are intended merely for "striking" purposes, that is, to be bought off. This may be so, but if the bills are carefully examined we think it will be found that the provisions are sufficiently broad to permit the building of the tracks upon almost any plans the corporations may choose, after they obtain the franchise.

There is still another "big thing," as it has been explained to me, which, although it does not propose to confiscate all of Broadway, is about the greatest combination of folly and wickedness I have ever heard of. This is neither more nor less than to run steam cars on Broadway from the Battery to Trinity Church, and from there to plunge right through blocks of buildings to Central Park.

The track may be laid anywhere between Fourth and Eighth avenues, and I am told the parties interested propose to lay them between Fifth and Sixth avenues.

How will property owners on those streets relish the idea of having this charming improvement carried through their premises?

Is it not time that all who are interested in preserving Broadway and Fifth-avenue, should take steps to prevent the consummation of such gross outrages as I have referred to? Remonstrances should be immediately prepared and forwarded, and all proper exertion used to defeat the project. If this is not done I greatly fear that the last scheme which I have mentioned may be favorably considered by the Committee, and perhaps, also, one or two of the others.

A BUSINESS MAN ON BROADWAY.

NEW-YORK, March 19.

OUR INTERNAL REVENUE

THE SIXTH COLLECTION DISTRICT.

Detailed Returns from the Official Record.

Total—Four Millions for the Year—Nine Millions Since the Commencement.

The Sixth Collection District in this State, now under charge of Hon. MAUNSELL B. FIELD, was formerly supervised by Hon. WM. ORTON, late Internal Revenue Commissioner, and now President of the United States Telegraph Company. Among the many able men in the corps of Collectors, Mr. ORTON stood preeminent, and owing to his rare powers of organization, familiarity with books and forms, and general knowledge of men and business, his district was among the earliest in a complete state of readiness, productive and in order. The removal of Mr. ORTON to the head of the Revenue Bureau did much toward securing harmony of action and sympathy of thought between the Department and its subordinates, where formerly there had been confusion and misunderstanding, and his resignation of the office was generally regarded with disfavor and apprehension, since happily removed by the admirable administration of the present Commissioner, Mr. ROLLINS.

Mr. ORTON was succeeded in the Sixth District by Mr. FIELD, formerly Assistant Treasurer of the United States, the composition of whose office is as follows:

NELSON D. THAYER, Deputy.
CHARLES P. JOHNSON, Deputy.
ROBERT J. PIGOTT, Book-keeper.
THOMAS LIVESEY, JOSEPH P. SANDELL, WILLIAM H. ORTON, A. R. LONGSTREET, Clerks.

The office of the Collector is on Fourteenth-street, just beyond Eighth-avenue, very pleasantly located and conveniently arranged, although, like all others, it is small and hardly suitable for so important a work as the collection of this District's revenue. The special features of the returns here are the incomes and the manufacturing interests. Details of the former were given in our last report of this District and no new developments have since been made. The list of heavy income tax-payers is very long and quite refreshing. Mr. ASTOR returns nearly a million and a half, quite a a number average $150,000; while a small army rejoice in the receipt of $50,000 and upwards. Distilleries, breweries, piano factories, furniture houses and looking-glass makers, soap-boilers and sugar-refiners, do their part towards swelling the returns, and the largest saleratus factory this side of the tea-fields, is located in the Sixth.

THE COLLECTIONS

since September, 1862, by months, are indicated by the following monthly lists handed the Collector:

Sept., 1862	$22,206 75	June, 1864	$38,704 17
Oct., 1862	28,891 87	July, 1864	53,124 01
Nov., 1862	33,477 86	Aug., 1864	64,169 31
Dec., 1862	31,011 43	Sept., 1864	42,697 29
Jan., 1863	28,439 27	Oct., 1864	57,659 93
Feb., 1863	29,605 40	Nov., 1864	68,861 40
March, 1863	31,042 57	Dec., 1864	60,414 13
April, 1863	32,448 [illegible]	Jan., 1865	50,585 12
May, 1863	30,221 [illegible]	Feb., 1865	42,031 35
June, 1863	29,676 [illegible]	March, 1865	55,721 24
July, 1863	29,517 76	April, 1865	70,367 24
Aug., 1863	26,688 [illegible]	May, 1865	108,329 81
Sept., 1863	29,302 10	June, 1865	82,445 80
Oct., 1863	37,998 [illegible]	July, 1865	77,001 96
Nov., 1863	33,307 [illegible]	Aug., 1865	73,687 62
Dec., 1863	72,624 [illegible]	Sept., 1865	110,476 19
Jan., 1864	31,430 71	Oct., 1865	122,402 27
Feb., 1864	42,865 91	Nov., 1865	118,228 14
March, 1864	61,734 [illegible]	Dec., 1865	167,619 02
April, 1864	48,986 15	Jan., 1866	204,926 18
May, 1864	50,295 33		

ANNUAL LISTS.

1862	$74,671 07	1864	$917,099 44
1863	729,678 77	1865	2,206,029 05

LICENSES.

1863	$61,256 97	1865	$104,430 51
1864	73,124 88		

SPECIAL LISTS.

No. 1	$21,947 43	No. 9	$38,672 28
No. 2	20,497 00	No. 9½	71,214 63
No. 3	30,208 60	No. 10	80,526 99
No. 4	39,721 41	No. 11	60,647 25
No. 5	18,881 06	No. 12	64,004 79
No. 6	18,138 72	No. 13	107,770 91
No. 7	43,247 77	No. 14	93,740 17
No. 8	60,008 73	No. 15	96,248 61

SPECIAL WAR TAX.

No. 1	$1,184,669 50	No. 5	$1,341 95
No. 2	31,344 40	No. 6	9,718 50
No. 3	20,426 00	No. 7	3,189 15
No. 4	2,817 55	No. 8	754 75

Total cash receipts from all sources from September 1862 to February 1866......$8,906,400 00

This amount includes receipts from unassessed penalties, Government moieties, and taxes on spirits and coal oil removed from bond for consumption, which are not included in any of the above lists.

THE ASSESSOR

of the Sixth, Mr. JOHN F. CLEVELAND, is assisted in the office by Messrs. SPENCER F. KIRBY, Chief Clerk, and GEO. F. ELLIS, JAS. C. MARTIN and SAM'L W. THOMAS, Clerks.

THE ASSISTANT ASSESSORS

are

HENRY HOWARD CARGILL,	SIGISMOND LASAR,
JAMES G. BYERS,	CHAS. J. LIVINGSTON,
CHARLES R. COLE,	HIRAM M. STEVENS,
GEORGE W. JAQUES,	HOLDRIDGE DEWEY,
SAMUEL T. LAPIER,	CHARLES W. COLBURN,
BENJ. R. SHOPP,	GEORGE TIMPSON,
GEORGE A. BLAKELEY,	GEORGE A. COLBURN,
HENRY R. ADEE,	NELSON LINDSLAY,

ANDREW J. CONKLIN.

INSPECTORS.

THOMAS S. HAMBLIN and GEORGE E. HILL.

The following details concerning

THE ASSESSMENTS

will be found interesting:

ANNUAL LIST—1865.

Incomes and enumerated articles	$2,276,243 68
Licenses	104,430 51
Total	$2,380,674 19

MONTHLY LIST—1865.

January	$97,445 52	July	$138,109 16
February	76,816 86	August	142,990 70
March	124,969 92	September	218,632 77
April	184,179 78	October	216,673 55
May	145,385 95	November	215,181 98
June	163,437 [illegible]	December	168,210 75
Total			$1,842,033 78
Total for the year			$4,222,707 97

Total monthly return, 1865		$1,842,033 78
Of which were distilled spirits	$53,816 65	
Of which were ale and beer	195,099 83	
Of which were manufactures	1,082,207 71	
Of which were miscellaneous, including taxes on legacies, successions, gross receipts, and many incomes that were omitted from the annual list	510,909 59	
Total		$1,842,033 78
Total amount of assessments made from opening of office in 1862 to Dec. 31, 1864		$4,490,475 82
Made up as follows:		
Annual list of 1862	$74,676 07	
Annual list of 1863	790,935 74	
Annual list of 1864	990,224 32	
Special tax on incomes of 1863, assessed in Oct., 1864	1,236,439 00	
Assessments on monthly and special lists from Sept., 1862 to Dec. 31, 1864	1,398,200 69	
Total as above		$4,490,475 82
Total assessments to Dec. 31, 1865		$8,713,183 79

Since the opening of the office there have been received from other districts in bond more than a million gallons

OF COAL OIL

and naphtha. Of this nearly 700,000 gallons were removed for export, and of course paid no duty; about 50,000 were removed to other districts in bond, and some 200,000 were taken out for consumption, and on this a tax of 20 cents per gallon was paid.

The Sixth District comprises the Ninth, Fifteenth and Sixteenth Wards, and is reckoned not only one of the most important here, but in the country. Its management requires large experience among men, a thorough knowledge of the real estate and invested property interest, as well as a shrewd judgment of men—for even rich men are known now and then to wriggle and squirm beneath the pressure of the tax. As elsewhere, many frauds have been discovered here. Last year the publication of income lists refreshed the treacherous memories of many a delinquent, and the result to the Government was immense. The office, as at present organized, will not fail to sustain the reputation it has sustained under the management of Collector OSBORN and Assessor CLEVELAND, who labored zealously and intelligently to organize and put in working order the intricate machinery necessary for the exhaustive performance of the Revenue duty.

Fires.

IN CENTRE-STREET.

Yesterday morning, about 2:30 o'clock, a fire was discovered in the basement of the three-story frame building No. 56 Centre-street, occupied by RICHARD CONNERY, bill poster. Before the flames could be extinguished they extended to the second floor, occupied by Mrs. ELLEN O'CONNOR. Loss $300. The building is owned by JOHN JONES. Damage $200. Insured.

IN SULLIVAN-STREET.

At 5:30 o'clock yesterday morning a fire occurred in the basement of No. 138 Sullivan-street, occupied by JAMES BROADBENT, dry goods peddler. Loss on stock $2,000; insured for $3,000. The building is damaged about $200. The fire is supposed to have been the work of an incendiary. Fire-Marshal BAKER is making the necessary investigations.

THE COURT-HOUSE INVESTIGATION.

The Iron-Workers Testify that the Contractors are Not Overpaid.

Supervisors FOX, HAYES and BLEAKLEY resumed the investigation into the alleged excessive expenditures upon the New Court-house, at 3 o'clock yesterday afternoon, in the Supervisors' Chamber, at the City Hall. Mr. HENRY A. CRAM appeared for the Contractors, and Mr. JOHN H. ANTHON represented Supervisor ELY, the prosecutor.

Mr. FREDERICK S. WINSTON, the first witness called, testified as follows: I am President of the Mutual Life Insurance Company; we have recently erected a new building fronting eighty feet on Broadway and one hundred and ten on Liberty-street; the contract was made with Messrs. J. B. & W. W. CORNELL, in August, 1863; other iron-makers bid for the iron work, but the Messrs. CORNELL's offer was the lowest; the edifice cost about $840,000; the iron in the building cost $243,898; the contract was for iron by the pound; we paid 8 cents a pound for cast-iron lintel; for iron doors, 20 cents a pound; for anchors, 20 cents a pound; for ceiling plates, 40 cents a foot; the work on our building was creditable to the Messrs. CORNELL and satisfactory to us; a large advance in the price of material and of labor commenced about the time of the signing of the contract; Mr. JOHN KELLUM was our architect; the most of the work was done in 1864; we paid Mr. KELLUM three per cent. on the cost of the building.

Mr. JAMES J. BURNETT, of the firm of GEORGE R. JACKSON, BURNETT & CO., sworn.—I have within the past two years furnished iron lintels for fire-proof buildings, at from 15 to 20 cents a pound; doors at from 20 to 25 cents; anchors at from 15 to 20 cents; iron roofing at about 20 cents; gratings at about 15 cents; illuminating tiles at $7 50; the Architectural Iron Works have furnished for us doors and lintels at about 20 cents per foot; I belong to the Board of Iron Founders of New-York; in March, 1864, we established a scale of prices.

Mr. BURNETT was about to give the rates which were then established, when Mr. ANTHON objected, saying that it was conceded that at certain times since the commencement of the Court-house contract the prices paid the contractors could not have been considered exorbitant.

Mr. ANTHON's objection was overruled by the Committee, and Mr. BURNETT said that the Association fixed the price of iron windows and doors, in March, 1864, at 5¼ cents a pound, and in July, 1864, at 7½ cents a pound. Mr. BURNETT continued—The iron work in the Court-house is regarded as a specialty, requiring great strength; I examined the iron work of the new Court-house to-day; it is a good job; I never heard of gentlemen making estimates for a work of this magnitude without seeing the plans and specifications until three gentlemen did it for Mayor GUNTHER; in so making plans a man might make a false estimate, and I should regard a man as a lunatic who would do it.

Mr. ANTHON objected to this line of examination, but the objection was overruled.

Mr. BURNETT continued—At Mr. KELLUM's request I put in estimates for the Court-house work, and did not enter into collusion with any person; I think that the estimate was reasonable; at that time no contractor could have purchased all the iron required three years in advance, and even if the contractor could have done this, the interest would have eaten up the profits of the contract; it would have required considerable capital to buy all the iron that was required for building the new Court-house; the price of labor was a trifle higher in March, 1864, than in September, 1863; between September, 1863, and September, 1864, the price of iron advanced 100 per cent; the Founders' Association is a combination for self-protection; the members are limited as to prices which they may demand for work.

Mr. JAMES H. WHITNEY, iron-founder, sworn: The advance in the price of iron between September and November, 1863, was 25 ℔ cent.; to July, 1864, more than 100 ℔ cent.; we could not get iron contracts for future delivery at that time.

Mr. CHARLES H. FIELD, iron-founder, sworn: I am bookkeeper and cashier for Messrs. J. B. & W. W. CORNELL, and have held this position 18 years; my employers supplied the iron-work for the New-York Stock Exchange at about $267,000, for the Mutual Life Insurance Company at about $225,000, for A. T. STEWART at about $270,000, for WILLIAM B. ASTOR at about $55,000, for Messrs. CLAFLIN & Co. at about $100,000, for Messrs. BALL, BLACK & Co. at about $61,000, for the Bowery Savings Bank extension at about $46,000, and for the Liverpool and London Life Insurance Company at about $18,000; we have received from 5 to 60 ℔ cent. more from private contractors than from the County Court-house; there was a time when the firm must have lost money on their contract, but I think that they have made a trifling profit; the Messrs. CORNELL usually employ about 430 men.

Mr. CRAM said that unforeseen circumstances had deprived him of the testimony of three witnesses, whose testimony he conceived to be important, and he was, therefore, unable to close the examination until Tuesday afternoon. He intended to show that at least one of the contractors for the building of the Harlem Bridge had received higher compensation than had been given the contractors for the new Court-house. He asked permission, also, to introduce a letter showing that a court of competent jurisdiction had awarded Mr. KELLUM three per cent. on the cost of the Court-house.

Mr. ANTHON strenuously objected, and demanded that if such testimony was to be introduced it should be given orally, under oath, before the Committee.

Mr. CRAM, this being the case, would not insist, but would, on Tuesday, send a coach and get his witnesses if they were able to go abroad. Mr. CRAM added that he should require time to prepare for summing up, as he had a vast array of figures to introduce.

Mr. ANTHON, acting upon the suggestion of Supervisor ELY, proposed that counsel on both sides submit their arguments in writing; but Mr. CRAM objected, and it was at length agreed that the summing up should be oral and in the usual form.

There being no further business, the Committee adjourned to 3 o'clock this afternoon.

METROPOLITAN BOARD OF HEALTH.

The Augean Stables Under the Pick-Ax, Shovel and Broom—Complaints from all Quarters—The Board Busy.

Every morning at nine, a tall, well-built, good-natured but not overhandsome citizen hurries into one of the chambers on the Mott-street front of the Police building, and having tossed his coat and slouched hat over a chair, at once dashes into his day's work. His energy is wonderful. He confers with a committee and dismisses that, and half an hour thereafter he is found up to his elbows in such heaps of letters as nobody but the President of a Metropolitan Health Commission ever saw; and these he dispatches with the hand of a master workman. Another committee and another conference; then another avalanche of letters, and so on until four in the afternoon. Then this Herculean laborer hurries to meet his Esculapian brethren in the Council Chamber. Motions and resolutions and suggestions press upon him; but he receives all with a merry twinkle of the eye, and moves work along right speedily until nightfall; and then it is ten to one he works another hour at home. Thus it is that a citizen who pays an income tax of $100,000 is serving the public at a salary of $2,500 annually. If the happy hamlet of Ellenville has other men like JACKSON S. SCHULTZ, let her send them down to the Metropolis without delay.

Several hundred occupants of Washington and West Washington Markets, and of streets in the immediate vicinity of these eye-sores, have petitioned for the removal of the dumping grounds at Piers Nos. 21 and 22 North River; but the Board of Health have no power in the premises. The Board can, however, compel the lessees of these dumping grounds to keep their piers clean, and this the Board will do.

Messrs. BROWN, DEVOE & KNAPP, the contractors for street-cleaning, are among the complainants at the headquarters of the Health Commissioners. Their contract requires them to clean the streets surrounding the markets early every morning; but they cannot well comply with the conditions of the contract so long as hucksters and others blockade all the streets near Washington Market, from 3 o'clock to 8. The hucksters say that they pay fifteen cents a day for the privilege of standing in the streets; but if so, the Board of Health have no knowledge of the persons who receive this tax, nor of any one who has the right to grant such privileges.

The proprietors of several fat and bone-boiling establishments have been notified that their places and business are complained of as nuisances, and that they are to have a hearing.

It should be understood that the Board will not entertain anonymous complaints—such, for instance, as the following:

NEW-YORK, Saturday, March 17.

Metropolitan Board of Health:

SIRS: Your attention is respectfully directed to an abominable nuisance at the Long Island Railroad Depot, at Hunter's Point. Boats lie at the wharf continually unloading manure, and the foulest of stenches arises from it, which has to be endured daily by thousands on their way to and from the City. It is not only exceedingly disagreeable, but is certainly pestilential. A remedy is earnestly solicited by one of the many 8 MELLERS.

The street-cleaners have gone to work in earnest, and the contractors assure the Health Commission that they will thoroughly cleanse the City within a fortnight.

POLICE COURTS.

Essex Market—Before Justice Shandley.

PICKPOCKETS IN CHURCHES.

Eliza McCormick, residing at No. 42 Gouverneur-street, had her pocket picked of a wallet containing $37 70 in bills and fractional currency, of various denominations, while standing near the poor-box of St. Theresa's Church, on the corner of Rutgers and Henry-streets, on Sunday morning. Officer Pike, of the Seventh Precinct, being notified, arrested two young men, named John Wilson and Henry Williams, on suspicion, the officer having noticed that they were acting in a suspicious manner. When searched, Williams was found in possession of a sum of money tallying with the amount given by the owner of the pocket-book. They were held for examination.

ROBBED HIS EMPLOYER.

OTTO ELMAIN stole a coat and $300 in cash from his employer, LOUIS HOFFMAN, a butcher doing business at No. 412 Third-avenue. During yesterday Mr. HOFFMAN made diligent search for OTTO, whom he found in a saloon at No. 3 Essex-street. Officer O'BRIEN, of the Tenth Precinct, took the accused into custody, when he confessed having taken the money, and returned $181. The balance he said had been spent. The coat was found on his back. The prisoner was held for further examination.

The Tombs—Before Justice Hogan.

GRAND LARCENY.

Detective VAUGHN yesterday arrested CHAS. SMITH on a charge of having stolen a gold watch and chain, valued at $58, and about $34 in United States Treasury notes, from JACOB GOLDFARB, residing at No. 437 Grand-street. When arrested SMITH confessed the crime, and stated that he had pawned the timekeeper. He was remanded for examination. The prisoner is a bricklayer, and 25 years of age.

LAW REPORTS.

The Columbian Fire Insurance Company—Dispute About the Receivership.

SUPREME COURT—CHAMBERS—MARCH 19.

Before Justice Barnard.

In the Matter of the Receivership of the Columbian Insurance Company.—This was an application made on behalf of a large number of the stockholders and creditors of the Company for the removal of Messrs. Joseph Morrison and B. Leffingwell as receivers. It was alleged on the part of those making the motion that these receivers, and especially Mr. Morrison, were objectionable to a large number of the creditors and stockholders, and their further continuance would be highly prejudicial to the interests of all concerned. The motion was resisted by one counsel on the ground that Morrison had already resigned, and that another receiver was not necessary. Mr. Leffingwell, who is a member of the Bar of this City, and a highly respectable gentleman, seems to give general satisfaction among a portion of the creditors and stockholders. Mr. Larocque, in opening the case for his clients, named as receiver Mr. J. Russell Bradford, of Boston. The petition to retain Mr. Leffingwell is signed by stockholders, &c., who represent about $800,000 of the property.

Mr. Dudley Field, in opposition to the motion, read several affidavits and other papers, among them the affidavit of Joseph Morrison, which, inasmuch as it fully states his side of the case, we give as follows:

AFFIDAVIT OF MR. MORRISON.

City and County of New-York.—Joseph Morrison, being sworn, saith: I was for some time the agent of the said Company at Boston, Mass., and B. C. Morris was its President, the Company being incorporated by and acting under the laws of the State of New-York, having its principal office here. In November last, B. C. Morris having become incapacitated from acting by illness, I was strongly urged by stockholders and directors to take the position of President, which I was exceedingly unwilling to accept. I repeatedly declined, verbally and in writing, but was finally overruled, and having consented to accept the office, was elected. The business of the Company was very large (there being about forty clerks here and about ten in Boston, and upward of one hundred agents in various other places in the United States and the British Provinces,) and my entire time was occupied during the brief period of my Presidency in accepting risks, fixing the rates, and adjusting losses. When the annual statement was made up after the close of the year 1865, with a view of making a report to the Insurance Department before the 31st of January, 1866, I was surprised to find the assets had been diminished during the year to an extent that would, under the laws, necessitate the forfeiture of the Company's charter, unless the Legislature intervened to protect it. As soon as this became apparent, I informed such of the directors as were accessible (many of them residing in other States, and at great distances,) and they, at a meeting held on the 22d of January, determined to discontinue business.

An application to the Court to put the Company into liquidation was made by one of the largest stockholders, and Mr. Cyrus Curtis was appointed Receiver without any collusion, consent, or connivance on my part.

Mr. Curtis declined to act, and the directors in the meantime having requested me, in writing, to become Receiver, the Court, at the suits of the stockholders and creditors who were comparative strangers to me, appointed Mr. Leffingwell and myself as Receivers, Mr. Leffingwell being an entire stranger to me, and I never had any "arrangement" with them or any one on the subject, further than that they considered that my familiarity with the business of the Company made me a suitable person to assist in winding up its affairs. Afterward my friends urged upon me that whatever might be their confidence in me, public opinion would require my resignation as Receiver, and in consequence on the 2d day of March, 1866, I resigned, and the Court accepted my resignation, and retained Mr. Leffingwell as sole receiver. I was aware that it was intended to wind up the Company, and I knew that was the only honest course to pursue, and that it would be a fraud on the public to continue business upon the slender capital remaining, and so far and no further did I know of the application; and while the appointment of Mr. Curtis was made (as I have been informed) before the meeting of the Board of Directors, that of Mr. Leffingwell and myself was made the next day after the Board met and voted to cease business.

I have now nothing whatever to do with the affairs of the Company, beyond giving Mr. Leffingwell such information about the affairs of the Company as he chooses to ask me for. The meeting of the stockholders referred to in the petition was a public meeting, attended by many persons not stockholders. No one represented the Directors, and the resolutions were passed by persons representing but a fraction of the stockholders.

Prior to my resignation the annexed petitions of stockholders and creditors were signed, and a meeting of creditors took place which passed the resolutions whereof a copy is annexed to the papers herein.

The dividend declared in January was what is termed an interest dividend, which is required by the charter, being at the rate of seven per cent. a year on the capital, and it was made as heretofore—before any statement of the affairs of the Company had been made up for the year—and in utter ignorance of the subsequently developed fact that the Company's capital was impaired, as above stated.

I supposed it would go on and was in a fair condition till a few days before its failure as above stated. The failure was owing to the extraordinary losses for the past year.

David Ogden, who makes an affidavit herein, was a director for years. The reason of his hostility to me is, that, when I became President, I learned that, on the second day of March, 1865, he borrowed of the Company $5,500, giving as collateral fifty shares of stock in the Company, the note for which was repeatedly renewed, and which I declined, when I came into the Presidency, to renew further, on the ground that the transaction itself was illegal, the matter resulting in my compelling him to pay his note to the Company and returning his stock.

The charges of fraud against me in connection with the Morris Fire and Inland Insurance Company appear in the report of Superintendent Barnes, wherein it is intimated that I took from the assets of that Company $121,000 of United States bonds. The facts of that transaction are that the Vice-President, Mr. Kirby, late in December, proposed to me to procure a loan of $121,000 of bonds for a few days upon a pledge of the Company's stock, which the Company had itself purchased. I mentioned the matter to Mr. Lee, another director, and went to Boston to spend the holidays with my family. As I learned, Mr. Kirby procured the loan on the 30th December, and returned it on the 2d of January, which is all I know about the matter. I own $35,000 stock in that Company, and never made one dollar by buying or selling its stock.

The persons who sign the schedules annexed are respectively stockholders or claimants to the amounts set opposite their respective names, and I am familiar with many of the signatures to Schedules C, D and E, and verily believe they are all genuine.

Deponent further saith that the creditors whose names are appended to the petition of the applicants are all residents of Boston, and several of them are persons whose claims deponent has disputed, which accounts for their hostility to him, and that they are most of them the same parties who united in the meeting appointing the Committee, whose resolution is appended.

JOS. MORRISON.

Sworn, March 19, 1866, before me.

SIDNEY W. COOPER,
Commissioner of Deeds, New-York.

Mr. Whitney, of Boston, next read several papers. He represents about half a million dollars, held by creditors and stockholders residing in the New England States. He presented petitions against any change of the Receivership. The argument will be continued to-day.

Another Verdict Against a City Railroad Company for Negligence.

SUPREME COURT—CIRCUIT—PART I—MARCH 19.

Before Justice James and a Jury.

Jonas Van Praag vs. The Third-avenue Railroad Company.—This action was brought to recover damages for injuries sustained by plaintiff, on account, as he claimed, of the negligence of the conductor of one of the defendants' cars. The plaintiff, a man near seventy years of age, one day in July, 1865, entered a Third-avenue car at the corner of Pearl and Chatham streets, for the purpose of riding up to his residence in Stanton-street. When he arrived at the place where he wished to alight, he gave notice, the conductor rang the bell. The car stopped, but while plaintiff was on one of the steps of the platform, and just on the point of stepping off, the bell struck and the car moved on. The result was the old gentleman was thrown or fell to the pavement, and his left leg was badly fractured. Testimony was given tending to show that he was confined to his bed from six to eight weeks after, and to his room for twice that length of time; that he had not yet recovered from the effects, and some of the witnesses expressed their belief that considering his age, he never would be able to walk well again. There were a number of witnesses examined on either side.

The defence was that the agents of the Company had not been guilty of negligence, and that the accident, if it occurred at all, at the time in question, was brought about wholly by the want of care and prudence on the part of the plaintiff himself. It was contended that the conductor of the car did not ring the bell the second time, which was the signal for the car to move on.

The cause having been summed up by counsel for the respective parties, Mr. Justice JAMES charged the Jury in substance as follows:

Courts of law were organized and supported at the public expense for the purpose of settling the differences between persons, or between private individuals and corporations, whenever these parties could not settle their own affairs among themselves. Every juror before he entered the jury-box was sworn to hear the testimony, and in every case "a true verdict give according to the evidence." He said this because he wished to impress upon the minds of the jurors, that they were to be guided by the evidence, and not go according to the *dicta* of counsel upon either side. The counsel for the plaintiff in this case had traveled far out of the record, and the purpose was obvious. He had taken the jurors to England, France and Germany. He had told them how much better in every respect the system of railroading is in those countries to ours. This, said the Justice, may be all true, but what has it to do with the case before us? If England and France have better roads and a better and safer system of operating them than we, that is our misfortune; but the defendants here cannot be held to heavier damages in consequence. The Justice said he made these preliminary remarks, because lately he had often heard it remarked that in an action of this nature, where a corporation was defendant and an old man, a woman, or a child was a party plaintiff, there was no such thing as getting from a jury a righteous verdict; that, to begin with, their feelings and sympathies were all enlisted on the side of what they had predetermined was the injured party. The impression had become general that corporations, and especially railroad corporations, were negligent, and through their agents conducted their business without a proper regard to the lives and limbs of those intrusted to them. The jurors must try this case as they would one between two private parties; they must divest themselves of all feeling and all sympathy one way or the other, and try the cause on the evidence before them.

The Court then went into a review of the testimony. He thought there was considerable doubt where the old gentleman was when the accident occurred; whether he was on the top step or platform, or whether he was on the lower step with one foot ready to put on the ground. Again, it was not certain who rang the bell for the car to start. The plaintiff and his son-in-law, who was with him, had testified that the conductor rang it, but they, the witnesses, were in the act of going out; their backs were toward the conductor. How then could they see him? If a passenger, or any person other than the conductor rang the bell for the car to start, the defendants could not be held liable. Then again, the Court said it did not appear in evidence which one of plaintiff's legs was broken. (It was afterward agreed on both sides that it was his left leg.)

The Jury were to say, first, was there any negligence on the part of the conductor. If there was none, that was an end of the case—there must be a verdict for the defendants. Second, the Jury must say whether the negligence or want of care on the part of the plaintiff produced or contributed to the result. If they found in the affirmative on this point, their verdict must be for the defendants. The defendants are bound to stop their cars, and they are also bound to give a reasonable time for a passenger to alight before starting again. It was the plaintiff's own fault if he went off while the car was in motion, and for any injuries sustained under these circumstances he cannot recover. If the plaintiff had not time to get off before the car started, he should have waited, and caused another signal to stop to be given. All the witnesses agree that the car was stopped. If they found that the conductor did not ring the bell to start the car, or that his leg was not broken by the fall, the defendants were entitled to their verdict.

On the question of damages, if they found at all for the plaintiff, they were at liberty to give a verdict for the loss of time, the doctor's bill, cost of nursing, &c.; also for the pain and suffering endured, and, taking into account the age of the plaintiff, they could give something for the crippling of his limb. Under no circumstances, however, could they give what is termed vindictive damages. There was no proof and no pretence of any malice in the case. In conclusion, the Justice said: "Give such a verdict that for once it can be said that one jury have decided a case of this kind according to law and evidence."

The Jury retired, and, after a short deliberation, returned a verdict for the plaintiff for $250.

For plaintiff, Mr. Henry Morrison; for defendants, Mr. James P. Lowrey.

[Advertisement.]

UNFADING LOVELINESS

Belongs only to the immortals, but whoever uses the fragrant Sozodont can at least defy time to injure one of the elements of beauty, a good set of teeth.

[Advertisement.]

THE BEST EDUCATION FOR YOUR YOUNG MEN AND BOYS—"Teach them that which they will practice when they become men." For full information of the Eastman system of PRACTICAL, USEFUL education, as taught at Eastman National Business College, Poughkeepsie, N. Y., on the Hudson, address

H. G. EASTMAN, LL.D., President of College.

[Advertisement.]

HERRING's Patent Champion Fire-proof Safes, and HERRING's new Patent Burglar-proof Safes, with HERRING & FLOYD's Patent Crystalized Iron—the only material which cannot be drilled—at No. 251 Broadway, New-York.

Passengers Arrived.

In steamship Manhattan, from Vera Cruz—Salvador Batres, Jacinto Frederici, W. B. Cooper. Wm. Brookmann, J. Stuler, Dr. Peterson, L. Tilmann, Theo. C. Wilson, Mr. Dromel, Mr. and Mrs. J. E. Skinner, Thos. O'Brien, Caroline Brehan, Mrs. Talcott, Miss Mary Talcott, Miss Fanny Talcott, Miss Clothilde de Geimo, Wm. Henry Hurlbert. From Havana—Jas. McDonald, Baron Saillard, Commissioner to Mexico from Napoleon; Wm. Dunkart and lady, F. Todd, Wm. Fuller, J. Tergnien, P. Venciquezra, Mrs. Bel, Miss Jane Bel, Miss Marie Bel, Jacques Senori and lady, C. Lehmann and daughter, W. Letteyart, D. Levi, Col. Stone, Capt. Clary, B. Grande, L. Cabaneto, M. Boleta, Maria Moglia and daughter, C. Gabarino, L. Zanari, Teresa Zanari, M. Seretti.

In steamship Gen. Barnes, from Savannah—J. F. Morton, J. A. Weed, Mrs. Paddleford and son, F. M. Randall, Mrs. Hilton, E. C. Beach, D. McDonald, C. H. Howe, F. Lessing, H. F. Minnerly, W. N. Purdy, C. Faningfield, F. Geary, E. C. Weeks, Capt. J. F. Wheaton, J. Fernandez, Mrs. C. Rawls, Capt. H. Burns, J. M. Redwine, J. C. Martin, S. Snow and lady, S. Wilson, J. M. Dell, C. F. Hersey, W. B. Wimberly, J. G. Loane, N. Macarty, H. Penny, S. Gazen, G. M. Willett, A. N. Cohen, J. Donne, Major Dickson, M. H. Williams, J. B. Conover, Mrs. M. Leneham, M. Walker, Mrs. Daily, F. Selleck, G. Belsen, C. J. Hunt, J. Hancock, J. Dickson, Jr., and 3 in the steerage.

MINIATURE ALMANAC—THIS DAY.

Sun rises..... 6 04 | Sun sets..... 6 12 | Moon sets.... 10 51

HIGH WATER—THIS DAY.

Sandy Hook..10 44 | Gov. Island.11 33 | Hell Gate.....12 55

MARINE INTELLIGENCE.

NEW-YORK....MONDAY, March 19.

Cleared.

Steamships Gussie Telfair, Dean, Morehead City, Murray, Ferris & Co.; Malta, (Br.,) Macauley, Liverpool, E. Cunard; Dirigo, Sherwood, Portland, H. B. Cromwell & Co.

Steamers El Cid, Hobart, New-Orleans, C. Goodspeed; Valley City, Price, Alexandria, J. Hand.

Ships American Congress, Woodward, London, Grinnell, Minturn & Co.; Carlisle, Hopkins, San Francisco, J. R. Rollinson & Co.; Antarctic, (Br.,) McStoker, Liverpool, Tapscott Bros.

Barks Jubenal, (Norw.,) Rippen, Marseilles, Holmboe & Co.; Pilian, (Russ.,) Soitke, London, Funch, Meincke & Wendt; Evening Star, (Br.,) Mills, St. Jago, Cuba, Waydell Bros.

Schooners Delmar, Lank, Newbern, J. L. Davis; Hattie Coombs, Drinkwater, Aquin, Brett, Son & Co.; Fanny Given, (Br.,) Given, Halifax, H. J. De Wolf & Co.; Plymouth Rock, Parker, Boston, Rackett, Tooker & Taylor.

Arrived.

Steamship City of Washington, (Br.,) Brooks, Liverpool March 6, and Queenstown 8th, with mdse. and 656 passengers to John G. Dale.

Steamship Manhattan, Deaken, Vera Cruz March 9, via Havana 15th, with mdse. and passengers to Chas. A. Whitney. March 15, 8 miles S. of Havana, saw U. S. steamer Paul Jones, going in. Have had stormy weather, with heavy seas and head winds, all the passage. Made the run from Havana in 4 days 13 hours.

Steamship Gen. Barnes, Morton, Savannah, with mdse. and passengers to Livingston, Fox & Co. Sld. in co. with steamships San Salvador and Tybee.

Steamship Emily B. Souder, Lockwood, Charleston with mdse. and passengers to Livingston, Fox & Co.

Steamship Daniel Webster, Bolger, New-Orleans 9th inst., to U. S. Quartermaster.

Steamship Quaker City, West, Charleston 50 hours, with mdse. and passengers to Arthur Leary.

Steamship Albemarle, Bourne, Norfolk, with mdse. to Livingston, Fox & Co.

Ship Bothwell Castle, (of Glasgow,) Thyne, Hong Kong Dec. 12, with teas to Cary & Co. Passed Angier Dec. 22, Cape of Good Hope Jan. 22, St. Helena Feb. 1; was off Sandy Hook 16th inst., but was blown off; split some sails. Jan. 6, lat. 26 16 S., lon. 63 14 E., spoke bark Rory O'More, from Foo Choo for Boston, 37 ds. out. 31st, lat. 18 49 S., lon. 00 09, spoke a French ship, from Bourbon for Nantes, who asked our lat., &c., but who could not return it, he being under private instructions. Feb. 18, lat. 10 21, lon. 35 24 W., spoke Br. ship Avon, from Batavia for Amsterdam, 82 ds. out.

Ship Confidence, Johnston, Liverpool 51 ds., with mdse. to Wm. & Alfred Nelson.

Bark Mary Rideout, (of St. Andrew's, N. B.,) Mutonie, Havana 12 ds., with sugar, &c., to Brett, Son & Co. 10th inst., lat. 31 26, lon. 78 51, was struck by a white squall, which carried away foremast-head, maintopgallantmast, sprung maintopmast fore-yard, two topsail-yards, split sails and blocks and did other damage; 3 A. M. 11th, wind hauled to N. W., and blew with great violence, with a very heavy sea, causing the vessel to roll very badly; shipped several seas, which stove companion-way, started bulwarks and swept the decks of everything moveable. Been off Sandy Hook 2 ds. with a heavy N. W. gale.

Bark Col. Jas. Scott, (of Pictou,) McClane, Buenos Ayres 58 ds., with hides and wool to A. Bradshaw.

Bark Teresa, (Dutch,) Hart, Maracaibo Feb. 15, the Bar 22d, with coffee, &c., to Maitland, Phelps & Co. Left no vessels.

Brig Mary Leblanc, (of Arichat, C. B.,) Grimes, Cienfuegos 35 ds., with sugar to B. F. Small & Co. Has been 21 ds. north of Hatteras with heavy N. W. gales; split sails, &c.

Brig Harriet Amelia, (of Truro,) Cox, Zaza Feb. 26, with sugar to J. F. Whitney & Co. Sld. in co. with brig Aura, King, for New-York.

Brig Iza, Williams, Mobile 14 ds., with cotton to R. P. Buck & Co.

Brig Samuel W. Lindsey, (of Boston,) Wilson, Galveston 22 ds., with cotton and hides to Miller & Houghton.

Schr. G. W. Rawley, Allen, Wilmington, N. C., 8 ds., with naval stores to H. W. Loud & Co.

Schr. Sarah Fish, Barter, Wilmington, N. C., 16 ds., with naval stores to H. W. Loud & Co.

Schr. Southerner, Darling, Providence. March 14, while in a thick fog. was run into by the steamer Old Colony, carrying away head-gear and tearing mainsail.

Schr. C. & C. Brooks, Preston, Bridgeport. While lying at anchor in Flushing Bay, was run into by schr. Eddie Waters, carrying away head-gear and jibboom.

Schr. S. A. Hammond, Payne, Philadelphia, for Boston. Carried away mainboom. Has been ashore at Sandy Hook; received no damage.

Schr. Henry Hobart, Robinson, New-Haven, for Washington, D. C.

Schr. Julia A. Rich, Higgins, Providence, for Elizabethport.

Schr. C. S. Hazard, Clark, Bridgeport, for Elizabethport.

Schr. Sarah J. Smith, Smith, Eastport, with fish to order.

Schr. A. Lincoln, Bentley, Fall River.

Schr. Wide Awake, Hamilton, Virginia, for Providence.

Schr. S. S. Buckingham, Lewis, Portland.

Schr. Roscius, Newbeck, Bridgeport, for Elizabethport.

Schr. Malabar, Welsh, New-London.

Schr. Joseph, McCarty, New-London.

Schr. Hydrange, Prentice, New-Haven.

Schr. Helen Mar, Wayne, Port Jefferson.

WIND—At sunset, calm.

By Telegraph.

BOSTON, March 19—Arr. ship Maud, from Liverpool; barks Stampede, from Cienfuegos; Philana, from Apalachicola.

BALTIMORE, March 19—Arr. schr. J. F. Farland, from New-York. Old. schr. Willie Staples, for Mayaguez, P. R.

HOLMES' HOLE, March 18—Arr. brigs Paragon, from Matanzas for Boston; Isola, for New-Haven.

19th—Arr. brig Mecosta, from Cienfuegos for Boston.

PORTLAND, March 19—Arr. brigs Elsinore, Moore, and Geo. Harris, French, for Boston.

Miscellaneous.

A large vessel, bottom up, was passed Feb. 15, in lat. 47 05 N., lon. 126 08 W., by bark Emily Banning, at San Francisco Feb. 21.

Spoken, &c.

Carl—brig, for Hamburg, from St. Domingo, March 5, lat. 22 21, lon. 67 40.

Edward Everett—bark, for Baltimore, March 18, Cape May W. by N. 25 miles.

Harriet Lively—bark, of Pictou, from Matanzas for Queenstown, March 4, lat. 30 40, lon. 63 40.

William Nash—Br. brig, from Halifax for Richmond, March 15, lat. 38 30, lon. 72.

Zellah—bark, of Liverpool, from Rio Janeiro for Pernambuco, Feb. 3, lat. 20, S., lon. 34 27.

Foreign Ports.

At Zaza, Feb. 26, bark H. D. Stover, for New-York, ldg.; brig H. G. Berry, Colson, for do. in 12 days.

[PER PERUVIAN.]

Arr. from New-York, Flying Cloud, at Leghorn.

Arr. from New-Orleans, Squando, at Barcelona.

Mnsk—Ship "Schyenbeck," from London for Philadelphia, 28 at Lisbon, very leaky.

THE WOOD & MANN STEAM ENGINE COMPANY'S PORTABLE STEAM ENGINES.

FROM FOUR TO THIRTY-FIVE HORSE-POWER.

We have the oldest, largest and most complete works in the country, engaged in manufacturing portable engines. Our engines are, "by experts, now conceded to be the best apparatus of this description ever presented to the public." Adapted to every purpose where power is required. Medium sizes constantly on hand, or furnished on short notice.

Descriptive circulars, with price list, sent on application.

THE WOOD & MANN STEAM ENGINE CO.,
Utica, N. Y., and No. 96 Maiden-lane, New-York.

Ladies & Gentlemen
OUT OF THE CITY,
TAKE YOUR OWN MEASURE AND SEND TO
E. A. BROOKS, Ag't,
Importer and Manufacturer of
BOOTS, SHOES, &c.
575 Broadway, New York.

Directions for Measuring the Foot.

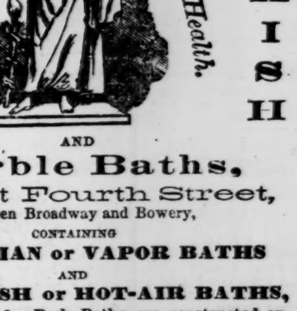
First. Place the foot upon a piece of paper and trace the outline of same with a pencil, which will give the length and spread of the foot, as shown in figure *A*.

Second. Make the following measurements, in inches and fractions, with tape measure, as shown in figure *B*, viz:

1st.—The Ball of the foot.
2d.—The Low Instep.
3d.—The High Instep.
4th.—The Heel.
5th.—The Ancle.
6th.—The Calf.

Dr. GUTMANN'S

RUSSIAN TURKISH



In Balneis Salus.
In Baths is Health.

AND
Marble Baths,
25 East Fourth Street,
Between Broadway and Bowery,
CONTAINING
The RUSSIAN or VAPOR BATHS
AND
The TURKISH or HOT-AIR BATHS,

are now completed. Both Baths are constructed entirely of *Italian marble, in an elegant and luxurious style.* Both baths are provided with warm and cold water showers, douches, swimming-basin, &c. The establishments afford ample accommodations for 300 persons per day. Particular attention given to the Kneading and Shampooing process.

CLOTH-LINED COLLARS.

LOCKWOOD'S
CLOTH-LINED
PAPER COLLARS.

The Cloth-Lined Collars made by the LOCKWOOD MFG. COMPANY, No. 255 South 3d-st., Philadelphia, have been in general use since 1858, and notwithstanding the fact that numerous imitations of them have been made, they still rank superior to any collar in the market.

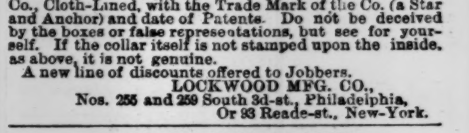
They are the only collars lined throughout with cloth, with a layer of paper on each side, and are shaped upon formers, or moulds, so as to fit the neck and allow a space for the cravat. The peculiar process used in their manufacture makes them resemble linen very closely; when finished the fibres of the cloth give the appearance of linen to the paper. They are very strong, and do not tear at the button-holes, and are the only collars made that can be turned and worn on both sides without the button holes giving way and the paper tearing.

Parties purchasing collars will be careful to see that each collar is stamped upon the inside—Lockwood Mfg. Co., Cloth-Lined, with the Trade Mark of the Co. (a Star and Anchor) and date of Patents. Do not be deceived by the boxes or false representations, but see for yourself. If the collar itself is not stamped upon the inside, as above, it is not genuine.

A new line of discounts offered to Jobbers.

LOCKWOOD MFG. CO.,
Nos. 255 and 259 South 3d-st., Philadelphia,
Or 93 Reade-st., New-York.

E. REMINGTON & SONS.



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REVOLVERS, RIFLES,
MUSKETS AND CARBINES,
for the United States service. Also,
POCKET AND BELT REVOLVERS,
REPEATING PISTOLS,
RIFLE-CANES, REVOLVING RIFLES,

Rifle and Shot-gun Barrels, and Gun Materials sold by gun-dealers and the trade generally.

In these days of house-breaking and robbery, every house, store, bank and office should have one of REMINGTON'S REVOLVERS.

Circulars containing cuts and description of our arms will be furnished upon application.

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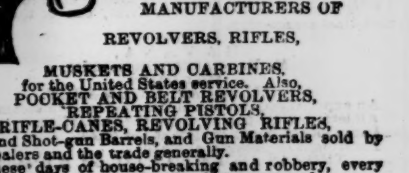

CONSTITUTION WATER.

STROUDSBURGH, Penn., Jan. 20, 1866.

Dr. Gregg:

DEAR SIR: I wish to inform you that I have been under the treatment of some of our best physicians for nearly two years, without receiving any benefit. I had lost all confidence, and I indulged in but little hope of a cure from any source. My disease was Dropsy, and my physicians told me that there was no cure for me. I was tapped some fifty times, and at the different operations about 1,200 pounds of water was removed.

I am happy to inform you that I have been completely restored to health by the use of Constitution Water.

I make this statement, hoping it may reach those persons who may be similarly afflicted.

Respectfully,
Mrs. MARGILL C. LEVANWAY.

Sold by all Druggists.

GO TO THOMAS R. AGNEW'S, NOS. 260 and 262 Greenwich-st., corner Murray, and there you will find teas, coffees, fish, flour and everything else cheaper than any store in New-York. One price house.

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60, 10, 42, 18, 32, 68, 17, 59, 47, 74, 63, 1, 6.

KENTUCKY—CLASS No. 232, March 19, 1866.
43, 10, 51, 76, 46, 49, 1, 22, 54, 66, 12, 59, 35, 3.

SHELBY—EXTRA CLASS No. 131, March 19, 1866.
16, 56, 17, 70, 54, 63, 32, 42, 45, 21, 38, 14, 68.

SHELBY—CLASS No. 132, March 19, 1866.
34, 73, 44, 2, 32, 42, 15, 23, 29, 18, 75, 60, 54, 78.

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